GET IT
The New Price List of Cycle, accessories, will be sent post free on request.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDITED BY B. G. HORNIMAN, 1913—19.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

FREE TO CYCLISTS.
The New copy of our Price List will be sent post free on application.
Wellington Cycle and Motor Company,
Tamarind Lane, Fort BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

VOL. IV NO. 154 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies incorporated in England.)
MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date	Steamer	Tons
1921		
3rd September	"MERKARA"	
10th "	"DONGOLA"	8,285
17th "	"PLASSY"	7,346
24th "	"NALDERA"	15,825
1st October,	"SOUDAN"	6,396
8th "	"MOREA"	10,890
15th "	"EGYPT"	7,041
22nd "	"CHINA"	7,932
29th "	"MALWA"	10,941

"HALDEBA" "MALWA" } Through steamers from Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN
A special train leaves Marseilles for London, via Boulogne, shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

O. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

Date.	Steamer.	Remarks.
18th Sept.	KASHGAR	To Colombo and Calcutta
22nd " 21st October	NARKUNDA' "MANTUA"	Colombo, Fremantle, Adelaide Melbourne and Sydney.

(Through steamer from London.)*

REDUCED FARES BETWEEN BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.
First Saloon single ticket £10
Second Saloon single ticket £7

A Special three-months holiday return ticket, first saloon only, will now be issued at £16. All these fares are payable only in Rupees at the current rate of exchange with a minimum of 1s. 4d.

SAILING TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	
4th Sept.	CHAKLA ...	Karachi direct.
7th "	KAMAGOLA ..	E & S Africa noon
8th "	BAMORA ..	Karachi P and Gulf
6th "	BANDRA ..	Busra Saloon Passenger only

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
P. O. Box 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.
Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
15, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 169.
Telephone No. 1358.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Malay Maru	T.Saito	26th Aug.	6th Sept.
Saigon Maru	T.Sato	7th Sept.	13th Sept.
Ganges Maru	E.Yamanoi	19th Sept.	1st Oct.
Peking Maru	E.Yamaguchi	7th Oct.	19th Oct.

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan).
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda.	8074	15th "	1st Sept
Hakata Maru	Y. Tomioka	5970	30th "	12th "
Morioka Maru	B. Takiguchi	4469	10thSep	25th "
Tamba Maru	D Aoshima	5845	25th "	8th Oct

For freight and passage apply to
T. TAGAMI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA LTD
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,50,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	70,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Re. 1 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
H. A. STEINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED,
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN).
(ESTABLISHED, 1880.)

Subscribed Capital	Yen. 100,000,000
Paid Up Capital	Yen. 100,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen. 53,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES.

Batavia.	Kobe.	Saigon.
Bombay.	London.	San Francisco
Buenos Aires.	Los Angeles.	Seattle
Calcutta.	Lyons.	Shanghai
Changchun.	Manila.	Shimonoseki.
Dairen.	Nagasaki.	Singapore.
Fengtien.	Newchwang.	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York.	Sydney.
Hankow.	Nagoya.	Tientsin.
Harbin.	Osaka.	Tokyo.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Tsinan.
Honolulu.	Rangoon.	Tsingtau.
Kai Yuan.	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. OTSUKA.
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 207.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 7,58,75,50
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ...	Rs. 2,88,75,38
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 5,81,17,40

BRANCHES:
London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar 20, Apollo Street.
Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Meandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed to Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

NOTICE to Savings Bank depositors from April 1st, 1921, interest on Saving Bank accounts has been INCREASED from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent. per annum.
E. D. E BUCKLEY.
General Manager.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES.

Amara	Bombay
Baghdad	Calcutta
Bahrein	Colombo
Basrah	Hillah
Basrah City	Mosul

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 999,500
Reserve Fund	£266,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
J. S. Haskell, Esq. Chairman
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G. Deputy Chairman
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.,
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esqr.,
BOMBAY BRANCH.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent., per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.
SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	29,13,891	15	2
Reserve Funds	15,80,351	15	10

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Montgomery
Bombay	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Calcutta	Jhelum City	Quetta
Delhi	Karachi	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Kasur	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Gojra	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hapur	Multan City	Umballa Cantt
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to.—
DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ...	£ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$21,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE
9 Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Fooshow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yiolio
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
E. E. HYND,
Agent.

BANKING.

SWARAJ

By 30th September

We ought not to Stop, with a consideration of the Joys and benefits of Political freedom, great as those are.

We still have with us a tyranny of extravagance and debts that holds countless thousands in subjection. If you are in this bondage make a

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDANCE

By starting a Savings Bank account. This may mean a Resolution in your manner of living, and the Peaceful and happy consumation of your struggles a few years hence when you have reached the goal of financial independence it will well reward you for your present toil and self Sacrifice.

Start account to-day with One Rupee and put in at least One Rupee a month and see it grow

THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA Ltd.
7 A, Fort Street-opposite G. P. O.
BOMBAY
Branches—KARACHI—SURAT—RAWALPINDI
INDIAN CAPITAL—INDIAN MANAGEMENT

SWARAJ

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-8-2	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
52-55, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES:
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS: Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.
Banking business of every description transacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD
(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)
HEAD OFFICE:—Fort, Bombay.
BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.
LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ...	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 2,63,908

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.
STERLINGS DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.
GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.
STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.
All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
C. I. PAREKH & Co.,
Agents.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja Gaekwar.
Registered under the Baroda Companies' Act III. of 1897.
HEAD OFFICE: Baroda.
BRANCHES: Ahmedabad, Navsari, Mchsana, Dabhoi Surat, Petlad, Patan, Amrel and Bombay.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed	60,00,000
Capital Paid-up	23,86,280
Reserve Fund	16,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on term which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on term to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of shares and securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVING BANK DEPOSITS.
Deposits received and interest allowed at per cent. per annum, Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

HEAD OFFICE.
6/7, Clive St., Calcutta
MARTIN & CO.
Managing Agents.
Incorporated in India 1907.
INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to
BHUGWANDAS NIRMALDAS,
Branch Secretary,
Bunder Road, Karachi.
M. S. HOOSAIN, Chief Agent.
Residency Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan).
Branch Secretary.
LIPTON'S BUILDING,
83, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH,
Resident Manager, Calcutta.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE,
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium on India Liberal Policy terms,
It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India,
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
P BANERJEA,
Secretary.
RAM & CO.
Managing Agents
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C.I.
325, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO LTD.
135, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Soorji & Co).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P., (Moolji Jetha Co.), (Ex-Officio.)
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely safe without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

According to the Gov. of India Insurance Blue Book.
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal.
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.
Established 1891
Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.
LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.
For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary or The Chief Agents
809, Bow Bazar, D. SEN & CO.,
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowringhee
Calcutta.
Agency Applications Invited.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.
CALCUTTA.
Second Quinquennium Valuation Report recommends a Bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.
Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000
The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.
Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.
S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
42, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO LTD
24 CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT,
2ND FLOOR.

WANTED

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL PERSONS to act as canvassing agents for the above Company.
The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Rs. and Rs. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively.
Terms on application.

HOTELS

EASTERN HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.
131, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.
Under European Management. Board and Lodging Rs. 5 and upwards per day. Home comforts and excellent cuisine. Large and Airy rooms. Hot meals can be supplied at any time between 9-30 a.m. to 9-30 p.m. Outside meals supplied. Special rates for monthly residents. Office and business people are invited to take advantage your prompt service at table.
Catering speciality.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
at which to put up is the
RAILWAY HOTEL
Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Bombay" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a healthy locality.
DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.
Competent Chiefs, High Class Cuisine and Billiard tables.
Charney Road, Bombay,
Telephone No. 111.

GREAT FACTORY OF PETROL DRUMS.
In our factory, Galvanised petrol-drums of double seam, Anchor Brand Buckets, etc. etc. are manufactured by machinery worked by Electricity.
RATES MODERATE.
Trial order is earnestly solicited.
MUSAJI VALIBHOY PATRAWALA
Oppe Police Chowkie, Null Bazar
BOMBAY No. 2.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND, LD.
ESTABLISHED 1870.
No. 315, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.
Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,100.
Investments in Government and Approved securities only.
Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to Canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.
YEARLY	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
HALF-YEARLY	,, 16	,, 18
QUARTERLY	,, 8	,, 9
MONTHLY	,, 3	,, 3-8

Single Copy Two Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

YEARLY	Rs. 5	Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

TENDERS.

PRESS NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the Temporary (War) Buildings which are erected outside the Cantonment Boundary between Kirkee Station and Government House.

Tender Forms may be obtained from the Garrison Engineer, Kirkee on payment of Re. 1 for each form.

All Tenders must be received by the D.A.D.M.W., Poona not later than 1st September 1921.

The D.A.D.M.W., Poona reserves the right to reject any tender, or accept the whole or part of any tender.

Tenders submitted must be accompanied by Rs. 100 as earnest money, returnable to unsuccessful Tenderers.

The following information is a brief specification of the buildings offered for sale:—

Original value.

Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on planks Rs. 50,627.
Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on C. I. Sheets Rs. 19,839.
Buildings with roofs of Mangalore tiles on battens Rs. 1,46,821.
Buildings with thatch, brick etc., Rs. 5,105.

TA C10478

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ASOKA SWADESHI STORES LIMITED.

FIRST CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of this Company held on the 7th day of July, 1921, a call of Rs. 25 per share was made and it was determined that such call should be payable at the Company's Office on or before the 31st day of August, 1921. From this date interest at 9 per cent. will be charged on calls unpaid until payment.

By order of the Board,
TRIKUMDAS DWARKADAS,
Managing Director.

Chartered Bank Buildings, Fort, Bombay.
5th August, 1921.

C10374

SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED
HIGH CLASS.
SWADESHI COTTON BLANKETS
AT
PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION.

	48 x 78 in. Rs. as. p.	48 x 96 in. Rs. as. p.
White	1 6 0	1 12
Red and Assorted	1 14 0	2 6 0
Grey, Fawn Strawberry. Grey, Blue, etc.	1 8 0	1 15

SUPERIOR GREY BLANKETS.
60" x 90" equal Rs. 3-0-0 each.
CHEQUERED BLANKETS
47" x 77" equal Rs. 3-0-0 each.
47" x 95" equal Rs. 3-12-0 each.
And a variety of other designs.
And Shades to suit all purses.

HARJIVAN VALJI.
HIGH CLASS BLANKET MERCHANT,
17, Champa Gali, Post No. 2.
BOMBAY. W.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT CO. LTD.

NOTICE.

THE FORTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office No. 3, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of August, 1921, at 4 p.m. (S. T.):—

1—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 30th April, 1921.
2—To declare a Dividend.
3—To confirm the appointment made by the Board of Mr. Ranchordas V. Mehta as Director of the Company.
4—To elect two Directors in the place of those who go out by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5—To appoint Auditors for the year ending 30th April, 1922, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company be CLOSED from 18th to 31st August, 1921, both days inclusive, and during that period the Books of the Company will be available for inspection by Shareholders during Office hours.

By order,
DADABHOY HARRICHAND,
Manager.

Bombay, 8th August, 1921.

C10424

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

REVISION OF PASSENGER FARES.

WITH EFFECT from 1st October, 1921, the following revised scales of passenger fares will be introduced over the East Indian Railway (including the Delhi-Ambala-Kalka Railway) in supersession of the existing scales of fares:—

1ST CLASS.*
1 to 300 miles ..... 2½ pies per mile.
plus for 301 miles and over ... 18 pies per mile
2ND CLASS.*
1 to 300 miles ..... 12 pies per mile
plus for 301 miles and over ... 9 pies per mile
INTERMEDIATE CLASS.*
(By Mail trains only.)
1 to 300 miles ..... 6 pies per mile.
plus for 301 miles and over ... 4½ pies per mile
3RD CLASS*
(By Mail trains only.)
1 to 300 miles ..... 4 pies per mile.
plus for 301 miles and over ... 3½ pies per mile

Intermediate and Third class passengers travelling by trains other than Mail trains will be charged at the existing scale of fares namely:—

(By other than Mail trains,)*
Intermediate class ..... 4½ pies per mile.
Third class ..... 3 pies per mile.

The present rules restricting the booking of Intermediate and Third class passengers by Mail trains will continue in force.

*On the Ambala-Kalka Section of the Delhi-Ambala-Kalka Railway double the above fares will be charged.

By order,
B. F. HIGMAN,
Acting General Traffic Manager.

No. 81,
Calcutta, 11th August, 1921. C10514

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

SALE OF THE VALUABLE SITE KNOWN AS THE OLD PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT STORES, BAKE HOUSE LANE, FORT.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of the right to a building lease of the above site for 999 years at an annual rent of Rs. 58-7-0 which is equivalent to a yearly rent of one anna per square yard.

2. The tenders must be received at the Office of the Director of Development on or before 21st September, 1921, and should be accompanied by a cheque crossed and drawn in favour of the Audit Office, Development Department, for an amount equal to 25 per cent. of the purchase price (935 square yards X rate per square yard offered). The cheques of those applicants whose tenders are not accepted will be returned to them on or before the 26th September, 1921.

3. The purchase of the property must be completed within one month of the date of intimation, by the Secretary to Government, Development Department, of the acceptance of the offer to the applicant whose tender is accepted by the Director of Development.

4. The property is offered for sale subject to all rights of light and air, if any, affecting the same.

5. Intending purchasers may obtain particulars and conditions of sale and form of lease (the same as those adopted for the recent auction) and tender from the office of the Undersigned.

6. The Director of Development does not bind himself to accept or reject any of the tender nor to give reasons for the non-acceptance of any tender.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

7. All that piece and parcel of land known as Old Public Works Department Stores, admeasuring 935 square yards or thereabouts bounded on the North by Bake House Cross Lane, on the South by the property of the Great Western Hotel Co., on the East by the property of Jaffar Allarakhia and on the West by Bake House Lane, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under New Survey No. 2583 cadastral, Survey No. 133 and having a frontage of about 83 feet to Bake House Lane and a return frontage of about 98 feet to Bake House Cross Lane. It is situated in the centre of a closely populated Business Area and is eminently suitable for the erection of a block of Office Premises for which there is a large and unsatisfied demand.

(Sd.) K. R. DOCTOR, I.C.S.,
for Land Manager,
Development Directorate.

Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay,
24th August, 1921.

TA C10648

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BUILDING STONE.

A big stock of all sorts of good black BUILDING STONE ready for immediate delivery at CHEAPER RATE.
MANAGER, KALAYAN STONE QUARRY,
Kalayan Panwell Road, Ry. Bridge.
R465

NOTICE.

THE Harra (Myrabolam) contract of this State, for one year will be sold by Public Auction on the 14th of October, 1921. Intending bidders should arrange to attend the Court of the undersigned on that date. Further particulars can be ascertained from the undersigned.

R. N. BHOPATKAR,
Diwan, Kanker State,
KANKER, C. P.
C10184

THE GAHAGAN PAINT AND VARNIS COMPANY, LIMITED.

Registered Office,
Canada Building, Home Street,
(P. O. Box No. 413). BOMBAY.

OUR SPECIALITIES.

GENUINE RAW LINSEED OIL, Genuine Pale Boiled Linseed Oil, Guaranteed fred from Lead. Quick Drying Varnish Paints. Black Bitumastic Paints, Dry in 10 minutes. Aluminium Paint mixed ready for use, Cloth Stamping Inks in White, Black, Blue, Red and Green specially recommended for Textile requirements.

Packing to suit customers' requirements.
Prices and samples on application to
Managing Agents,
ALLEN BROS. & CO. (INDIA), LTD.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1437 of 1919.

The NATIONAL FINANCING AND COMMISSION CORPORATION, LTD., Joint Stock Company, carrying on business at the Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs

versus

TULJARAM GOKALDAS DALAL, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Fanas Wadi, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 19th day of November, 1920, the following immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at his Office in the Court House on Thursday, the 8th day of September, 1921, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.
SCHEDULE.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land with a dwelling house therein, situate at the Western side of the Sarkar Mohalla, in the Kasba of Bulsar, in Bulsar Kusba, Sub-District Bulsar, Surat District. Both the side walls of the house form part of the said house. The width of the front part of the said house from North to South is approximately eleven feet and the width thereof in the Vada from North to South about is nine feet. The length of the said house from the front to the back eaves from East to West is fifty-six feet. The length of the Vada of the said house on its Northern side is 43 feet and from the Southern side is 40 feet. There is a privy built in the "Vada" of the said house and the width of the Vada up to that is nine feet and after that the width between the Government Chawky and the Vada on back part of the house adjoining on the South is 6 feet and 9 inches. There is a passage 3 feet wide behind the privy and the Government Chawky, which runs behind the house adjoining the North and meets the Government High Road and a right of way exists upon the said passage for Bhangis, cows and other cattle and persons, etc., and the said property is sold together with the said right of way. The said property is bounded on or towards the North by the house of Brijbhukandas Rajaram, on or towards the South by the house of Bhagwandas Brijmohandas, on or towards the East in the front there is a public highway, on or towards the West there is a Vada belonging to the said house after which there is the Government Chawky which is connected with the Public High Road and beyond it the said Public Road there is the temple of Shri Vithalnathji. The same bears Municipal No. 3/129.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land with the dwelling house thereon, situate at the Northern side of "Panchtadi", in the Kasba of Bulsar, in the Bulsar Taluk, Sub-Division Bulsar, in the Surat District, the width thereof from East and West on the Southern side thereof in the front door is 4½ "Gaj" and 2 "Tasus" and the width at the back door is 4½ "Gaj" and 2 "Tasus", the length from North to South of the portion built is 16 "Gaj" and the length of the Vada from the eaves of the back is 8 "Gaj." The width in the middle is 3¾ "Gaj" and 1 "Tasu" and at the further end the width is 3¾ "Gaj." On the North at the extremity of the Vada is the land of Raghunathji Nichabhai, etc., purchased from Gokaldas Mokandas, on the South in the front is the public high way, on the East is the house in which Narotam Zina is setting up a shop, on the West is the shop of Gokaldas Bhagwandas. Half the price of the land and Vada so bounded together with the dwelling situate thereon. The vacant ground in Lotiavad admeasuring about 4½ "Gaj" wide from North to South and 20 "Gaj" in length on an average from East to West. To the North of it is the house of Bhanabhai Sarabhai, etc., in which resides Tamboli Jiwan. To the South is the house of Kanchod Zina on the land of Bhanabhai Sarabhai, on the East is a public High Road. To the East is the open space of land belonging to Gokaldas Makhandas bought from Goculdas Mokandas.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land known as Samla Radias Nanda, situate at the village of Nikwadi, in Bulsar Taluka, Sub-Division Bulsar, in the Surat District, bearing No. 121 and admeasuring 3 acres and 28 gunthas and Akar No. 25. and bounded on the West and South and East by a public street and on the East also by the land belonging to Lalloo Prag, and on the North by a public street with all trees thereon excepting one mango tree, assigned in charity with all the other rights belonging or appertaining thereto together with the right to draw water for the said land from a well situate in the plot of ground bearing No. 123.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Motichand and Devidas, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 13, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1921.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C10399

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 2758 OF 1919.

LALSHANKER KHUSHALDAS JOSHI, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, residing at Cowasji Patel Tank Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

ABAJI BALWANT ROKDE, of Sholapur Hindu inhabitant, residing at Mangal Peth, Sholapur ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing date the 9th day of August 1920, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, the 19th day of September, 1921, at the hour of half past four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece and parcel of land or ground with messuages tenements or dwelling house built and standing thereon situate, lying and being in Faltangali, Mangalwar Peth Sholapur, Sub-division Sholapur, district Sholapur, registered in the Sub-Registrar's Register in the name of Abirao Balwant Rokde the number of house being 2843 length North to South 37½ cubits (haths) breadth East to West 13 cubits and having side walls of its own. It is facing North and is bounded as follows. On the east there is a common lane, on the South the house of Sakharam Nemchand, on the West the house of Aparao Rokade (now belonging to Vithairao Nagarkar) and on the North by Public Street. As the laud is gaothan there is no survey number.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Madhavji and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed Eldon Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1921.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C10190

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay)

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 31st August, 1921, sell by Public Auction, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Sale Rooms, the following:—

On account and at the risk of the concerned:—

1 case 21 pieces serge, cream, navy, Roxana and all wool satin.
1 case 12 pieces cream and navy serge.

By order of the concerned:—

225 cases each 2 doz. of 2 lbs. tins American Peaches fruits in Syrup.
10 German make Singer's system hand sewing machines, medium size.
10 German make Wheeler and Wilson system No. 1 foot sewing machines.

On account and at the risk of the concerned:—

200 pieces each 8 yards fancy trimmings in various colours.
173 pieces each 9 yards fancy trimmings in various colours.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 31st August, 1921.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
80, Apollo Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 3469.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 PACKAGES WHITE NAINSOOKS.

This Day WEDNESDAY the 31st day of Aug. 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms in Apollo Street next to the Post Office, by order of Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia and Co. Attorneys for Messrs. Salleh Mahomed Oomer Dossal and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Ramdas Govindji, the following 25 packages of white nainsooks.

Bales Nos. 3666/75—10 bales each containing 150 pieces Nos. 696 to 698.
Bales Nos. 3626/35—10 bales, each containing 150 pieces Nos. D 109 D 119 and D 129.
Cases Nos. 1314/18—5 cases each containing 150 pieces Nos. 6582, 8872 and 7716.

A deposit of 25 per cent delivery must be taken within 8 days on payment.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 31st August, 1921

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
Telephone No. 4927.

SALE TO-DAY AT 4 P.M. (B. T.).

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT THAKURDWAR ROAD, KHUTERWADY OR DHOBICHIWADI, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Multani Tahilram Girdharidas, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Ardeshir Kharsedji Pauvalla in pursuance to the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee under an Indenture of Mortgage dated 17th October, 1921, made between the mortgagor of the one part and the mortgagee of the other part, sell the undermentioned property THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 31st August, 1921, at 4 p.m. (B. T.), on premises.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Thakurdwar Road, Khuterwady or Dhobichiwadi without the Fort of Bombay, in the Town and Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 213 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 44 New No. A/250, Survey No. 427 and New Survey No. 353, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 4928-4929 and Street Nos. 17-18 and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Bai Aishabai, wife of Abdul Karim, on or towards the West and North by a passage of Cowasji Jalbhai Seth and on or towards the South by the compound wall of Dhuswadi.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Jamshedji Rustomji & Devidas, Attorneys for the mortgagee at their office at No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 31st August, 1921.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
Mr. MAURICE E. BANDMAN
presents the
Bandman Comedy Company
To-night at 9-30 p. m.
The screamingly funny comedy
"NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH"
Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p. m,
After 7 p. m. at the Theatre.

AT THE
EMPIRE
TO-NIGHT!
AT 10 P. M.
AT 10 P. M.
AT 10 P. M.
The greatest Boxing Event of the age.
DEMPSEY
DEMPSEY
Versus.
CARPENTIER
CARPENTIER
For the Heavy-weight Championship of the World
DEMPSEY KNOCKS OUT CARPENTIER
Four Rounds of fierce fighting
The champion's smashing body blows
Carpentier finished spreadeagle
The Frenchman's Pluck no Match for Dempsey. Carpentier to Dempsey.
"You are the best man in the World."
THE FIGHT OF THE CENTURY
Sole Right controlled for India:
By Messrs. PATHE CINEMA.
Sole Distributors in India:
MADAN THEATRES LTD.
Plans open at Messrs. S. ROSE & Co.
PRICES: Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1.
BOOK EARLY.
AND AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

EMPIRE CINEMATINEE
TO-DAY AT 6-30 AND 8-15 P. M.
H. B. WARNER.
DICE OF DESTINY.
Saturday 3rd September
MARY PICKFORD
IN
REBECCA OF THE SUNNYBROOK FARM
An Artcraft production.

THE EMPRESS
A Week's Repertoire of
INDIAN PRODUCTION.
by
MADAN THEATRES, LTD.
WEDNESDAY 31st at 4; 6; 8 and 10 p.m
DHRUVA CHARITR
The Polar Star
THURSDAY 1st Sept. at 4; 6; 8 & 10 p. m
NALA DAMYANTI
The love story of the Ages from Mahabharat
FRIDAY 2nd at 5-5; 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m.
MACISTE
The Strongest man in the World.

TO-NIGHT.
Messrs. K. D. and BROTHERS are happy to announce to their West-End Patrons the advent of a wonderfully sublime Screen-Poem, the charming Photo-drama a Love—dream!
"A daughter of Eve"
(5 Reels—5,000 ft.)
A typical British Love-Story with a big surprise at the end, featuring
VIOLET HOPSON & STEWART ROME.
A Comedy in the Programme.
Four Shows To-day at 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p.m. (S. T.)
West-End Cinema,
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

AMUSEMENTS.

FIRST WEEK
Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present
TO-NIGHT
their mighty Mystery—Adventure Serial
"The Carter Case"
Opening 7 Chapters—7,000 feet—This First Week.
Here's a Photo-novel full of thrilling hair-raising stunts from beginning to end the Chapter-play that makes you gape with wonder and mystery, and makes your spine tingle at the unusual turn of events every 3 minutes.
starring
MARGARET MARSH
and
HERBERT RAWLINSON
a fascinating CRAIG KENNEDY SERIAL with a Charming Love Story entwined round it and punctuated with suspense, Romance and dare-devilry, in almost every foot of the reels
A Comedy in the Programme
Four Shows To-day at: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)
GLOBE CINEMA
(SANDHURST ROAD)

IMPERIAL
TO-NIGHT
(A PATHE PHOTOPLAY)
The struggle of a man who fought himself and world for half a chance to justify his honest love for a good woman, Its the Season's Stupendous Sensation. So powerful it will leave an Indelible Impression on your Heart but don't miss the great action in.
"HALF A HANGE
Adopted from the famous novel by FREDERIC ISHAM.
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest News
Coming Shortly.
DETECTIVE NICK WINTER
TIME
Daily 7, 8 45 & 10-30 p. m.
Saturday & Bank Holiday at 5 p. m.
Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15 p. m.
PRICES AS USUAL
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

OPTIMISM
as a philosophy is of value to the People who cultivate it. Those who have a way of looking on the bright side of things—of seeking for the best in life are indeed happy in themselves and a delight to their fellows. Their influence is stimulating and invigorating; their presence tends to the promotion of geniality and goodwill. It is however, well to remember that a sane optimistic outlook may be clouded by indifferent health. The state of the digestive organization, for example, frequently exercises a depressing influence upon the mind, and the outlook is affected accordingly. Dyspeptic conditions bring dark days—days of gloom and frequently of despondency. On the other hand a healthy appetite facilitates the discovery of an open horizon and a brighter view. The importance of maintaining the tone of the digestive system is generally recognised, and it should be universally known that one of the best medicinal aids towards this end is Beecham's Pills. Depression and despondency in so far as they are caused by disordered digestion, may be speedily dispelled by using
BEECHAM'S PILLS.
Sold everywhere
in boxes, price As. 8, 12, & Rs. 2.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—COMPOUNDERS, with experience Apply to KEMP & CO., LTD., Charni Road.
A R1206

WANTED—A Gujarati-knowing DESPATCH CLERK for an Attorneys' Office. Apply Box No. 7139. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1213

WANTED—A young competent experienced English-knowing CANVASSER to secure orders of Steam coal and Mill store. Apply stating lowest pay with copies of testimonials to the MACHINERY & COAL SYNDICATE, PANIPAT (Panjab). We supply hand-made hand-spun woollen blankets. Price Rs. 5 to Rs. 25 each. Apply to above advertiser.
A C10652

WANTED—For KIRKEE ARSENAL, a fast and accurate TYPIST. Pay according to qualifications. Those who have previous experience in Government Offices and have passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent examinations will be given preference. Apply with copies of certificates of qualifications and character to the CHIEF ORDNANCE OFFICER, Kirkee.
A C10682

WANTED—A fully qualified and experienced DRAFTSMAN on the permanent Establishment on Rs. 50 plus 40 per cent. temporary and provisional allowance, rising up to Rs. 100 by annual increment of Rs. 2. The present pay is likely to be revised shortly. Apply with copies of certificates to the undersigned, before 10th September, 1921. (Sd.) S. S. AIYANGAR, Executive Engineer, Kanara District, Post KARWAR.
A C10671

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SOLE AGENCY WORKS of some good firm by an energetic, young Indian, well-up in business, proceeding to America. Apply sharp Box No. 7045, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO LET.—A BUNGALOW at Poona Naylor Road No. 1, Mangaldas Road, situation good. Apply to BIRLA BROTHERS, No. 11-13 Curchgate Street, Bombay.
R10662

TO LET—Commodious one storeyed BUNGALOW at Santa Cruz, opposite station. Apply sharp, PRINCIPAL, Universal High School, Churni Road Junction.
C R1211

TO LET at Poona for Vegetarians only, a COTTAGE, fully furnished for the season. Apply to Box No. 7132, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R1207

GARAGE TO LET—Accommodation for Motor Cars and Lorries Apply ITALIAN MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Arthur Road, Jacob's Circle.
C R938

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET—A spacious BUNGALOW, upper floor only at Reynolds Road, Byculla Club Back Road. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & CO., Kharak Bazar, Mandvi, or Chagla Villa, Dadar.
C R11215

TO LET—Andheri, Varsova Road, six minutes from Station, Patil's Bungalow, two rooms, kitchen, Rs. 80; three rooms, kitchen, Rs. 100. Tiled bath, flooring, well and tap water. Apply N. M. VATCHA, above address.
C R1204

BALLARD ESTATE—Ground floor, suitable for show rooms and offices on upper floors in one of the best situated buildings with an all sea frontage on Ballard Road opposite Ballard Bunder near Mol Station entrance in AMARCHAND BUILDING are to let immediately in parts or whole floors at revised rents. For particulars apply to the owner on the premises in writing or personally daily between 12-30 p.m. and 1-30 p.m. and 5 p.m. and 6 p.m.
C R 1032

HOUSES & FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—An OFFICE ROOM possibly with small show room (which, however, is not condition), in clean vicinity within the Fort, to be occupied in September. Apply, stating all particulars, MANAGER, RAVI VARMA PRESS, Malavli, via Lonavla, G. I. P. Railway.
D C10411

HOTLES IN HILL.

EMPIRE HINDU HOTEL, POONA.—The Empire Hindu Hotel, Fort, is opening Poona Branch, opposite Poona Railway Station, on 1st September. For particulars please telephone to 2789 at Bombay or 161 at Poona.
DA R10685

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

VALUABLE WHITE STONE QUARRY AT MALAD.—Ten years' quarrying lease for sale. 2,500 square yards quarry land producing good quality white building stone. Price of stone Rs. 3 to Rs. 5 per cubic foot in Bombay. Very great demand. Lease for sale together with ten years' option on 5,000 square yards adjacent land, Rs. 5,000 will secure now and no further payments required for ten years. Complete outfit of quarrying tools, winches, cranes, wire rope and steam driven rock drilling machine can also be had cheap. Apply Box No. 7137. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R1209D

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

AUCTION SALE—1—4 tonner German Lorry A Brand New, 2 second-hand Leyland Steam Lorries, 1 Allday Lorry, Ford, Regal, Singer, Studebaker, Overland Cars and Motor Cycles will be sold on SATURDAY, 3rd September, at 3-30 p.m., at THE INDIAN AUTO MOBILE CO., LTD., 310, Lamington Road, off Jacob Circle.
JA C10684

MACHINERY, TOOLS, &c.

FOR SALE—One STEAM JACKETED PAN complete. Size 6ft. by 12 ft. Brand new and tested to 60 lbs. pressure. Apply for terms Box No. 7124, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K C10655

WANTED—One LITHO PRINTING MACHINE with its full accessories. Please correspond with full particulars with the CENTRAL KHILAFAT COMMITTEE of Indha, Lohgri, Bombay.
K C10665

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE FOR SALE, brand new, best English make, Garrett, about 15 B.H.P. horse-power, great bargain, can be seen in Bombay. Rs. 4500 or near offer. Apply Box No. 7133, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K 1209

CART WHEELS—Twelve pairs, best English make wheels with hollow steel axles and gun-metal bearings. Very likely and strong. Suitable bullock carts or water carts. Cannot break. Rs. 600 the lot. Bargain. In Bombay. Apply Box No. 7135, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209B

HOISTING GEAR—One ton, two tons, and three tons powerful spur gear chain blocks for sale. Very long chains. Fool-proof and self locking in any position. Easily worked by one or two coolies. Suitable for engineering works or motor works Can be seen working in Bombay. Apply Box No. 7136, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209C

TWO HOLLOW STEEL DERRICK CRANES FOR SALE, cheap. Light and powerful, Five tons capacity. Suitable for building works wharves, loading and unloading heavy articles. Can be supplied complete with winches, wire rope, pulley blocks, guy ropes, strainers etc. Can be inspected in Bombay. For particulars apply to Box No. 7134, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
K R1209A

WANTED—Second-hand but in perfect condition—1 10 N.H.P. PORTABLE ENGINE, either single or double cylinder, preferably with fire box suitable for burning wood refuse; 1 30 or 36 inches BANDSAW with tilting table; 1 Single Spindle Moulding Machine with fence and countershaft, complete with reversing motion; 1 18 inches PANEL PLAINER and THICKNESSER; 1 OVERHAND PLAINER and EDGAR 15 inches; 1 TENORING MACHINE for stock up to 6 by 2 inches; 2 HAND MORTISING MACHINES with boring attachment; 1 42 inches CIRCULAR SAW BENCH with rising and falling table; 1 SAW GRINDING and SHARPENING MACHINE; 1 PLAIN IRON GRINDING MACHINE for Cutters up to 24 inches. Apply stating full particulars, time used, makers and lowest price to Messrs. MD. YAKOOB KHAN & SONS, Cabinet Makers, BAREILLY.
K C10622

EDUCATIONAL.

C. C. EDUCATION OFFICE, Poona City, coaches up students in Book-keeping for L. C. C. Ex., in Rs. 5. Enlist to-day.
M C1129

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy. Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Thursday last, somewhere in Fort, two 3½ per cent Government Promissory Notes of Rs. 1,000 and 500 numbered 216097 and 153153 in the name of N. T. Mehta. Finder will be suitably rewarded NANTAMLAL THAKARSHI & Co., Bhajt Pala Lane.
P B R1208

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—A CAPITALIST to finance a lucrative business. Write to Box No. 7140, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1216

WANTED—A large CAPITALIST for a very wide business monopoly in quick and permanently saleable commodities (kerosine oil, cotton, etc.). Apply at once to Box No. 7131, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1202

WANTED—LOAN of two lakhs for working an extensive forest on security of land and property worth about 4½ lakhs. Apply for particulars to ATTAVAR RAMRAO, Welcome Hotel, Girgaum.
R R1133

WANTED.—A CAPITALIST to invest running Rs. 10,000 to the limit of Rs. 15,000 in a well established business firm at handsome rate of interest. Security, Influence, Status and Integrity of present proprietors. Please write to Box No. 7130, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R 1201

VALUABLE ESTATE FOR DEVELOPMENT.—Wanted CAPITALIST PARTNER to invest about 2 lakhs in Forest Industry. Timber and other forest produce worth 15 lakhs available for working. Also about 500 acres land under cultivation. Total extent of property about 7000 acres. Apply for particulars ATTAVAR RAMRAO, Welcome Hotel, Girgaum, BOMBAY.
R R1132

WANTED.—A PARTNER with capital to finance two of the largest most profitable agencies ever brought to the East. Advertiser is a man of influence and standing in India and has extensive business connections in Europe and America. A very large and quick return may be expected. Reply stating capital available and giving full details. Only men of undoubted standing negotiated with. Apply Box No. 7129, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R1197

FLOWERS, SEEDS, Etc.

LOOK FRESHEST GUARANTEED—12 packets Flower seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets English vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 packets Indian vegetable seeds Rs. 2; 12 plants young Roses varieties Rs. 6; 12 plants young Crotons Rs. 6; 12 grefted mango plant Rs. 12. Price list free on application M. DEVAPPA & SON, Flowerists & Seedsmen, BANGALORE CITY.
C C10677

WANTED.—BUYERS for Charkhas—We carry a great stock of Charkhas and Handlooms at moderate prices. Write your inquiries JETHALAL SANGHJI & CO., 5—, Islampura Lane Golpitha, Bombay.
T R1177

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE TIME—250 only purely SWADESHI WOOLLEN RUGS, light weight. Size 84in. by 54in. Price Rs. 5-12 each. THE UNIVERSAL TEXTILE STORES, Avenue Road Bangalore City.
T C10647

PURE KHADI (KHADAR) can be obtained from D. C. MODGAL & Co., 27, Shri Krishna Cloth Market, Amritsar Telegram "Light" AMRITSAR
T C 10493

BE A PATRIOTIC—Buy our well-known purely SWADESHI WOOLLEN RUGS, made in India by Indian labour with Indian wool in choicest designs with fringed ends. Size 84in. by 54in. Price Rs. 5-12 each. THE UNIVERSAL TEXTILE STORES, Avenue Road, Bangalore City.
T C10646

175 RUPEES. Improved Model 7 lbs. FOX PORTABLE TYPEWRITER, complete with carrying case. All up to date devices. Self-folding, Visible, Compact. Durable List price Rs. 220. Secure one early, we have very few left now. Also Standard (Office model) Fox Typewriters, possessing all time and labour saving devices. Lowest prices. We also stock Second-hand and Rebuilt Typewriters of All Makes. Rs. 100 and upwards. Repairs. Supplies. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING Co, Churchgate Street Fort, Bombay. 'Phone 4269
W

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

	Rs.
Remington 7, Rs. 110, 125, Empire 2 ...	140
Oliver 3, Rs. 115, 125, Oliver 5 ...	140
Royal No. 6, Brief Size ...	175
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	190
Yost 20, latest, Brief little used ...	250
L. C. Smith 2, Rs. 175 5, 250, Rebuilt	275
Oliver 9, Rs. 190, Brief 225, Policy ...	275
Remington 10, Visible, 210, 275, Brief	230
Remington 11, Brief, Rs. 240, Policy	290
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, 300, Br.. ...	325
Remington 10, new, used few days ...	375
Underwood 5, new, used few days ...	325
Corona Folding No. 3 with Case, New	230

Ribbons, Carbons, Accessories, Repairs
NICOLLS & CO., Typewriter Experts
Opp Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOR SALE

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khank Bubble Corner Stones. Metal Header etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp on Agreve Fifre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50 Medows Street, Fort.

NOTICE

WE, NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents of Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., of Bombay, hereby give notice that we have applied to the Board of Trade under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the following Steam Ship:—

	Gross Tons.	Register Tons.
"Frankby"	4215	2630
"Frankton"	3756	2297
"Frankdale"	4858	3113

for permission to change their names to:—
"Jalapalaka"
"Jalavijaya" and
"Jalaputra"

respectively and to have them registered in their new names at the Port of Bombay as owned by the Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., all of Liverpool, now transferred to Bombay. The Board of Trade have sanctioned the change of names.

Any objection to the proposed change of names must be sent to the Registrar of Shipping at Bombay within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Bombay, 25th August, 1921.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents,
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
C10680

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2250 of 1921.

Messrs. HURNARAYAN UMEDRAM, a firm, carrying on business at Share and Stock Brokers at the Eew Stock Exchange ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

MOTICHAND, ODHAVJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, at present residing at Bhownugger...Defendant.

To

The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that a suit has been filed by the Plaintiff against you praying for a decree for Rs. 3,326-4, as per particulars annexed to the Plaint, interest thereon, costs of the suit, and for further and other relief and this Hon'ble Court has appointed the 20th day of September, 1921, for the hearing and final disposal thereof, when you are summoned to be present at 11-15 in the forenoon in person or by Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and take notice that in default of your appearance the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay afore said.

Seal of the High Court.

P. B. MALABARI.

G. B. PANDYA, Esqr.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
C10683

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

129, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 48 000 SERVICEABLE GUNNY BAGS

Under instructions from Messrs Ralli Brothers agents to the Controller of Contracts Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on THURSDAY, the 8th september, 1921, sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.). at S. and T. Corps Manufacturing Section F Shed grain Depot Sewree Reclamation the following.—

About 48,000 empty gunny bags of assorted sizes to be sold in separate lots

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd day of September 1921 at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods, one iron safe on stand etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

1 secondhand rubber tyred canoe victoria in good order.
1 secondhand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram.
1 secondhand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.
1 grey arab horse quiet in harness
1 rubber tyred landaulette.
1 bay waler horse.
1 motor cycle of Douglas make.
3 motor trollies each 40 H P 4-cylinder and 5 tons capacity worked by kerosine oil or petrol in good running order.

By order of N. H. Moos Esqr., Receiver in suit No. 94 of 1921.

1 Victoria with horse and harness.

AUCTION SALE OF WHITE GLAZED PRINTING PAPERS, ALUM, BRONZE POWDER, WHITE COPPER FOILS, GLASS BEADS ETC., ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY the 3rd September 1921, sell by Public Auction at their rooms at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) by order of the Banks and offices concerned and on account and risk of the concerned the following:—

27 bales white glazed printing papers, 26, 30, 32, 36 and 48 lbs. in all about 10893 lbs.
25 bales white glazed printing papers 26, 30, 32, 36 and 48 lbs in all about 11,000 lbs.
8 cases alum, bronze powder each case about 150 lbs. each packet ½ lb in all about 1,200 lbs (made in Germany).
2 cases books white copper foils each case containing about 300 books size 10½, 4½ (made in Germany).

By order of the Insurance office concerned.

4 cases glass beads.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 31st August, 1921.

MESSRS MENESSE & CO.

No. 35, Hummum Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 4079.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, the following unclaimed bags of grain, etc., on WEDNESDAY, the 31st August, 1921 at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at the Carnac Bridge Goods, Shed.

Unclaimed bags of wheat, gram, linseed, gram, toor, gram dall, C. P. goods, wooden casks, gunny bags, iron sheets, jeera seed, fenal seed, poppy seed, toor chuni, ghee, wool, flour, khasta, kismiss, hose pipe, coal, jagree etc.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD IRON, CABLE, CHAIN, MANILLA ROPE, EMPTY PAINT AND OIL CASKS, OLD CANVAS, CARPET MATTINGS, TROOP GEAR, TEAK AND SCRAP CUTTINGS, SEATED LATRINES, EMPTY BOTTLES, CONDEMNED OIL AND PAINT SALOM CUTLERY, ALLUMINUMWARE TANKS RUBBER SCRAP, WIND SHOOTS, TARPAULIN, ETC. ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 2nd September, 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the B. I. Dockyard Mazagon the abovementioned goods.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 31st August, 1921.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.

Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists

AUCTION SALE OF 22 CASES CHEESE.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd September, 1921, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. M. H. Madon and Co. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting indentors, Messrs. The Bombay General Stores the undermentioned 22 cases cheese —

7 cases Cheese Edams, fine quality.
15 cases Cheese, Goudas, fine quality.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 CASES ALLUMINIUM SOFT CIRCLES.

On TUESDAY, the 6th September, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. M. H. Madon and Co. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting indentors, Messrs. Beer Sein and Co., the undermentioned 15 cases of alluminium soft circles:—

1 case size 7 by .035 wg. 4 cwts. 1 qr. 25 lbs.
1 case size 8 by .035 wg. 4 cwts. 1 qr. 26 lbs.
4 cases size 12 by 20 wg. 17 cwts. 3 qr. 19 lbs.
2 cases size 13 by 20 wg. 8 cwts. 3 qr. 22 lbs.
1 case size 5 by .035 wg. 4 cwts. 2 qr. 3 lbs.
1 case size 5½ by .035 wg. 4 cwts. 2 qr. 2 lbs.
1 case size 6 by .035 wg. 4 cwts. 1 qr. 22 lbs.
1 case size 18 by .049 wg. 4 cwts. 1 qr. 25 lbs.
1 case size 19 by .049 wg. 4 cwts. 2 qr. 0 lb.
1 case size 20 by .049 wg. 4 cwts. 1 qr. 24 lbs.
1 case size 21 by .049 wg. 4 cwts. 2 qr. 4 lbs.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers

Bombay, 31st August, 1921.

CHARITIES.

Khulna Famine Relief Fund.

	Rs.
Aug. 29th Received from	
Mrs. Kesarbai A. Raichand ..	5
D. V. Sidhaye..	2
A Sympathiser	51
Sympathy	50
Vadilal N. Shah	50
Shirgoakar Bros.	50
Total ..	253

Punjab Famine Relief Fund.

	Rs.
—Ever Needy..	25
—Unheard	5
—Sweet Talk	1
D. V. Sidhaye..	2
Sympathy	50
Shirgoakar Bros	50
K. Sudhara an Rao	10
M. H. G Pahwhla	2
Total..	145

The Khulna Famine Relief Fund.

Fresh Subscriptions Collected.

Aug, 27th	Amount. Rs.
Hansraj & Co	25
Canji Dwarkadas Matani	100
Kanji Carsondas and A Sympathiser	100
Mistry Dhanji Mowji..	101
Shankarlal K. Dalry	51
Ranchordas Bhuwan.. . ..	20
Kisan Bihari Roy	15
Sarabhai Meredi	25
Mrs. Champabai S. Modi . ..	5
Mrs. Jibibai Shantilal	5
Sir Gokuldas K. Parekh	50
A Friend	15
Tricumdas Carsondas & Co	201
A Bengalee Sympathiser	2
The Pearl Merchants Mahajan Through Gulabchand Devchand	200
Gulabchand Devchand Javeri ..	50
Chunilal Himchand	21
Purushottemdas Popatlal	25
Virchand Paunachand	21
Dr. A. P. Cama	51
J.H. Kapadia (Poona)	25
N. H. Setalved..	15
A Student of Dr. P. C. Ray ..	5
A Bengalee Sympathiser (3rd Instlmt)	3
C. M. Dalal by M.O.	5
U. P. Ray	5
Bengalee Sympathisers	25
A Sympathiser	5
H. N. Mallik	25
The Tata Sons Ltd	1000
Khimji Assur Veerji	100
Damodar Anandjee	51
In memory of Babu Haradin Das by his son Jotindra Nath Das.. ..	25
Total Rs.	2,372

KHULNA FAMINE,

SIR. P. C. RAY'S TOUR OF INSPECTION,

On receipt of information that the eldest son of Bhola Nath Mandal of the village Berali committed suicide being unable to maintain his old father and his two younger brothers, we proceeded to hold a local investigation. The father of the young man on being questioned gave the following account:

"Last Sunday my son went to Bardal market with two mats made by him for sale. They were sold at -/4/6 each with which he had a mind to buy one and a half seer of rice, but as the rice seller compelled him to pay off his former dues, he had to come back without any foodstuff. Next day too neither my son nor myself got any job, so we had to starve for two days together On the following day I brought a very small quantity of rice from the relief fund which is given only to my minor sons and asked the eldest one to cook it. When he was boiling the rice his two younger brothers began to quarrel with each other as to who should eat their bill. At this my eldest son told me how it would be possible for all of us to appease our hunger with this small quantity of rice. Thus filled with grief he went out and hanged himself by a rope from the branch of a tree

Such cases are by no means rare, but the village chowkidars and the panchayets are afraid to report them The number of persons getting relief in Kearganthi division is six hundred. While going to the interior of the villages for inspection hundreds of famine-stricken people besieged us and we were painfully struck with their emaciated physique resulting from insufficient food. We found that it was not want of food alone that caused acute distress. They suffered much more from want of cloth. Diseases have also broken out here. Most of the people of this locality have been attacked with Malaria. Medical Relief is immediately needed. Here also owing to the recent cyclone the embankments having been breached at several places, a large area has been flooded with salt water and lands have been rendered unfit for cultivation Unless heavy rains wash away the saline deposit all hopes of crops for the present year also must be abandoned.

PEOPLE LIVE ON LEAVES

On 5th August, on hearing from Mr Fawcus, the District Magistrate and Collector of Khulna, that one of our volunteers had fallen ill at Protapnagar, the Medical Officer of Assassuni Dispensary went there to fetch him with two of our volunteers. On coming back they gave us the following report:—

About 2,500 men are getting regular help, but they get only 5 meals a week. This place seems to be badly affected. The condition of this locality is going from bad to worse. About 350 pieces of cloth have been distributed More cloth is urgently and immediately needed. Their very lean and emaciated appearance clearly convinced us that but for our timely relief many would have died of starvation by this time. Many people take shelter in huts which have no covering thus exposed to the rigours of the foul weather Some people are still living on leaves and roots of plants and indigestible weeds."

"DISTRESS WILL BE AGGRAVATED"

After an extensive tour for 6 days together I can boldly say from my own personal knowledge that this distress will be aggravated in the months of September and October, and we must have to continue our relief operation at least up to December. But I fear that crops will fail this year too owing to the recent cyclone and also for want of adequate rainfall. If so, the distress would be indescribable and no earthly power would be able to save the lives of these poor men

It is estimated that Rs. 12 000 would be required every month only for Assassuni and Kaliganj Thanas. The total amount of contributions up till now comes up to about Rs. 25,000. This sum has enabled us to give only partial relief to the suffering people for two months and a half So in the name of the starving people of Khulna, I most earnestly appeal once more to the generous public to save their dying countrymen by stretching their helping hands

"C. IN SILK"
22" broad and 19 yards long piece suitable for two suits or two gowns delivered free at any Indian Post Office for Rs. 10 only.
MOHAR & CO.,
(c) BOMBAY No. 14

THE MAJESTIC
Girgaum Tram Terminus,
In obedience to the tremendous demand of the public the management repeats this week for the third time.
BHAKTA VIDUR
The Kohinoor Photo Play.

Never has the Indian Screen witnessed such a brilliant array of histrionic talent as displayed in this
WONDERFUL SCREEN MASTERPIECE
1 The subject is perhaps the most fascinating and enthralling in the Hindu world.
2 The standard of acting is natural vigorous, and inspiring.
3. Lovely dances. Oriental atmosphere perfect Photography.
Shows at 5-15 7, 8-45 and 10-30
Prices as Usual

It goes without saying that
Ballwalla & Homi
who have their Show-rooms at Hornby Road, opposite Whiteaway, and Kalbadevi Road are the
LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.
Enterprize and progress are their watchwords and if you are in need of anything the newest, the latest in the Spectacle Line you cannot do better than have a peep in one of their Show-rooms
They possess unrivalled testimonials from such high personages as H. H. the Maharaja of Rajpipla, H. H. the Raja of Jawhar, H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, the Hon. Sir D. D. Daver, Justice of the High Court, the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy, Bart. Sir D. J. Tata and a host of others, come to the effect that their complicated Lenses which could not be got anywhere else in India, were supplied on demand by BALIWALLA & HOMI the workmanship of which is as good as any of Europe or America.
They have the unique distinction of having won more than one gold medal, for superb craftsmanship

BEWARE OF IMITATORS
Always use our
WORLD-RENOWNED
HAIR OILS
Reg. No. 1.
Pari Chhap, Nagar, Narangi, Aula and Kapel As. Eight and Rupee one per-bottle
Try to make your eyes like Electric light
Always use our
World-renowned Real Pearl Surma

RED SURMA
It cures all sorts of eye diseases and also styes, Soreness, Opthalmic irritis, Cataract spots, etc and makes eye cool and brilliant Rs. 50 per one Tola. Sample bottle Re 1. one only.
MEGHJI HARIDAS Co.
Opp. Madhav Baug, Khakhar Buildings, BOMBAY.

DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR
"DIABETES SPECIALIST"
"PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE."
If you are inclined to have a complete and perfect Cure of the wasting Diabetes." please see details on Saturday's issue of this paper Consult in person for further information to:
Ghia building, Khetwadi Main Road, opposite N. G. Library, Girgaon, Bombay, Consultation Hours:—9 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p. m.

TEXTILE TALKS. No. 12.

PICKERS,

You remember Colgates who improved the tube because the tooth paste was perfect and could not be better. Well, the finest English Pickers are like that. Selected raw material—half the secret of a good picker lays in this Selection—and thoroughly experienced workmen produces a real honest-to-goodness Picker. You cannot beat it in quality and the Picker Makers. Association control the price. Such a Picker is "Dig Dag" made by Frankland Brothers of Blackburn. The firm obtains its raw meterials from the celebrated Tanners, Yarwood of Manchester. Their (Franklands) workmen have spent a life time in making Pickers and Frankland Brothers have spent twenty years or more in building up and establishing the quality of "Dig Dag" Pickers, Picking Bands, Buffers and loom Strapping. If a better Picker could be made, Frankland Brothers would have made it. As far as Pickers are concerned however, human ingenuity cannot make anything better. Certainly attempts have been made, figuritively speaking to improve the tube. One concern, in an attempt to better the best will insert a quite unnecessary piece of leather vertically into the ibody of the Picker and call t the "Tip-Top" Picker; another maker will put a piece of leather horizontally into the foot of a picker and call it the "Flip-Flap". You pay extra of course for these "Advantages." The fact remains however that there is nothing better than the plain, rugged solid-substantial-and-thick "Dig Dag." There is no fancy work about it and no fancy price. It is built for service; to give you good value in return for your money and not to provide points on which to hang salemans' talk. At the back of every "Dig Dag" Picker there is our guarantee.

PRODUCE A BETTER PICKER AT THE SAME PRICE AND WE FORFEIT Rs. 15,000.

It took twenty years and more of hard work to build up the "Dig-Dag" reputation and Frankland Brothers' value nothing more than this good-will. "Dig-Dag" is synonimous with PERFECTION in the world of Pickers Picking Bands and Straping.

Samples and Prices are gladly furnished on request.

DIC — REG° — DAG

Sole Agent:

ANDERSON ROGERS & COMPANY,

56, Esplanade Road, Port.

Mead
All-British Cycles from the Factory
SENT ON 15 DAYS' TRIAL
MOTOR CYCLES, SIDE CARS AND MOTOR ATTACHMENTS for Cycles
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY Ltd.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

First-class fabrication.

Exportation to all parts of the world

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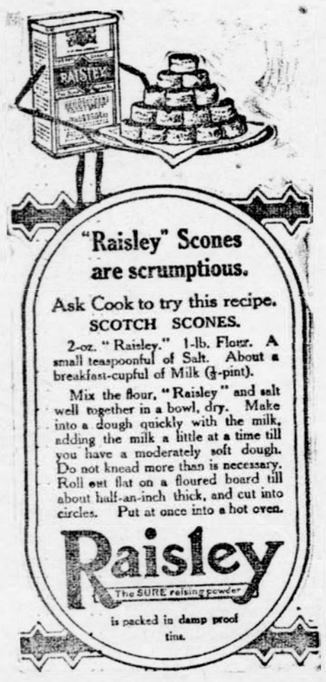

"Raisley" Scones are scrumptious.

Ask Cook to try this recipe.

SCOTCH SCONES.

2-oz. "Raisley." 1-lb. Flour. A small teaspoonful of Salt. About a breakfast-cupful of Milk (½-pint).

Mix the flour, "Raisley" and salt well together in a bowl, dry. Make into a dough quickly with the milk, adding the milk a little at a time till you have a moderately soft dough. Do not knead more than is necessary. Roll out flat on a floured board till about half-an-inch thick, and cut into circles. Put at once into a hot oven.

Raisley

The SURE raising powder

is packed in damp proof tins.

Is your Baby having food correctly?

Every Mother

in whatever land she is feeding her little one, should obtain this booklet. It is a perfect mine of useful information on the hundred and one points affecting baby's welfare, obtained practically every day in the year.

Send this Coupon to-day

The 'Allenburys' booklet will be sent free upon receipt of the attached coupon. It is from the pen of a medical man, an authority on all that touches baby's welfare, and contains many useful and informative articles on:—

The Importance of proper dietary, Quantities and Hours of Feeding, Feeding after Weaning, Sickness and Constipation in Infancy, General Management and Clothing, Minor Infant Ailments, Isolation and Disinfection, The uses of the Rectal Method, etc., etc.

ALLEN & HANBURYS Ltd.

Special Representative for India:

Box 2198, G.P.O., CALCUTTA.

Mrs. _____

will be pleased to receive a copy of the 'Allenburys' booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

H. N. MISTRY Co.

Always large stock on hand of White-Carrara Marble Tiles and Slabs Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and Colour

English White Glazed Tiles and Flooring Tiles, etc.

Old Custom House Road, Circle, BOMBAY.

Tel. Add. SATSANG.

Telep. No. 5741.

TAILORS FOR HIGH FOLKS

(with prudence for purse.)

ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.

Modern Tailors & Outfitters

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

ECONOMIC & FINANCIAL REVIEW.

BY "KRISTODAS."

The Munitions Board Scandal.

The withdrawal of prosecution against Rai Bahadur Sukhlal Karnani, Mr. J. M. Bannerji and Mr. Stringer has brought about a storm of agitation in this country both from the European and Indian commercial communities and the general public. The step taken by the Government is as unprecedented as it is unwarranted and unfair and has shocked the general public even though it does not appreciate that sense of Justice and Equity which they used to do formerly with the British Government. When the step taken by the Government has elicited protests from the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and from the Indian Merchants' Chamber of Bombay, it means that the step must be such as to deserve condemnation of every sane and sober man in the country. It is not an extremist politician but the sober businessman of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce who write to the Government that their withdrawal of the prosecution against the accused in the Calcutta Munitions case amounts plainly to the inference that there is one law for the rich and another law for the poor in this land. Can anything be more damning to the reputation and prestige of the Government of India than such a statement emanating from such a quarter? The Indian Merchants' Chamber has endorsed this opinion of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce and has further added that the Calcutta incident will still more damage the reputation of the Government which has already suffered to no small extent from several incidents in the past. H. E. the Viceroy's declaration of ignorance with regard to the whole affair only deepened the mystery which is neither cleared by statements made by Mr. Montagu in the House of Commons nor by the communique issued by the Government of India from the Viceroy's camp. Sir Thomas Holland is the hero of the whole drama and the autocratic manner in which he has asked the prosecution to be withdrawn is but a reminder to the Indian public that the Honourable Member in charge of the Commerce and Industries Departments has not yet forgotten the supreme powers he was exercising during the late Viceregal regime. This is the first instance which has come to the notice of the public where his strong personality has clashed with another strong personality namely that of the Viceroy and the public is anxious to watch the developments and to see how H. E. the Viceroy is going to deal with his colleague who has got an ambition in him to play the supreme autocrat. The Government Communique mentions in explanation of the failure to consult H. E. the Viceroy that Sir Thomas Holland has been gravely over-worked. We do not think this is a satisfactory excuse. It is not the fault of any one that Sir Thomas is over-worked at all. The Government in their anxiety perhaps to save themselves from inconvenient questions regarding the Commerce Portfolio being given to an Indian did not make any new appointment but gave its charge to Sir Thomas Holland who was already the Member for Industries. It is not at all graceful now for the Government to trot forward this excuse of over-work as an explanation of the unexcusable proceedings taken by the Government with regard to the Calcutta Munitions Case.

Swadeshi Movement and Government.

We are all aware of the so-called anxiety of the Government for the Swadeshi industries but if these industries are to be spoon-fed in the manner indicated by Sir Thomas Holland it is better, as he himself said once, with regard to the Bombay mill industry, that they should perish altogether than that they should continue to be connected with men whom the Government accuses of dishonesty. The Government communique observes that Sir Thomas Holland had frequently been approached by men of influence in business and public and that he informed them that the Government would not consider such a withdrawal so long as the civil cases were threatened. Such a sort of bargaining with regard to Justice is indefensible from every point of view. H. E. the Viceroy himself says that he would not have consented to the case being withdrawn upon the grounds stated by the Advocate-General which means that he definitely disapproves of the withdrawal undertaken for such flimsy reasons. The Sydenhamite gang appears busy with an endeavour to turn this incident into a stick with which to beat the Swadeshi movement, for one Col. Ashley in his questions to the Secretary of State in the House of Commons referred to the business concerns of Karnani and Bannerji as business of "a Swadeshi boycott character" and asked whether the Government of India had allowed the political consideration to defeat the administration of Justice. People like Col. Ashley consciously or unconsciously take no notice of the fact that the Indian public is as violently opposed to the step taken on the advice of Sir Thomas Holland as the English public and that the Indian public does not approve at all of the withdrawal of prosecutions in commercial matters on the ground of political consideration. If the Government of India thinks that the communique issued by it with regard to the deplorable incident is the last word in this affair it is sadly mistaken. The communique has not satisfied and will not satisfy the commercial community and the general public and the Government, therefore, should either start the prosecutions again or should give more plausible explanation to the public of their conduct than their plea that Sir Thomas Holland could not act with proper judgment because of his being over-worked. We should suggest that the Bombay Chamber of Commerce and the Indian Merchants' Chamber should hold a public meeting here and press for an explicit declaration by the Government on the whole issue. Here is the common platform for both the European and Indian communities which is that even to protecting Swadeshi and many other concerns Justice cannot be bartered away. It will at once place the commercial community on a much higher level and base's than what it is now and give an assurance to the public as a whole that the Government have no intention of trifling with Justice even though the biggest people may be involved.

MOTOR AUCTION

Saturday

September 3rd at 3-30 p. m. at the Motor Mart

OF THE

INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD.,

310, LAMINGTON ROAD, (off Jacob Circle).

Two Seater Singer Dynamo Lighting and Self-Starter.
83 Model Overland Touring
4 Cylinder Studebaker Touring
20 H. P. 85 Model Overland Touring
5-7 Zenith Motor Cycle and Side Car
A New 3½ Ton. Mullag Lorry with Canopy
Two 4 Ton Leyland Steam Lorries
One 4 Ton Allday Lorry Plat form Body
200 Motor Horns
200 Foot Pumps

PETROL AT 2/4.

The India Provident Co., Ld.

Head Office—29, Grey STREET, CALCUTTA.

An Appreciation.

"I am highly pleased to say that the India Provident Company surpasses all the existing companies in setting claims. I received payment within an hour after submitting the intimation, which was quite an extra ordinary affair I experienced after a period of half a dozen of years spent in assurance business."

RASIK LAL BANERJEE. (118-2 Tollygunge Road, CALCUTTA).

The Bombay Chronicle

SHORT CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

OUR short Advertisement Columns are specially meant for the benefit and convenience of our readers. Accordingly the rates have been fixed very low to enable private individuals to make extensive use of them for all practical purposes and thereby save a lot of worry and trouble.

An Everyday Necessity. IF you want a clerk, an engineer, a doctor, a legal adviser, a secretary, a cook or a khitmutgar just advertise in a few short lines for a few days and you will be able to make your selection from a wide field in a very short time without subjecting yourself to obligation to other people.

The Housing Problem. IF you want a room, apartment, flat or a house the classified short advertisement column will help you to secure one without difficulty. Similarly those who have any such to spare can as well secure tenants or boarders through advertising what they have to offer.

Your Own Master. IF you desire not to disclose your identity you should advertise through our "Box" system which is specially meant to help business without necessitating the advertiser to unavoidable onslaughts from middle-men and interlopers.

No Middlemen MANY gentlemen are averse to appear in print in advertisements: traders and merchants sometime use the "Box" system when they do not want to be worried with vexatious enquiries from all possible quarters but who want to know the parties themselves and make a free selection uninfluenced by any consideration.

Special service. THE replies to Box advertisements received are all sorted out in our office and despatched daily at our own cost but those who desire special deliveries should arrange with the office for the special service on payment of a small charge which is a very nominal sum or arrange to obtain to receive the replies direct from the "Chronicle" office.

As interesting as News. THE classified short advertisements have in themselves an importance which equal the interest taken for the news columns. While the news keep you informed of the affairs of the world, the short advertisement columns afford you an opportunity to pick up and secure things for your everyday life to your advantage—and who knows not—at a bargain price as well? There is nothing like publicity.

Advantages: IN these days of pre-occupation, and struggle for life people can ill afford to wait and waste time for getting informations re their particular subject of interest. Competition is so keen and the struggle for existence so widespread that we all want things handy and cannot afford to wait on the sweet will or convenience of others. This is a necessity. To disseminate such information public should make a very liberal use of our short advertisement columns for any information they want and we assure them that such advertisements will always appear in their proper places.

For particulars apply to the Manager,

The Bombay Chronicle.

HASU-NO-HANA

The Scent of the Lotus Lily.

The perfume of the Lotus flower—renowned symbol of sweet scents—surpassing all others in delicacy and charm, Hasu-no-Hana is dainty, lasting and wonderfully refreshing.

Try a bottle at once and enjoy this fragrant luxury.

Hasu-no-Hana is also sold in conjunction with a most complete range of toilet accessories, such as hair lotion, toilet water, face powder, dentifrice, bath crystals, soap, brilliantine, toilet cream, sachets and cachous. Each of these articles is the most perfect of its kind in use and all possess the exquisite fragrance of the original scent.

Of all Chemists & Bazaars.

Beware of imitations. Insist on having the original made by

J. GROSSMITH & SON,
Newgate Street, London, E.C.

Children clamour for them.

They are so good—those blancmanges and custards made with Brown & Polson's Corn Flour.

Nothing is more beneficial to the health of the little ones during hot weather—cool and creamy, light and digestible, yet embodying 100% nourishment.

Brown & Polson's Corn Flour

forms the basis of many agreeable dishes which are easy and economical to prepare.

200 Recipes for one penny. Send one penny stamp and your name and address for a free copy of "Light Fare Recipes" to Brown & Polson, Ltd., 6 Bouverie Street, London, E.C.4.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
of Hypophosphite of Lime

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

QUALITY SUPREME

Madorina Watches

THE "HERMADO" CHRONOMETRIC PRECISION.

Sterl. Silver case from ..... Rs. 45
14 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 135
18 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 170
Illustrated catalogue sent free on application.

MADORINA WATCH CO. LTD. Kings Bldg. BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

August 30.

S S Shwedagon, Gentle, Rangoon

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday.

S S Varsowa, Jones, Persian Gulf.
S S Jalavihar, Park, Persian Gulf.
S S Olympia, Alder, Liverpool.
S S Indus Maru, Matsuzaki, Kobe
S S Kalomo, Readwin Calcutta

The following vessels began to load yesterday

Steamer Ville-de-Paris for Antwerp etc.
Steamer Derpoeys for Antwerp etc.
Steamer Malay Maru for Kobe etc

S S Shwedagon.—The I B P Company's steamer Shwedagon, 1,999 tons, Captain A E Gentle, arrived in harbour yesterday from Rangoon, with a cargo of kerosine oil.

S S Varsova:—The B I S N Company's steamer Varsova, 1,556 tons, Captain G S Jones, will sail today from Bombay harbour for Persian Gulf with a general cargo.

S S Olympia:—The Anchor Line steamer Olympia, 3,256 tons, Captain H Alder, will sail today from Bombay harbour for Liverpool etc. with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Indus Maru.—The O S K steamer Indus Maru, 2,710 tons, Captain Matsuzaki, will sail today from Bombay harbour for Kobe etc with a general cargo.

S S Jalavihar:—The Scindia S N Company's steamer Jalavihar, 3,382 tons Captain F H Park will sail today from Bombay harbour for Persian Gulf with ballast.

S S Kalomo:—The W and A Graham Company's steamer Kalomo, 3,209 tons, Captain Readwin, will sail today from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with same bottom cargo.

IMPORTS

August 30.

S S Umsinga from Calcutta. Agents:—W & A Graham and Co—3100 tons coal.

S S Naples Main from Cardiff, Agents Suzuki and Co—6,07 tons coal

S S Kalomo from New York via Karachi, Agents:—W & A Graham and Co—23 cases dental cream; 12 cases soap; 200 bales old news paper; 17 casks bichromate of potash; 20 kegs bichromate of potash; 10 cases padlocks; 47 bundles aniline dyes; 2 drums aniline dyes; 1288 bbles lubg oil; 600 cases metal polish; 309 cases lantern; 645 cases mineral caiza; 1284 bales domestic; 14 drums paint in oil; 10525 cases evaporated milk.

S S Gumbhira from Calcutta:—Agents:—B I S N Co—6002 tons coal; 169 tons coke.

EXPORTS.

August 30.

S S Dongla for London—2050 cwt myrabolams C Jivanlal and Co; 1000 cwt groundnut cake Kulkarni Lele and Co; 27 bundles lamb-skin M M Taster and Co;

S S Dongla for Antwerp—2000 cwts rapeseed Volkart Bros; 2000 cwt castorseed Volkart Bros; 2,000 cwts linseed Ralli Bros; 2998 cwts seelseed Ralli Bros.

S S Dongla for Ghent—200 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Olympia for Liverpool—2 bales wool Bombay Company; 32 bales wool N Girdharlal, 9 bales wool D Kundanmal; 67 bales wool C Chaganmal; 750 cwts bones Kulkarni Lele and Co.

S S Olympia for Marseilles—4000 cwts groundnut Ralli Bros; 400 cwts castor seed Ralli Bros.

S S Markara for Hamburg—23 bales cotton N Rajaram and Co; 2500 tons manganese ore W & A Graham and Co.

S S City of Marseilles for Liverpool—34 bales hemp A Chogla and Co.

S S City of Marseilles for Dunkirk—220 bales cotton Bombay Company; 550 bales cotton N M K Kaisha; 2000 cwts linseed Volkert Bros.

S S City of Marseilles for Antwerp—220 bales cotton E Spinner and Co

S S Rheinfels for Antwerp—168 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 34 bales cotton V A Save and Co; 495 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.

S S Rheinfels for Hamburg—495 bales cotton K H Kayani and Co; 350 bales cotton N V Dessa and Co; 715 bales cotton B Meyer and Co; 447 bales cottonfly H E Bode and Sons; 305 bales cottonfly Damjee Bhanjee and Co;

S S Dirphys for Hamburg—50 bales cotton C L Sajan and Co; 345 cwts ajwanseed N Manilal and Co.

S S Levanzo for Naples—500 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 1000 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

S S Lovanzo for Genoa—2000 cwts rape Volkart Bros; 100 cwts cashewnuts Volkart Bros.

S S Jeypore for Shanghai—300 bales cotton Yokohama K Kaisha; 53 bales cotton I David and Co; 10 cases butter Globe Dairy and Co.

S S Jeypore for Hongkong—100 bales cotton yarn I David & Co; 100 bales cotton twist Sassoon J David; 100 bales cotton twist David Sassoon & Co; 5 bales cotton M Valjee.

S S Wakasa Maru for Kobe—500 bales cotton Toyo M Kaisha; 2 cases sandlewood oil Mitsue B Kaisha; 500 cwts sandle wood Mitsue B Kaisha.

S S Malay Maru for Kobe—1500 bales cotton C Bomanjee and Co; 1500 bales cotton N M K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton Killachand Devchand and Co

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 29th August, 1921

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and 10. p. m

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	in.	29,764
Temperature of Air — — —	deg.	81 8
Wet Bulb Thermometer — —		76 8
Dew Point — — — —		74 7
Relative humidity of Air — —		0 801
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky — — — cloudy—10)		7:0
Maximum temperature of Air degrees		85 1
Minimum do do — —		77 4
General direction of Wind } From Midnight to Midnight }		WSW,W,WSW.
Movement of Wind do.	miles	141
Fall of Rain — — —	inches	0 00
Total fall during month	"	10 16
do. year	"	72 62
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 30th		0 00

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

HIGH WATER

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Stil
		h. m.	ft. in.
Mon.	5th Sept	m1 7	29 3
		1 22a	28 11

LOW WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Still.
		h. m	ft. in.
Mon.	5th Sept	m7 9	16 1
		7 31a	14 11

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Aug. 29.

Monsoon has been vigorous North east India where some heavy falls have occurred. Rainfall has been nearly general in Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and local in Upper Burma, east United Provinces, Punjab Hills, Central India east West Central Provinces. Mysore, Madras Deccan and North Madras coast. A few falls also occurred in West United Provinces, Gujerat, east Central Provinces, Konkon, South east Madras.

The Chief amounts are:—Victoria Point three inches, Lashio one, Dibrugarh two Tezpur, Silchar one, Shillong three Cherrapunji seven, Cox Bazar two Chittagong five, Narayangunj, Bogra three, Burdwan Berhampore, Mymensingh two, Darjeeling one and half, Hazaribagh two, Daltonganj three, Purnea, Patna one and half, Gaya ten, Gorakhpur five, Dalhousie, Saugor one Jubbulpore one and half.

Forecast:—Extension in United Provinces, east of Central Provinces and Madras coast east.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Station	24 hrs. to 8 a.m. of 30 Aug. 1921	Total since 1st June 1921.	June 1st to Aug. 30th 1919.		1920.	
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In.	Ct.	In.	Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	0 00	72 62	57	79	35	07
Fort (St. Ge. Hpl.)			63	75	40	64
Esplanade (Gov. Pri. Hospital			60	9	39	6
Byculla (V. J. Hpl.)			66	36	39	91
Kamp & Co.(C. Rly.)						

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 30th August 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded and humidity is in defect in the southeast of the division. Day temperature is higher than usual at Rawalpindi; night temperature is above normal at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore and Allahabad report 0.40in. of rain and day temperature has become lower than usual at these stations. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

Sind and Rajputana—Mount Abu reports 0.47in. Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at Joanpur and Jaipur and day temperature is lower than usual at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Surat reports 0.15in. of rain and skies are heavily clouded there and in Central India West. Skies are moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded and at Khandwa Amraoti and Nagpur humidity is in defect. Day temperature is below normal at Jubbulpore but is higher than usual about the southwest of the reporting area.

The Konkan.—Mormugao reports a light fall of 0.13in Skies are moderately clouded and humidity and temperature are nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear at Sholapur and Bijapur and moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is nearly normal or in defect. Day temperature is nearly normal or higher than usual.

General Remarks.—The break continues to prevail over the greater part of the reporting area. Rain has fallen nearly generally in the east of the United Provinces and locally in the north Madras coast. A few falls has occurred in the Konkan, south Gujarat, southwest Rajputana and southeast Madras. Masulipatam is the only station which records a fall exceeding half an inch, the reported being 0.80in.

Forecast.—Local rain is likely in the United Provinces and a few falls in the northern and eastern districts of the Central Provinces and in the northeast of the Peninsula. No large change appears probable elsewhere.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 29th August 1921.

The monsoon has been vigorous in northeast India where some heavy falls have occurred. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal and Bihar and Orissa and local in Upper Burma, the east of the United Provinces, the Punjab Hills, Central India east, the west of the Central Provinces, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and on the north Madras coast. A few falls have also occurred in the west of the United Provinces, Gujarat, the east Central Provinces, the Konkan and southeast Madras.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Victoria Point three inches; Lashio one; Dibrugarh two; Tezpur, Silchar one; Shillong three; Cherrapunji seven; Cox's Bazar two; Chittagong five; Narayanganj, Bogra three; Burdwan, Berhampore, Mymensingh two; Darjiling one and a half; Hazaribagh two; Daltonganj three; Purnea, Patna one and a half; Gaya ten; Gorakhpur five; Dalhousie one and a half.

Cheese Savouries.

Cheese offers a great variety of attractive dishes, all thoroughly nourishing and palatable.

Macaroni Cheese, Cheese Straws, Cheese Soufflé and Rice and Cheese Savouries, etc., can be easily, cheaply and quickly prepared by blending the cheese with

Brown & Polson's Corn Flour

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Pateti Special. Pateti Special.
Come One and Come All.

THE BENGAL SWEETMEAT EMPORIUM,

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The only place for Pateti Special.

Remember the Grand Old Man of India the true patriot DADABHOY NAOROJI and present your Dear and Friends the

PURE SWADESHI CELEBRATED BENGAL SWEETS

Take the advantage of the famous and the foremost caterer, and confectioners.

No Pateti and pleasure of the auspicious New Year's Day ceremoney except the pure Indian Sweets, especially without our wonderful novelty fruit dishes. Many choicest and palatable varieties for

RIGHT royal TASTE

We cordially invite you to visit us once on your way to Chowpati which will surely repay you.

We guarantee purity and freshness at moderate price and execute orders very carefully and promptly.

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NUMBER ONE
IS REALLY
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THE MOST FAVOURITE BRAND IN THE EAST.

NONE TO EXCEL IT IN SUPERIORITY.

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Obtainable EVERYWHERE.
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M. FROMROSE & Co.
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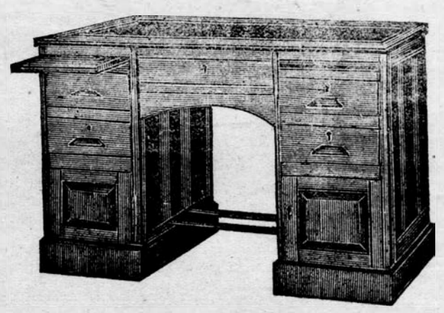
OFFICE TABLES.



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MODERN OFFICE DESK, as illustration. Extremely well made of seasoned teak wood by skilled Indian labour. size 30 ins. high, 27 ins. wide, 51 ins. long. with drawers, etc. as sketch. Lined serge top. complete with 4—Lever Locks, etc.

Rs. 175-0 COMPLETE.

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A SPECIALITY:—

V. S. BHAT & Co.,
UP-TO-DATE STATIONERS.
OPP: CINEMA MAJESTIC, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

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MOTOR BICYCLE

The B.S.A. Trade Mark is a Guarantee of Quality.

For Solo or Sidecar

The smooth running, ease of control, and ample power of a B.S.A. Motor Bicycle is a revelation. A long acquaintance with a B.S.A. will demonstrate the sturdy and scientific construction which ensures unfailing reliability. Good service can be confidently relied upon from B.S.A. machines under all conditions.

ALL MODELS FITTED WITH THE B.S.A. COUNTERSHAFT THREE-SPEED GEAR

B.S.A. MODELS:
4¼H.P. SINGLE CYLINDER,
6/7H.P. TWIN CYLINDER, also
B.S.A. COACHBUILT SIDECARS.

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The Elphinstone Co. " Mount Road, Madras
The Maharaja Cycle Works " Lahore
The Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Bombay
The Popular Cycle & Motor Co. " Agra
Pearey Lall & Sons Ltd. " Delhi
The Royal Pioneer Cycle Co. " Meerut
Central India Machine Co. " Jubbulpore
Roshanlal Nowitraj " " Quetta
North India Motor & Cycle Agency " Bareilly
The Provincial Cycle & Motor Co. " Meerut
Moona Lall & Sons " " Cawnpore
Md. Ekram Khan " " Benares
C. D. Motishaw " " Allahabad
Spence Ltd. " " Calcutta

Importers: Sen & Pandit

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

Liverpool, 29th August, 1921.

Months	To-days Prices
Aug.	10 17
Sept.	...
Oct.	10 15
Nov.	...
Dec.	10 1
Jan.	10 3
Feb.	...
Mar.	10 10
April	...
May	10 0
June	10 00
July	9 99

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, 29th August, 1921.

Months	To-day's prices
Nov.	16/30
Jan.	16/30

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

London, Saturday, 27th August, 1921.

Total in sight	480 000
Egyptian Visible Supply	396,000
East Indian	101,000
American	3,789 000
Other	34 000
Total Sales	57 000
East Indian Sales	3,400
Total Speculation	...
,, Export	...
East Indian Export	...
,, ,, Stock	49.000
,, ,, Forwarded	500
,, ,, Actual Export	...
,, ,, Imports	1,800
,, ,, Speculation	...
American afloat	58.000
East Indian Afloat	4,000
Total Afloat	103,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, 26th Aug. 1921.

Week's Receipts of Cotton at all U.S Ports	98 000
,, Exports to Great Britain	30 000
,, ,, to France and Continent	57 000
,, ,, to Japan	10.000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	1308 000
,, ,, at Interior Ports	1021.000

New York 27th August 1921

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	13.000
,, Exports to Great Britain	...
,, ,, to Consumer	2.000

Futures at New York	Oct.	15.60
	Jan.	16.00
Futures at New York	Mar.	16.12

Spot Cotton at New York	15 60
,, Cotton at New Orleans	14 88

Tone—of spot Cotton—

Futures at New Orleans	Oct	15.35
	January	15 65

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 6 15/16
Demand Rate 3 65/25
Silver Commercial Bars U S minted 64 1/8
Do Foreign 62

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, 29th August, 1921.

Futures at New York,	Oct.	16 00
	Jan.	16 32
	Mar.	16 45

Liverpool, 29th August, 1921.

	Oct.	10 38
	Jan.	10 34
Futures Dep. Rid. U.G.O.C.	Mar.	10 32
Liverpool	May.	10 28

London 29th August 1921

Telegraphic Transfers	4 13/16 Dull
Bar Gold	£ 6 11 4 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	38 1/4 Steady

MONEY MARKET.

London, 27th August, 1921.

Banks 2½	56 3/4
Bar Silver Spot	38
,, 2 months bars	37 5/8

Opening Tone of Silver—Very little doing.

Bar Gold (per oz)	...
Interest day to day loans	3 3/4
Day Bankers Rates	4
Discount Bank of England Rate p/c. since 21st ultimo.	6 1/2

DISCOUNTS.

London, 29th August, 1921.

Bank Bills 3 m/st	4 3/4
Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	5 1 8
Fine Trade Bills 3 m st	5 1/2
,, ,, 6 m/st	6 1/4
Bents 5 p/c	...

METAL REPORT.

COPPER Standard Gr M. B.	...
,, Best English Selected	...
TIN BLOCK	152

LINSEED.

LINSEED CALCUTTA, Pure Basis Bags Aug. Sep Buyers £ 22/10

RAW LINSEED OIL Naked Spot Net
,, Months Sep.-Dec. Done Buyers 37 10 1-2
,, Buyers, etc. Jan. Apl value 38 10 1-2

New York 29th August 1921

Demand Bills 3 69 75

London, 29th Aug. 1921

EXCHANGE.

On London in Paris	47 57
In Germany	320 00
In Italy	86 60

LEPROSY & LEUCODERMA.

Guaranteed Scientific Cure for Leprosy just discovered. Cures anasthesia lost eyes, copper spots, ulcers, nodules, sore feet, leprosy and all kindred troubles of all varieties of leprosy and para-leprosy in a very short time by medicines for internal use and fumigation local application and bath. Whole set lasts one month Rs 15.

Leucoderma—specifics remove white patches like a magic. Lost pigments restored. Cures in a short time. Both internal and external medicines at Rs. 10 per set.

BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS.

MUZAFFARPUR, B. I. R.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

August 30.

In accordance with continued Bullish advices reported from New York the Marwari bazar opened steady this morning for Fully Good M G Broach April/May at Rs. 423 and after touching Rs. 424½ advanced till Rs. 428½ closing at Rs. 429 at 3 p.m. Fine M G Oomra December/January opened at Rs. 374 and closed steady at Rs. 378. Fine M G Oomra September opened at Rs. 394 and closed at Rs 401 at 3 pm.

Our markets at Colaba are closed for ready and forward business today on account of Hindu holiday.

Our market for ready cotton was steady yesterday with a moderate inquiry from Japan shippers for nice Khamgaon Akola cotton. About 4,000 bales are reported to have been sold yesterday

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRE MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm	17 0
Christiana	27 15
Amsterdam	11 8
Switzerland	21 7
Belgium	..
Petrograd	..
Athens	..

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 29th August, 1921

Cotton	3056	Bales
Wheat	5523	Qrts
Linseed	5499	M
Rapeseed	2397	,,
Rapeseed	495	M
Poppyseed	1205	,,
Groundnuts	1285	,,
Safflowerseed	1.84	M
Rice	2396	M
Kyrabollame	Nil.	,,
Cottonseed	2 12	M
Mowraseed	Nil.	M
Cream	500	,,
Jawar	343	,,
Wheat	Nil	M
Barley	Nil.	M
Bajra	505	,,
Gool	2097	Tons.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 30th August 1921.

	Market Rates.
	3-30 p. m.
Bank Telegraphic	1-3 31/32
Bank Demand	1-4 0
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	...
Fcs. Demand	315
American Dollars	409
Honkong Dollars	106
Shanghai	277
Japan	194
Singapore	174

Market—Steady.

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO.

Issued rates for Brass and Copper Daily Quotations.

30th August, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	79	8	0
Do.	1	79	8	0
Do.	1 1/4	79	8	0
Do.	11/2	79	8	0
Do.	1 3/4	85	0	0
Do.	2	85	0	0

COPPER RATES.

Bombay, 30th August, 1921.

	per Maund,	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper	3/4	83	0	0
Do.	1	84	8	0
Do.	1 1/4	86	0	0
Do.	11/2	86	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	86	0	0
Do.	2	86	0	0
Japanese Copper Baffs.		60	0	0
Panch teka joint		83	8	0
Copper English Barri.		62	0	0
Brass Baffs.		38	4	0
Lead		45	0	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations Bazaar Rates.

6-0 p.m. 30th August, 1921

Ready	Bazaar Terms Rs.	a	p
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	86	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70 30	82	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangia	88	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	12	0	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	13	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	14	8	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	13	8	0
Teelseed, White 80-15	80	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	78	0	0
Teelseed, Black	68	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	72	0	0
Poppyseed, White	15	8	0
Groundnuts	82	0	0
Mowaseed	8	8	0
Gavor	53	0	0

Forward	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat Aug, Sept.	11	7	0
Linseed Sept.	16	6	0
Ljesed May	54	0	0
Castorseed	64	0	0
Year Cotton Seeds ready delivery	44	0	0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, August 30.

BULLION.

Bars gold ready Rs. 29-11-0
Bars gold forward 29-11/0
Bars silver ready 94-7-0
Bars silver 1st settlement 96-7-0
Bars silver 2nd settlement

EXCHANGE.

On London, Bank's selling T T 1/4 9/16
On London, Bank's selling D D 1/4 19/32
On London, Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/5
On London, Bank's buying T T 1/4 5/8
On London, Bank's buying D D 1/4 11/16
Tone of Exchange. Weak.
On Japan.
Bank's selling T T Rs. 191
Bank's buying 60 Dyst D P Rs. 182
On New York Bank's selling D D Rs. 403
London Silver ready d 38 1/4
London Silver forward d 37 7/8
London gold ready s 111-4
Tone of silver Quiet.
American drafts rate by London, s 3.71 per $

French cross rate on London Frcs. 47.50 per £
Italian cross rate on London. 86.10 per £
Swiss cross rate on London 21.70 per £
Belgium cross rate on London 49.20 per £
German cross rate on London Mrks 320 per £
3½ per cent Paper 69
5 per cent War Loan 84
4 per cent Terminable Loan 97
4 per cent Conversion Loan 76
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922 100/10
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928 100/6
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930 96
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974 65
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49 96
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 65
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 103/12

SHARES.

Market closed very strong owing to Speculative purchases.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange today:—

COTTON MILLS.

Ah Advance Mills 2775; Appollo 120; Alliance 440; By Cotton 1410; Bv Dyeing 1992/8; Bradbury 1230; Century 1160, Cent India 4945 Colaba Land 5600; Coorla 3145; Crescent 770, Currimbhoy 2157/8, David 1805; Edw Sassoon 540 xd; Fazulbhoy 1685; Finlay 1495; Ind Kalwa 740; Jamsaed 650; Kastoorchand 1650; Khatao 650 xd; Kohinoor 3835; Luxmi cotton 15000; Madhowji 5600; Mathuradas 1200; M Petit 5200; Meyer Sassoon 380 xd; Morarji 7200; New Great 1185; New City 850; Pabani 1075; Pearls 1457/8; Phoenix 1335; Premier 245; Shapurji 497/8, Simplex 1095; Standard 2850 xd; Swan 1350; Swadeshi 5320; Tata Mill 1650; and Vishnu Cotton 2100.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 825; B Burma 555; B Burma N I 157/8 xd; By Burma pet 14/8; B Tramway 142/8; B Flour 1630; B Steam 320; Bundi Cement 49; Ind Cement 430; Katni Ord 315; Katni Defd 1450; New India Insur 25/12; Oriental 350; Port Canning 690; Tata Iron Ord 107/8; Tata Iron Defd 635; Tata Iron New Ord 97/8; Tata Iron N Defd 540, Tata Hydro 990; Tata Oil 127/8 and Scindia Steam 11.

COLOUR-MARKET.

August 30.

Since we reported last no important fluctuations are reported. The local ruling rates are almost the same as reported last time. The following are the rates of important Dyes to be sold by the Government of India from the German Reparation Aniline Dyes

Indanthrene Black B B Powder Rs. 26 per lb.

Indanthrene Blue G C D Paste Rs. 4/8/0 per lb

Indanthrene Red R Powder Rs. 38 per lb.
Benzo Purpurine 4B Rs. 4 per lb.
Brilliant Benzo light yellow G L Rs. 11/12/0 per lb.

Chrysophenine W Extra Conc Rs. 17 per lb
Direct Deep Black Extra Rs. 5/8/0 per lb
Malachite Green Crystals B A S F Rs 12 per lb.

Methyl Violet B Extra Rs. 10 per lb.
Extra Eosine Yellow Shade Rs. 7/12/0 per lb
Metanil Yellow K Rs 2/12/0 per lb
Alizarine Black S Paste Rs. 3/8/0
Brilliant Alizarine Blue 5D Powder Rs 12/8/0 per lb.

Auramine Conc Rs. 9/8/0 per lb.

SUGAR MARKET REPRT.

August 26.

During the early part of the week our market ruled lower owing to lower advices from Karachi and Calcutta and prices for ready sugars were reduced to Rs. 23-8-0 and afterwards recovered to Rs. 24 with better advices from Java and good demand. Forward positions were also in good demand and higher exchange and a large business has been done in White Java September October ship 23 5/0 to 23 5/9 per cent free Bombay Harbour.

Karachi and Calcutta markets remain quiet but steady with fair business doing.

Java markets keeps strong with good demand from India and prices have been advanced to 14 1/2 gilders F. O. B.

Home and American markets remain steady with fair business doing.

The following are Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 24-2-0—25 per cent F. B. Harbour stocks 130,000 Bags.

Mauritius Rs. 23 stocks 6,500 Bags,

Arrivals:—

S. S. Chyebassa with 44,000 Bags Java Sugar

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

Only a small turnover was reported in coal shares. Jute shares were steady without much business passing. In miscellaneous section Dunbar cotton changed hands round about Rs. 515 and there was fairly good inquiry for sugar shares. Central Provinces Cement shewed an improvement in price. Following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Bokaro and Ramgurh 28-4, Ghusick 28-4, Kalapahari 24-12, Karanpura Development 76-8.

Jute:—Alliance 396, Empire 57-8, Fort Gloster 673-8, Howrah 34-12, Kamaratty 700 s.l., Kankinarrah 390 s.l., Kinnison 815 s.l., and 832, Lawrence 490, New Central 398, Northbrook 53-4, Reliance 34-4 s.l.

Miscellaneous:—Automatic Tools 6-8 and 5-11 s.l., Agra United Mills 7-12, Anglo Oriental Navigation 24, Bengal Luxmi Cotton 240, Bengal Nagpur Cotton 413, Brittania Brass 5 s.l., Central Provinces Cement 8-12, Cawnpore Sugar 48-12 x.d., Dunbar Cotton 515, Imperial Bank (contry) 355, Kesoram Cotton 17, Marshall Sons (India Ltd.) 8-12, Madan Theatres Ltd. 10-8, New Savan Sugar 11-4, Sara Seerajgunge Railway 60, Spences Hotel 13 o.d., Tinnevelly Textile 16.

Government paper 3½ per cent was quoted at Rs. 59-10 and small lots were done at Rs. 60-2. War bonds short loans 100-10, 1925 at 100-8, 1928 at 10010 and 1930 at 100-8 per cent.

CLERKS' UNION.

Messrs. N. N. Merchant (Elem.1), M. K. Thakkar (Elem.1) and P. S. Rane (Elem.2) have passed the National Union of Teachers' Examination in Book-Keeping from the Clerks' Union Public Continuation Classes.

The First Annual thanksgiving Mass by the Catholic Staff of the Imperial Bank of India (42nd Mass of the late Bank of Bombay) will be held on 13th September 1921 at the Mount Mary's Church Bandra at 10 A.M. (S.T.)

SHARES.

BANKS.

Names & Amount paid up.	Face	Div. Paid	Last Quotation Div. Rest &c. p.s.	buyers
INDIAN BANKS.	Rs.			Rs.
Allahabad	100	Feb-Aug.	12%	330
Alliance Rs. 50	100	Jan-Aug.	12%	800
Baroda, Rs. 50	100	Jan-July	14%	82
Imperial	500	Jan-July	16%	1,275
Bank of India, Rs. 50	100	do	14%	1c2
Borvi	25	Feb-Oct.	9%	26
Central Rs. 25.	50	,,	14%	34 x
Central Co-op. Rs. 50	50	,,	7%	45
Insts. Rs. 22½	75	,, As.	12%	2,
Mdm. 7½	50	,, Rs.		5

EXCHANGE BANKS.

Chartered	£	5	April-Oct.	12%	£	1
Eastern Ex	£	10	,,	7%	Rs.	67
Hongkong & Shanghai	£	125	,,	33%	£	98
Mercantel A 1 125	£	25	June-Dec.	16%		20½
Mercantel B £121	£	25	,,	10%		20½
Mercantel C £5		£10½	,,	10%		10½
National, £ 18½		25	,,	£20%		27

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Rs.		Last Div. Rs.	
Akbar	50	May.	17	500
Fort	475	Nov.	250	1,320
Harvey & Subapathy	500	July	70	650
Indian Cotton	125	Oct.	15	117½
Manmad Mfg	250	Aug.	15	205
New Berar	500	Oct.	50	480
New Mofussil	400	Nov.	110	480
New Prince of Wales	500	Oct.	50	[illegible]
Volkart U. P.	500	Sept.	50	540

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	Mar-Aug.	11%	110
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	,,	12%	590
Amritsar Patty	100	Mar-Aug.	8%	Invest
Central Provinces	100	June-Jan.	6%	86
Dhasparmukh-Sighat	100	Mar-sept	4%	76
Dhond Baramati		Jan-July	5%	60
Futwan-Islampur, Rs. 50	100	Mar-Sept	5%	58
Guserat	100	June-Jan	5%	72/8
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	Jan-July	4%	67
Khuina Bhagirghat	100	...	4%	06
Larkhana	100	...	5%	...
Mandra Bhon. Rs. 90	100	April-Oct.	5%	50
Mymensingh	100		5%	[illegible]
Pachora Jamner	100	Jan-July	5%	11
Sara Sirajganj	100	May-Nov.	4%	61
Shalkot Narowal	100	April-Oct.	5%	76
Sind Light	100	July Dec	10%	105
Tapti Valley	500	Jan-June	11%	590
Upper Sind Light	100	...	6%	69

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electricity	100		10%	85	
Andhra Valley O.	1,000		4%	50	
Andhra Valley P.	1,000		4%	175	
P. Rs.50			7%	90	
B. E. S. & T. Coy. O. Rs. 50			Rs. 6	142	8
Karachi E. S.	100	Mar-Oct	5%	1	8
Surat Elect.	100	...	...	4 pm	
Tata Hydro Elec. O.	1,000	Jan	25	980	
,, ,, P.	1,000	Jan	25	87	
Telephone	50	...	1	147 1/2	

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

			Half Year Div.	
Ahmedabad Advance	500	April-Oct.	180	2,775
Alliance Cotton	100	...	...	440
Apollo	50	...	...	120
Asar Virji 75	100	...	50	145
Bhiwani	100	Dec 15	12½	135
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	...	35	1,410
Bombay Dyeing	250	Mar-sept.	120	1,993/8
Bombay Industrials	100	...	...	115
Bradbury Mills	250	...	35	1 230
Century	100	Mar.-Sept.	80	1,160
Central India O.	500	May-Nov.	140	4,045
Central India P.	500	May-Nov.	5%	...
Colaba Land & Mill	700	...	200	3 000
Coorla	1,000	Mar-Sept	250	3,145
Crescent	100	,,	60	77
Currimbhoy	250	,,	100	2,157/-
David	250	,,	140	1,155
Dawn	250	June-Dec.	250	1,000
E. D. Sassoon United 7½	10	...	As. 8	Rs. 6 /4
Edward Sassoon	200	May-Nov.	100	870
Elphinstone	100	Feb-Aug.	18	22 xd
Emperor Edward	100	,,	100	1,000
Fazulbhoy	500	...	300	1,645
Finlay Mills	250	April-Oct.	120	1,4 5
Framji Petit	1,000	May	150	2,250
Globe	100	...	90	330
Gokak Mills	100	June	25	227 1/2
Gold Mohur	100	...	50	200
Hindustan	1,000	...	100	2,480
Hyderabad	1,000	April-Oct.	200	1,000
Ind. Dyeing & Bleaching	100	...	10	210
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	...	150	2,180
Maiwa	100	April-Oct.	50	714
Imashed Mfg.	250	Mar-Sept.	150	650
Jivraj Balo	1,000	April-Oct.	140	2,000
Kastoorchand	500	Mar-Sept.	50	1,650
Khandesh	1,000	June-Dec.	300	2,000
Khatao	100	,,	25	630 xd.
Kohinoor	500	...	375	3,835
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	Mar. Aug.	500	4,000
Madhavrao Scindhia	100	...	25	400
Madhowji Dharamshi	500	Mar. Sept.	300	3,600
Madras United	1,000	June-Dec.	200	2, 00
Maneckji Petit	1,000	Mar. Sept.	500	3,200
Mathuradas Mills	500	...	100	1,200
Meyer Sassoon	100	Mar-Sep.	25	3 0 xd
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	...	350	7,2 0
Mysore Spinning	250	Feb. Aug.	30%	90
New City of Bombay	100	April-Oct.	100	150
New Great Eastern	200	...	60	1,185
Pabaney	200	...	100	1,425
Pearl	500	...	100	1 48 7/8
Phoenix	100	Mar-Sept.	17	1,295
Planet Mill	100	,,	...	200
Premier Mills	100	,,	...	245
Presidency Mills	135	Jan-July	...	380
Sassoon Cotton	100	April-Oct.	15	122
Sassoon Silk	500	April	35	600
Shahapore	1,000	...	1,000	17 5 0
Simplex	250	June-Dec.	25	1, 95
Sir S. Broacha Mills	100	July	20	610
Standard Mills	500	Mar-Sept.	80	2 50 xd
Swadeshi	500	Mar-Oct.	250	5,32
Swan	250	Oct.	100	1,350
Tata O.	500	...	15	1,050
Tata P.	500	...	51	350
Union Mill	250	...	6	750
Vishnu Cotton O.	500	...	200	2,100
Vishnu Cotton P.	500	...	75	600
Western India	1,000	...	120	1,780

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown	50	...	100	825	
Back Bay Bath	50	...	0	4x	
Badam Pile	75	...	...	80	
Balapur Sugar Co.	98	100	...	...	15 Dis
B. Burma T. Corpora tion	...	125	...	Rs. 20	555 x
Burma Corporation New Issue 50	125	...	0	15 7/8 x	
Flour Mill	500	Jan-Aug.	120	1,600	
Bombay Ice Manufy O.	25	...	5	28	
Bombay Steam Navigation. O.	100	Mar-Sept.	7	320	
P.	500	Oct	6%	100	
Bombay Uganda 50	100	...	30%	par	
Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency 75	100	July	30%	70	
British Burmah Petroleum O.	6	Mar-Oct.	As. 6	14/8 x	
P.	10	...	10%	4	
Hasters Chemical D.	10	...	Nil.	35	
Empire of I. Life Rs.50	500	...	40%	310½	
Gobhal Karanja 50	100	...	Rs. 1	10	
George Gahagan & Co. O. 100	100	...	Rs. 6	5	
Indian Cotton Oil P. 200	200	Dec-July.	7%	75	
John Roberts	100	Oct-July	15	280	
Tata's Engineering	50	Feb-Aug.	60%	195	
Tramp	200	July	20	140	
Works	100	July	12	110	
Mainland Price Ord	100	...	40%	90	
Mainland Price P.	100	...	70%	70	
Mukerjee	100	...	80%	520	
New India Insurance	20	...	...	15/12	
New Union Flour Mills	100	...	20	150	
Oriental Govt. Secty. Life Insurance	20	200	May	80%	3 0
Phillips	40	July	...	10%	40
Port Canning	1,000	Sept.	...	80	180
Scindhia Steam	10	...	...	Nil.	11
Shiba Carbonic Gas	100	Mar. Aug.	30%	180	
Stewart Jack	15	20	...	...	par
Tata Iron and Steel O.	51	Sept.	12	107/8	
D.	25	...	...	21	35
P.	100	Mar-Sept.	9%	100	
Tata Iron. Ord. (Nil)	75	...	...	...	97/8
,, ,, Def. (...)	400	...	...	...	44
Tata Iron Pref. (End)	100	...	...	...	80
Tata Oil Mills	100	...	...	...	127/8
Thanker	50	June	1	25%	35
Western India Chemical Co.	50	100	...	...	6 dis
D—Cum Div.				N—Nominal.	
B—Buy.				S—Ex. Div.	

A Rangoon, message of August 26th says. "The Legislative Council to-day passed Rural Self government Bill, Government opposing proposals disqualifying headmen becoming candidates for district Councils. Only two members voted for the proposal."

'Mellin's' for health of body and vigour of mind

MELLIN'S FOOD, prepared as directed, takes the place of the healthy mother in the rearing of the hand-fed child. It is adapted for use from birth and is specially suited for use in the tropics.

Mellin's Food

UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

Every mother should read the "Care of Infants in India," gladly sent FREE by:—

MACKENZIE LYALL & CO., CALCUTTA.

MOTHER Seigels Syrup OC

To prevent or remove Indigestion, it is necessary that stomach, liver and bowels—the principal organs of digestion—do their work naturally and efficiently. Mother Seigel's

REMOVES INDIGESTION

Syrup will help them to do this by toning, strengthening and stimulating them to healthy activity. Try the effect of a few doses after meals and note the improvement in your general health.

APIOLINE CHAPOTEAUT

LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.

APIOLINE CHAPOTEAUT

WHOLESALE: 8, Rue Vivienne PARIS—FRANCE

Sold by all Chemists

Relieves immediately without injection.

CURES IN 48 HOURS

SANTAL MIDY

Each Capsule bears the Name MIDY

Beware of imitations and Counterfeits

ALL SORTS of KYDNEY and URINARY COMPLAINTS

PARIS 8, rue Vivienne — Sold by all Chemists

To obtain Health and Strength take a course of Horlick's Malted Milk, the world-renowned Food-drink. It is remarkable how quickly you will feel its restoring influence. It is known as the powdered energizer.

Horlick's Malted Milk

Is made in a moment, no cooking. In 3 sizes. Of all Chemists and Bazaars.

Health and Strength

SPORTING NEWS.

DAVIS CUP.

SHIMIDZU BEATS HAWKES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

—In the Davis Cup Shimidzu beat Hawkes 4/6; 6/2; 6/2; 6/2. Japan won by four matches to one.

ALL-ENGLAND ELEVEN VS. AUSTRALIANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

When the match between an All-England Eleven and the Australians was resumed to-day at Eastbourne the Englishmen who were 8 for 1 wicket, over night, brought their score up to 326 before being all dismissed. Hubert Ashton who made 74 and Faulkner, South African, who made 153 set up the fifth wicket partnership, which produced 154 runs. The partnership lasted for 2 hours and 30 minutes before being dissolved. Both Ashton and Faulkner played superb cricket, Ashton's 74 including 7 fours and Faulkner's 153 including 1 six and 20 fours. Faulkner was at the wicket for 3 hours and 35 minutes, and gave no chances throughout his innings. For the Australians, McDonald took 6 wickets for 98 runs. At the close of the play, the Australians had made 25 for the loss of 1 wicket.

POONA RACES

B'G MEETING—FIRST DAY.

SELECTION BY "JOVE."

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 mile. The Poona mile I think is just too much for POIGNANT or QUARRYMAN. This leaves NOT MUCH perhaps the best, POIGNANT second, with UNITOI and WESTERN WAVE to follow on.

THE BALDOYLE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs

BELVEDERE has been in cotton wool so far and so has ROYAL JEWEL and I think the winner will be one of these two. BELLE SYME should place again. LITTLE TROUT the dangerous one and CRACKNELL in case of scratchings.

THE CRITERION PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

I like both of Mr. Heath's in this lot—VIOLA and CARBORUNDUM—EUDOXUS I can't see lose a place. There are a couple of very smart home performers here in BRUCE LODGE and SWEET ADAIR who should not be allowed to go abegging.

THE LINCOLN PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs

ZEA had some bad luck last week. I like her to win this scramble if she gets away well with ALLENSMORE, RENETTE and RAGAZZO chasing her home.

THE LINCOLN PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs.

FLIGHT ERRANT has a better chance this time than last and should finish in front of GOLD QUARTZ and CHAUNTRESS who both look dangerous. PINE BOX the outsider.

THE POONA COUNTRY-BRED DERBY.—Distance 7 furlongs

There will be a walk over for Mr. Heath's pair who will run 1-2. VICTRIX a possible third.

THE HAWTHORNE HILL STEEPLE-CHASE.—Distance about 2½ miles.

I like COUNT HANNIBAL again with ISLE O' SKY and TRUNCHEON.

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles

This will be TYRANT at the winning post, KHABOOR somewhere behind and the rest coming round the bend.

THE POONA ARAB DERBY.—Distance 1½ miles.

I intend taking chance about KUSRA beating WAABIL here, though the latter's terms get him in very light. ZAINUL MULUK or LAMINGTON should squeeze in a place.

HORSES LEFT IN.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

POONA, Aug. 30.

The following horses are left in after declaration of forfeits at 8 a.m. on Tuesday, the 30th August, for Wednesday's races. The first race starts at 2-20 p.m.:—

THE BALDOYLE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Belvedere 9-6, Fretwork 9-4, Quite Dark 9-0, Black Walnut 9-0, Cheechako 8-13, Little Bell 8-11, Trostan 8-9, Fussy 8-4, Arclight 8-3, Belle Syme 8-2, Murmansk 8-2, Piccolo 8-2, Anthracite 7-13, Catchup 7-10, Cracknel 7-8, Little Trout 7-4, Royal Jewel 7-4.

THE LINCOLN PLATE. Division I.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Corago 9-12, Balira 9-9, Sospello 9-7, Renette 8-13, Merion 8-12, Wild Woman 8-11, Greenfield 8-11, Some Scribe 8-9, Oregon Pine 8-8, Civilian 8-7, South Notts 8-6, Allensmore 8-2, Zea 8-1, Very Little 7-10, Duet 7-8, Ragazzo 7-8, Deslin 7-7, Ho Ho 7-6, Victoria Cross 7-5, Tressie 7-4, Milk Maid 7-2, On the Square 7-0.

THE LINCOLN PLATE. Division II.—Distance about 5 furlongs.

Chauntress 9-0, Lady Ard 8-11, Gold Quartz 8-10, Mirabelle 8-8, Flight Errant 8-2, Pine Box 8-2, The Lark 8-1, South Star 7-12, Eccleston 7-10, Bohea 7-9, Rock Ferry 7-6, Mynden Chief 7-5.

THE HAWTHORNE HILL STEEPLE-CHASE.—Distance about 2½ miles.

Joyous Gard 12-7, Snowflake 12-7, Isle of Sky 12-7, Truncheon 12-4, Dark Legend II 11-10, Daroji II 11-9, Count Hannibal 11-6, Traveller 11-2, Centre 10-9, Flying Fox 10-7, Baldonnall 9-7.

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Charlies Smile 8-6, Poignant 9-2, Western Wave 9-2, Quarryman 9-2, Dromio 8-7, Unitoi 9-2, Not Much 9-0, Double or Quits 9-0, Royal Charter 9-2, Plymouth Rock 8-3, Verge 8-7.

THE CRITERION PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Sweet Adare 7-6, Bruce Lodge 8-2, Bridgand 8-3, Heart Free 8-2, We Two 8-11, Divide 8-7, Japonette 8-3, Illas Fancy 7-1, Discussion 8-2, Rosey Tread 8-2, Thunder 8-3, Carborundum 8-13, Night Bomber 7-3, Eudoxus 8-7, La Hogue 7-13, Sandra 8-3, Pine Tree 7-12, Viola 8-2.

THE POONA C. B. DERBY.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Criadello 8-11, Victrix 8-11, Come On 9-0, Steel Blue 9-12, Jovial 7-12, Black Top 9-0, Corundum 8-11, Deligate 7-12, Applause 7-12, Black Rock 7-12, Care Palm 7-12, Fearless 7-12, The Colonel 7-12, Carnin 7-12.

THE POONA ARAB DERBY.—Distance 1½ miles.

Bahadorjung 8-12, Vershan 8-8, Kingcraft 8-3, Domineer 8-8, Shums 8-3, Hero 8-12, Lamington 8-7, Imakin 8-4, Kusra 8-12, Artil 8-3, Winning Post 9-2, Kitchener 8-11, Karun 7-8, Brindisi 8-8, Huntsman 8-12, Sanmayet 8-8, Glencoe 9-1, Good Star 8-7, Portcullis 8-12, Waabil 7-9, Zainulmulk 8-12, King Palace 8-3, Shahzada 9-5.

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.—Distance 1½ miles.

Jassim 8-7, Lookmani 8-4, Leopold 8-0, Chaman 8-7, Maharaja 7-10, Field Officer 8-7, Monarch 7-6, Agello 6-4, Khaboor 8-11, Wadi 8-0, Tyrant 9-0, Greeling 8-7, Moopreed 8-7, Mohandis 8-4, Romeo 8-7, Monitor 7-6, Hunter 8-7, Tantalus 8-3.

The following are the horses struck out from the first meeting to-day:—

HORSES STRUCK OUT.

THE BALDOYLE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Miss Rollestone, Charcoal, Carton Pierre, Margaret Joyce, Lover True, Fitzclarence, Liberty, Pine Park, Miserable and Polyorama.

THE LINCOLN PLATE.—Distance about 5 furlongs

Isbury Rose, Mim, Miss Goodenough, Sandra, Moldavia, Cheery Girl, Elsewise, Miss Glad Eyes, Fire Finch, Elphene, Smokeless, Lucky Queen, Glass Rock, Substance, Warburton, Land Lady, Lively, She She, Olivine, Pretty Margaret, Tasty, Charles William, Luana, Enderdown, Mary's Lamb and Summer's Joy.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

"THE VOICE FROM THE MINARET."

"The Voice from the Minaret" is a play I should not go to see twice. The adventures of Lady Caryll, a wife seeking a divorce from an unfaithful husband, and living the life with a young gentleman in Damascus, originally intended for the church, hardly supplies sufficient good groundwork necessary for the making of a really clever play. Certainly there were one or two redeeming features. The charming scene in the Prologue, depicting a room in a native hotel in Damascus, which looked refreshingly clean, and the dialogue between Lord and Lady Caryll at breakfast, in the Lord Gordon Hotel, Drobridge; just before the arrival of Andrew Fabian, the young gentleman of Damascus who had now given up his Eastern ideas for the pulpit.

The cross talk between husband and wife was extremely funny, and I think Carl Lawson as Lord Caryll had here, a part to play after his own heart.

In the last act we find Lord Caryll the husband seriously ill, and eventually dying. I was at a loss to understand whether the lady, his widow rejoiced at such a timely release from a loveless union, and desired to marry her lover of Damascus or not. Here we have perhaps the dramatists interpretation of woman and her ways, and probably the lady in question, at the fall of the curtain had not quite made up her mind.

Violet Blyth Pratt as Lady Caryll, Beryl Barraclough as Miss Podd, Muriel Johnston as Mrs. Fabian, J. Oliver Twiss as Andrew Fabian, Carl Lawson as Lord Caryll, Percy Baverstock as Father Elsworth, and the other members acted with their usual enthusiasm.

PARSI RAJKEVA SABHA.

DADABHAI'S JAYANTI.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeva Sabha, there will be a public meeting at the Excelsior Theatre on Saturday, the 3rd September, at 4 p.m (S. T.), to celebrate the Jayanti of India's G. O. M., Dadabhai Naoroji, when Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Mrs. Naidu, Messrs. Patel, Jayakar, Pickthall, Mehta, Nariman and others will address the meeting. Mrs. Naidu will recite some of her poems, and Messrs. Lalit, Raichura and others will give some patriotic songs. Full proceeds will be given away equally in aid of Khuina and Punjab Relief Funds. Tickets can be had from Barjorji Framji Bharucha, opposite Lipton's, Apollo Street, between 2 and 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeva Sabha, there will be a public meeting at the Gandhi Maidan, Char Bauri, Poona, on Sunday, the 4th September, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), to celebrate the Jayanti of Dadabhai Naoroji, when Messrs. Kelkar, Paranjpye, Moulvi saheb, Ghaswalla, Poacha, Ghadially and Bharucha will address the meeting. Front seats will be reserved for ladies.

THE YOUNG MEN'S PARSEE ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the above Association, the Jayanti of late Dr. Dadabhai Naoroji (G. O. M. of India), will be celebrated on Sunday, the 4th September, 1921, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall (opposite Museum). There will be an interesting programme of music by Messrs. Hermis and Bhesania.

REFORMS CONFERENCE,

A DELEGATE'S DISGUST,

The Editor of "Nireckshaka" has sent the following telegram to the President of the Bombay Provincial Reforms Conference, resigning his delegateship:—Addresses and delegates' resolutions shocking. I resign delegateship in disgust.

THE MOTHER'S DAY CELEBRATION.

Mother's Day (Pithori Amavasya) will be celebrated on Thursday, the 1st September 1921 in the Prathana Samaj Hall by the Aryan Excelsior League from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. when Mrs. Kamalabai Maladkar, will preside. Miss Indubai Date, Miss Vimal Gadre, Miss Gulabbai Goregaonkar, Miss Indirabai Wagal, Mr. G. L. Vaidya, Mr. K. A. Kolhatkar and Mr. D. S. Yande will speak. Pictures and sweetmeats will be distributed. Specially, children are requested to attend. In the same Hall at 6-30 p.m. on the very day Mr. Anandrao Narayan Surve will preside and Mr. C. S. Arundale, Mrs. Malatibai Damodhar Parulkar and Prof. Govind Gopal Tipnis will speak on the occasion.

The Young Daivadnya Union and Semvanshiya K. V. Samaj Balshakha will celebrate this day on Sunday at 3 p.m. and 4 p.m. at Palav Road and Gamdevi under the presidentships of Mr N. J. Mankame and Mr. R. H. Mhatre respectively.

MILL STRIKES IN BOMBAY.

SITUATION UNALTERED.

The Honorary Secretary Bombay Central Labour Federation writes:—

The strike situation in several important cotton mills remains unaltered Meetings, of the Jacob Sassoon Mill operatives have been held but as yet no definite approach to peace seems likely as the men are standing firm. Efforts have been made by Mr. J. Baptista to come to terms with the management and a compromise is expected to be brought about.

CENTURY MILLS ON STRIKE

The workers in the two Century Mills have been on strike since the 25th. It appears that the men complain of bad treatment meted out to them by a new master employed by the management. They also complain that they are not being paid, in some cases, the rates prevailing in other mills. Several other grievances have been put forward by the men who have behaved in an exemplary manner throughout. On the morning of the 26th Mr. Chaman Lall went to the mills where the men had assembled. After several speeches had been delivered it was resolved to appoint seven delegates who should negotiate with the management through Mr. J. Baptista, who was given full authority to terminate the dispute, the men declaring that if necessary they would remain out as long as Mr. Baptista should advise them.

MADRAS LABOUR LEADER IN BOMBAY.

Mr E. L. Iyer, Secretary, Central Labour Board, Madras, and Editor of the Labour weekly, "Swadharma" has come to Bombay on the invitation of the Central Labour Federation.

He will address a meeting at the Marwari Vidyalaya on Friday, at 8-30 p.m. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside. The subject of the address will be "Madras Strike Situation."

G. I. P. RAILWAY UNION.

This Union has recently been organised on sound lines, having been recognised by the authorities, acting through Mr. Fernivall, the Agent. The membership is over 10,000.

G. I. P. WORKSHOP TROUBLE.

NOTICE TO STRIKERS.

The following communique is issued by the G. I. P. Railway regarding the Parel Workshops situation:—

"The repairs to the Time-office were sufficiently far advanced to permit of the shops being re-opened this morning. About 4,000 to 5,000 men collected near the Works entrance and the majority appeared in favour of going in. A small number, in the front, however, took up a threatening attitude towards those showing any intention of entering the shops, and at about 8-30 a.m., as stone throwing began the police dispersed the crowd."

NOTICE.

The following notice has been issued by the Railway authorities:—

Locomotive Department,
Parel, 30th August 1921.

The Locomotive Workshops of the G. I. P. Railway, Parel, will remain open for those employes who wish to work. Any men who fail to resume duty on or before the 6th September 1921 will be considered as having left the service, and the Company will only re-engage such men as may be required.

(Sd.) J. M. D. WRENCH,
Ag. Locomotive Superintendent.

PAREL WORKSHOP.

In accordance with the notice of the Loco. Superintendent of the G. I. P. Railway Workshops, at Parel, the Workshops were re-opened yesterday morning at the usual time. The Divisional Police under Superintendent Sullivan and Inspector Spiers as well as the detachment of the Mounted Police were present near the Workshops in order to avert any sort of disturbance and to maintain peace and order.

Some of the workmen were anxious to resume their work when the gates of the Workshops were opened, but as they were threatened by some workmen, they did not enter the Workshops. No sooner was Mr. Platt, the Works Manager, seen by the workmen, they shouted out and hissed at him

The main grievance of the men is that the barriers placed at the entrance should be immediately removed. The workmen began creating disturbance as the attitude of the management towards them seemed to be firm. The disturbance was immediately quelled by the police.

Thereafter, the workmen wended their way to Poibawdi where they held a meeting and resolved not to resume their work until their grievances were properly attended to.

Yesterday morning some of the workmen collected at the Jacob Sassoon Mill and began creating some minor disturbances. The authorities of the mill have already informed the workmen that the mill will be re-opened on the 6th of September. The workmen after some time proceeded to the Alexandra Mill.

RACHAEL SASSOON MILL.

All the workmen, except the weavers, of the Rachael Sassoon Mill had resumed their work yesterday. The mill is now working as usual

CENTURY MILLS.

Yesterday morning the Century and the Zenith Mills situated at Worli were re-opened in accordance with the notice of the management, when the strikers collected at the entrance and subsequently sent in a petition to the Manager setting forth a list of their grievances. The Manager refused to accept the petition of the workmen as it was not signed by them. Thereafter, the workmen held a meeting of their own and discussed their grievances.

HARASSMENT OF COWHERDS IN VIRAMGAUM DT.

PROTEST OF BOMBAY HUMANITARIAN LEAGUE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to my letter No. 709, dated the 11th August, addressed to the Collector of Ahmedabad and published in your issue the other day in connection with the complaints of the Mahajan of Shahpur (Viramgaum district), I have received the following communication from Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise, Northern Division, Ahmedabad, which I hope you will kindly publish in your esteemed paper for the information of your readers. The letter runs thus:—

"No. 1427.

From J. F. B. Hartshorne, Esq., B.A., I.C.S.,
Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Excise,
Northern Division, AHMEDABAD.

To The Honorary Secretary,
Bombay Humanitarian League,
309, Shroff Bazar, Bombay, No. 2.

Sir,—The Mahajan (Wanias) of Shahpur in Viramgam Taluka may be advised to address a complaint to the Superintendent of Salt and Excise at Khara-Ghoda, if they have any definite complaint to make against the conduct of any Government Servant on the Salt and Excise Preventive Frontier Line. Any genuine complaint of definite offences will of course be looked into by the Superintendent.

At the same time you will kindly note that this Department has no authority to interfere in religious complaints whether they are the fruit of political agitation or of genuine humanitarian feelings, except in so far as they connote injury to the legal rights which all should enjoy.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) J. F. B. HARTSHORNE."

As ours is a public institution, the Mahajan were quite justified in putting before us their grievances. Had the authorities heard their complaints, there would have been no reason for them to approach our office. Anyhow we have put these facts before the authorities and the answer I want from Mr. Hartshorne is—"What steps he will take in respect of the unpleasant revelations made in my letter?—Yours, etc.,

CHHAGANLAL P. NANAVATY,
Honorary Secretary,
Bombay Humanitarian League.

JACOB SASSOON MILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The letter from the Hon. Secretary of the B. C. Labour Federation as regards the Jacob Sassoon Mill is such as to call for a statement of the true facts.

The strike in the Rachael Sassoon Mill resulted in the discovery that, though weavers were making complaints to the jobbers, these were not being reported to the management. It was therefore decided that a special clerk should receive any complaint or petition daily between 10 and 11 a.m. from any individual or individuals, and a notice to this effect was put up in the Jacob Sassoon Mill as well as the other mills under our management.

The Jacob Sassoon Mill, as stated, stopped for five minutes at the opening on Sunday morning, and sent a deputation with a petition complaining:—

1. That the production of a certain class of fancy cloth (on which particularly good wages had been made by an average of 50 weavers) had ceased.
2. That there had been a shortage of yarn.
3. That fines were being levied for dirty cloth; and concluded by asking the management to look into the rates paid for fancy looms as it was considered that some of these were not as high as the rates prevailing elsewhere. An answer was promised later on to allow for translation of the petition and consideration of its contents.

The deputation was sent for at 1 o'clock by the Manager and informed:—

1. As regards the particular quality of fancy cloth referred to, the demand for this had ceased, and there were considerable stocks available; so a change-over to more saleable cloth had to be made.
2. That the shortage of yarn had been due to an accident to the boilers, which had now been put into working order; so that this grievance no longer existed.
3. The fines for dirty cloth were not excessive compared to other mills and were only levied in case of gross carelessness; and, finally, that the rates would be carefully gone into, and if any injustices in individual rates were discovered, these would be remedied.

Certain adjustments in three of the rates were subsequently found to be justified, and these were raised and notified.

The deputation appeared quite satisfied and notices in the vernacular were posted. Work commenced normally and continued for the rest of the day and for one hour after the opening of the mills on Monday morning, when the weavers of No. 1 Shed visited No. 2 Shed, and, not satisfied with bringing these men out, attacked the spinning and carding departments.

Directly these weavers left the mills the men of the latter departments came back to work, and this occurred three times during this day and the day following.

On Wednesday morning the difference of opinion between the two groups resulted in a free fight on the mill premises, which had to be cleared by the police.

During all this period attempts to get grievances or demands formulated by the men failed, and the management was therefore compelled to close the mills until to-day (Sunday); when, unfortunately, saner counsels have not prevailed, the mill will be closed until the morning of the 6th September.—Yours, etc.,

ALBERT RAYMOND,
Director,
The E. D. Sassoon United Mills, Ltd.,
for and on behalf of
E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Agents.
Bombay, Aug. 28

MR. PUSSYFOOT JOHNSON.

TO BE ENTERTAINED BY BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Pussyfoot Johnson is invited to meet the members of the Bombay Presidency Association on Thursday, the 1st proximo, at 5 p.m., when light refreshment will be served. The meeting will take place in the rooms of the Association and intending members are requested to send in their subscription of Rs. 3 in advance to the Secretary of the Association before Thursday next, so as to enable the authorities to make the necessary arrangement.

BOMBAY POLICE COURT.

ALLEGED ASSAULT.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

At the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. D. N. Khandalawalla, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Tussant of the Dadar Police Station charged (1) Bachu Jakra, (2) Mitha Jakra and (3) Ali Oomar with voluntarily causing grievous hurt with a dangerous weapon to one Bhana Hari, the complainant.

Messrs. Dalal and R. Kapadia, pleaders, appeared for the complainant; while Mr. Sorab B. Banaji, Bar.-at-Law, with Mr. Billimoria, defended the accused.

The prosecution story was that the complainant Bhana Hari who is a carpenter living in a chawl at Matunga with other Hindu carpenters. The accused are Cutchi Musselmans and reside in the same chawl and are the owners of milch cattle. On the night of the 11th of April last the complainant and his witnesses were singing and talking in a loud tone, when one Somji Soni residing on the same floor came out of his room and complained about the nuisance that was being committed. The complainant and his witnesses insisted upon their singing and chattering near the room. In consequence other occupants of the same chawl came out of their respective rooms. This resulted into a sort of hot discussion on the part of Somji Soni and his men, and the complainant.

Bhana Hari, the complainant, alleged that he was very badly assaulted with sticks by the accused on the suggestion of Somji Soni and that in consequence of which he had to remain in the hospital for very nearly two months. In the hospital he was operated upon and that he had lost his speech for over a month owing to the shock that he had received.

Some other witnesses also alleged that they had also received some minor injuries at the hand of the accused. It was further alleged that there was no enmity whatsoever between them and the accused.

The defence of the accused was that the accused Nos. 2 and 3 were not in the chawl at all on the night in question and that they knew nothing of the assault. Their names were taken before the police on the next day on the suggestion of one Mawji Panwalla who is their bitter enemy and who had given evidence against the accused on previous occasions, and was disbelieved. Several witnesses stated that the accused were not present in the chawl on the night in question. It was the complainant's own witnesses who brought out sticks to assault other tenants of the same chawl who evidently protested against the hosterous conduct of the complainant and his witnesses at 12 midnight.

His Worship, after having heard the evidence, stated that he was convinced that the accused were not the persons who assaulted the complainant. He, therefore, acquitted the accused.

CRIME REPORT.

QUESTION OF ITS PRODUCTION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr G. R. Khairaz, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Newby charged one Ramkrishna Ramchandra, a goldsmith, with house-trespass and theft. This case was adjourned a few days ago in order that the Commissioner of Police on whom the Court had served summons may be able to produce the "Crime Report" which, the accused said, contained the statements of witnesses.

Mr. Finan, conducted the prosecution; while Mr. Vijaykar, pleader, appeared for the complainant and Mr. Dhondy with Mr. Upadhya pleaders, defended the accused.

On the case being called out Mr. Finan said that he was told that a letter was sent to the Magistrate with regard to the case from the Commissioner of Police

Thereupon, his Worship said that he had received a letter from the Commissioner of Police.

Mr. Dhondy said that if the letter was sent in connection with this case then it was a "public document" and that he was entitled to know what was written in it.

His Worship said that he did not think at present, to communicate what was written to him by the Commissioner of Police. He then ordered the name of the Commissioner or his clerk to be called out; but neither of them was present in the Court.

Mr. Dhondy said that it was flouting the Court's authority. He requested his Worship to pass necessary orders with regard to the matter in question

His Worship in adjourning the case till the 5th proximo, remarked that he would pass necessary orders on that day.

LIQUOR SHOP OWNER ASSAULTED.

Before a bench of Honorary Magistrates presided over by Mr. Khatkhati, at the Mazagon Police Court, Inspector Power charged one Moosa Bahadur, a Mahomedan, with disorderly behaviour in a public street.

Mr. Dhondy appeared for the complainant.

Mr. P. B. Kavarana, the complainant, said that he had a liquor shop at Club Road. On the 24th instant at 10 p.m. he was returning from his shop with cash about Rs. 400 when he was suddenly assaulted by the accused with a bamboo stick near a lonely place at Club Road. Inspector Power, who happened to pass by at the time of the incident, arrested the accused.

The Court, at this stage, altered the charge against the accused to that of assault.

The accused in pleading not guilty said that he did not assault the complainant and that he knew him as he sometimes visited his shop

The Court disbelieved the defence of the accused and convicted him and sentenced him to a month's rigorous imprisonment.

A MOTOR CYCLE FATALITY.

On the 23rd instant at about 5 p.m., Mr. O. R. Lyster, Assistant Civil Engineer of the Bombay Fort Trust, was going towards the Fort along the Carnac Bunder Road in a motor-cycle driven by one Oosman Kazi Esoof. There were many bullock carts on the road and the motor-cycle had to pass them towards the right side of the road. A girl Bachumabai, aged 10 years, then came running in front of the side-car and Mr. Lyster who was in it put out his hand and pushed her way, as a result of which she fell and the car went over her. The car was immediately stopped and Mr. Lyster jumped out and lifted the car with the help of the driver. As the girl was injured they put her in the car and removed her to the G. T. Hospital where she died of concussion of brain on the 29th instant.

An inquest was held on the body of the deceased yesterday at the Coroner's Court, by Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, when the jury returned a verdict that the girl died of injuries sustained by her having fallen on being pushed by Mr. Lyster to prevent her from being run over by the motor-cycle.

Cholera has appeared among Europeans in Patna. A lady died and several gentlemen are suffering. (A. P.)

A Madras message of August 29th says the Commissioner of Police call out one hundred Madras Guards Auxiliary force to relieve the police temporarily in connection with the mill riots. Situation is in hand. Audi Dravidas are going back to work. (A. P.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

The Swadeshi Oil Mills Co. Ordinary General Meeting, 13, Tamarind Lane, 1-30 p.m.

Poona races: Big Meeting, First Day.

Sup. mails for Singapore and Japan per s.s. Indus Maru close at 4-30 p.m.

Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson's lecture on "Prohibition in America", the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Science Institute, Fort, 6 p.m.

Auction sale of jewellery for the Tilak Swaraj Fund in the shop of Messrs. Raichand Motichand Zaveri, Zaveri Bazar, 3 p.m. (see advt.).

THURSDAY, Sept. 1

Preliminary Scientific Course begins at the National Medical College, 2nd Victoria Cross Lane, Byculla.

Garden Party, Govt. House, Ganeshkhind, 5 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Mother's Day Celebrations, Prarthana Samaj Hall, 8 a.m. and 6-30 p.m.

Mr. "Pussyfoot" Johnson to meet members of the B. P. Association, in the Association's Hall, 5 p.m.; second address on "Prohibition", the Institute of Science, Fort, 6-0 p.m.—Public dinner under the auspices of the Bombay Temperance Council, at the Taj.

SATURDAY, Sept. 3.

Dadabhai Jayanti under the auspices of the Parsee Rajkeya Sabha at the Excelsior Theatre at 4 p.m.

SUNDAY, Sept. 4.

Dadabhai Jayanti under the auspices of the Young Men's Parsee Association at 5 p.m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Victoria Terminus station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	13 0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8 0	15 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 15
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Inter. & 3rd Poona Express	12 5	14 10
Poona Express	19 50	7 55
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba station daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	14 0	15 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 20
Kathiawar Express	7 45	23 45
Fast Passenger	21 30	7 15

Domestic Reference.

DEATH.

FOZDAR—Bejunji Nowroji Fozdar, aged 95 years, father to the deceased Ratanji Bejunji Aga and brothers Meheser, Merwanji, and Cawasji, died of old age at his residence at Karachi on the 30th of August at 4-45 a.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed mails for Singapore and Japan per s. s. Indus Maru will be closed at the General Post Office at 4-30 p.m. to-day.

ARTICLED CLERKS' EXAMINATION.

An examination of Articled Clerks will be held in the office of the Commissioner, High Court, on the 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd September.

SAMAVEDI UPAKARMAM.

The "Samavedi Upakarmam" which falls on Sunday, the 4th September, has been arranged to be performed at 20, Javeri Building, Parel, by Brahma Sri Samadevi Mahadeva Vadhiar of Kavasseri.

VINAYAKA CHATHURTHI.

The Ganapathi Pooja on the Vinayaka Chathurthi day, i.e., on Monday, the 5th September, will be performed by Brahma Sri Mahadeva Vadhiar of Kavasseri at 20, Javeri Building, Parel.

ELPHINSTONE ROAD COOPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETY.

A general meeting of the members of the above Society will be held on Monday, the 5th September, at the registered office, at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.), to consider the amendment of certain by-laws and to fill up vacancies in the Committee.

BOMBAY TEMPERANCE COUNCIL.

Mr. W. E. ("Pussyfoot") Johnson will give under the auspices of the Bombay Temperance Council, a public lecture on "Prohibition in America", in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the Science Institute, Fort, this evening at 6 p.m. (S. T.). The front seats will be reserved for ladies.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the rooms of the B. B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, to-day at 6 p.m. (S. T.). Paper to be read: "The Indian Custom of a Husband or Wife not naming his Wife or her Husband", by Shams-ul-Ulma Dr. Jivanji Jamshedji Modi, B.A., Ph.D., C.I.E. Members and friends are invited to attend.

CITY MORTALITY.

The total mortality of the city on the 29th instant was 146 as compared with 125 of the corresponding day of last year. One death from cholera, one attack and one death from plague and five deaths from influenza were recorded.

A Calcutta message dated August 30th says Exchange:—Bank telegraphi transfer one shilling four and thirteen thirty-two pence, Damand Bills one shilling four and seven sixteenth pence.

The Traffic Manager, S. I. Railway, wires under date Trichinopoly Aug. 29:—Mails and parcels only will now be conveyed by the 11 and 12 Mangalore mails between Shoranur and Calicut until further advice. A. P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Wednesday, August 31, 1921.

EVENTS IN MALABAR.

The news that comes from official and semi-official sources regarding the Moplah rising is causing the utmost concern to every patriotic Indian. Martial Law has been proclaimed in the disturbed area. According to Prof. Dicey, an acknowledged authority on the subject, "the only principle on which the law of England tolerates what is called Martial Law is necessity; its introduction can be justified only by necessity; its continuance requires precisely the same justification of necessity and if it survives the necessity on which alone it rests, even for a single minute, it becomes instantly a mere exercise of lawless violence." We trust that Lord Reading has fully satisfied himself that this necessity exists, that he will see that the enforcement of Martial Law will not be accompanied by the excesses that dishonoured the name of Britain during the Punjab, that it will not "survive the necessity on which alone it rests" even for a single minute, so as to become instantly "a mere exercise of lawless violence." We cannot too strongly emphasise this point as we cannot too strongly condemn the Moplah reign of murder, loot and arson. For, without, in the least, minimising the violent deeds of the Moplahs and the atrocities perpetrated by them in several places, according to official and semi-official reports, we contend that the large majority of the people in those parts of Malabar, where Martial Law has been introduced, are innocent.

It must not be forgotten for a moment that, serious as is the Moplah outbreak and revolting as are many of the deeds committed by roving bands, the outbreak is a typically Moplah one, the passions of a most excitable people having been roused. It has occurred in spite of the Non-cooperation movement, the essence of which is non-violence. As Mr. N. S. Ramaswami Iyengar, wrote in the "Hindu": "From a bare perusal of even the Government communique it appears that grave provocation by the District Magistrate and the police authorities aided by the military was responsible for all the disorders. To a Muslim his mosque is his temple and for him religion is above all most sacred. The attempt to arrest the leaders of the Moslems, the Thangals in their mosques, in their temples of God was not merely rash but most sacrilegious. Mr. Thomas has been allowed by the present Government assisted by the Ministry to run loose with the bit in his mouth amid sensitive people to whom a little kindness and toleration would have been most salutory." Mr. Yakub Hasan in his presidential address at the Tanjore session of the Madras Provincial Conference has shown how the Moplah outbreak is directly traceable to a policy of repression:

But the Khilafat workers have succeeded in turning his (the Moplah's) zeal into a more peaceful channel. He was told that by following the programme of non-violent non-co-operation he will help in ridding this country as well as all the Islamic countries containing the holy places of Islam of foreign dominance and control and thereby restore the power and prestige of the Khilafat to the rightful Turkish Khalifa. The non-violent character of our programme has been specially impressed upon him. The fact that our propaganda had succeeded to a very large extent was demonstrated when three Malayalee patriots and myself were arrested and imprisoned in February last. In the face of great provocation the Moplah then kept his head cool. But as is usually the case with the bureaucrat Mr. Thomas thought it was his tactics and the display of force that prevented the outbreak of lawlessness in Calicut at the time of our arrest. Encouraged by this he made the fullest use of Section 144, C. P. C., suppressed all the Khilafat literature, prosecuted the leaders, and tried to strike terror in the hearts of people by petty acts of annoyance, tyranny and oppression. He even tried to convert the Moplah by causing new doctrines of the Khilafat to be preached to him by hired renegade mullas. He even attempted to arrest a high priest whom the Moplahs hold in great reverence with the help of a military force, who opened fire on 3 000 Moplahs that went to the rescue of the Musaliar. Once the blood of the Moplah is up there is no knowing what it may not lead to. The leaders of the community who have influence on the Moplahs alone can pacify them. But it is too much to expect the present Government to act sanely in such circumstances..

We draw attention to this passage because persistent and malicious efforts are being made by the Anglo-Indian Press to attribute the outbreak to the Non-Cooperation movement, though, as the "Bengalee" points out, "it is plain as a pikestaff that the riot would not have taken place if the local officials had not exhibited over-zeal for duty." The "Leader", another moderate contemporary, is practically of the same opinion. It says:

"He (the District Magistrate) is silent about the casualties inflicted on the rioters at Tirurangadi. The "Madras Mail's" correspondent estimated them at between 500 and 700. But so far no official statement has been made about them. Government would be committing a serious mistake if it keeps back any information with regard to the casualties that were caused at the place. We are told that attacks were made on the police and the military by 'armed bands'. If that was so, there should be the less reason for keeping back information about the casualties. It is better to disclose their number now authoritatively than to do so later on under pressure of public opinion, as happened in connection with the Jallianwalla Bagh massacre. Was excessive force used there? How long did the firing last? What were the firearms that were used? What was the strength of the opposing parties? With what weapons was the crowd armed? Was any effort made to argue and reason with the mob? How many exactly were the killed and wounded? the District Magistrate's explanation that the attempts at searches and arrests were the real cause of the furious outbreak cannot carry conviction unless the above questions are clearly and fully answered. The powder magazine might have been made ready for explosion by the preachings of subversive doctrines, but who applied the match? This is the question which requires an answer."

What matters most at the moment is the suppression of the outbreak effectively but with the minimum use of force. The Anglo-Indian Press is adding to the difficulties of the situation by spreading coloured and alarmistic reports of happenings in the disturbed areas. The "Hindu" publishes a letter from Rao Saheb C. Karunakara Menon contradicting, from his personal experience, the suggestion that the Moplah riots are taking an anti-Hindu turn and that no non-Moplah life is safe in the Moplah zone. Mr. Rangaratham, writing to the same paper from Palghat, condemns as utterly groundless and unjustifiable the rumour that the Moplahs are trying to convert the Hindus to their faith. To assist in the restoration of peace and cessation of violence is the duty of everyone who loves India. The Anglo-Indian Press, we deeply regret, has yet to realise its responsibility in this respect.

DIVIDED ADEN.

The fears of the Indian community in Aden that the transfer of the administration of that settlement from the Government of India to the Colonial Office will prove more a curse than a blessing seem to be fully justified. We had expressed the hope that if the Indian settlers in Aden were assured perfect equality of status and treatment with the other races inhabiting the settlement and if by the transfer, the administrative and financial burdens resting on India's shoulders were lightened, the Indian community might be pursuaded to view the contemplated change of administration with equanimity. Official assurances regarding both these conditions have not been as emphatic as one would have expected. On the other hand, there is every reason to fear that the change of control is being made for the convenience of and in the sole interest of Great Britain. We have before us a speech made by Mr. Churchill on the subject in the House of Commons last month and we find the Colonial Secreary speaking as follows:—

"There is another possibility of a reduction of Expenditure in Aden. The India Office has very kindly handed Aden over to the Colonial Office, and my acceptance of the gift has only been delayed by the financial negotiations, because India has hitherto paid a great part and I certainly should not be serving the interests of the British taxpayer if I assumed the whole burden without any of the Funds which are necessary to maintain a fortress of first-class consequence to India, but I hope for a happy solution; in fact I think that in very few days we shall have reached an agreement and the moment that Aden is transferred to the Colonial Office, it will be possible to amalgamate the administration of Aden and Somaliland. Somaliland and Aden are really the most happy marriage that could be made. They are really necessary to one other. The high ground, five or six thousand feet high, in Somali-land will afford a hill station to which the British soldiers in Aden under the most trying conditions all through the summer could go Company by Company in one night's journey across the sea to Somali-land. You could not have a more harmonious minor proposition, and if this amalgamation be carried out in such a way as to effect, perhaps a saving of £200,000 to £300,000 a year in the reduction of Military expenditure, it will repay the trouble which it takes to arrive at such a conclusion."

From these remarks it is clear that not only will the Indian taxpayer continue as heretofore to bear the major portion of the cost of maintaining the naval and military garrisons of Aden, but the saving of £200,000 to £300,000 which, according to Mr. Churchill, is to be made on the British side of the account, may turn out to be at the additional expense of India! In these circumstances, the so-called relief which the administration of this country will receive as a result of the transfer must appear to be entirely mythical. If there is to be no substantial relief from the financial burdens which are saddled on India in connection with the administration of Aden, India would prefer that the present arrangement should continue rather than that her sons who have built up the prosperity of the settlement should be deprived of the fruits of their labours and handed over to the tender mercies of a Colonial administration. If really Aden is a fortress of "first-class consequence to India" and if India is to shoulder the burden of maintaining this fortress, to India must be entrusted the task of administering the territory in which the fortress is situated. Under what canon of political ethics does the Imperial Government allocate the military burdens of Aden to India, while appropriating to itself the privileges of civil administration? The arrangement is monstrously unjust on the face of it. Let one or other of the Indian or Colonial Governments take over the entire control of the settlement, but divided responsibility is fundamentally wrong and objectionable. The Government of India owe it to the taxpayers of this country to ascertain and make public with the least delay the exact extent of the burdens which India will be obliged to shoulder under any future arrangement that may be made for the control of Aden.

Notes of the Day.

"Hamlet" Without the Dane.

To a spectator not much concerned about the political views expressed at Monday's Provincial "Reform Conference," organised under the auspices of the "National Home Rule League," two things in connection with the gathering must have impressed themselves forcibly. One was the remarkable, one would almost say the funereal iciness of the atmosphere in which the entire proceedings were conducted. Neither the first appearance in the theatre of the venerable lady who was to preside over the gathering, nor her formal election to the chair evoked any applause worth noting. The same was the case with the rest of the speakers of the afternoon. It is not be supposed for a moment that any discourtesy was intended by the audience towards anybody. Far from it. But one who looked from a distance at the not too closely packed hall of the threatre, merely from the spectacular point of view, would have imagined that the members had gathered there for some such solemn occasion as the passing of the decree of execution of a King Charles or the adoption of a resolution of condolence at the loss of some well-known citizen. Perhaps, the strict limitation of admission to a select few, who were previously enjoined not to open their lips, had something to do with the extraordinary lack of animation shown by both the delegates and the visitors. The second noteworthy feature of the function was the free exchange of mutual compliments indulged in by the speakers. Indeed, all of them appeared to constitute members of a mutual admiration society. The Chairman of the reception committee, besides complimenting himself and the Government, complimented the various leaders of the "Reform" party, singling out for special mention the Ministers present. The latter complimented the Chairman, the Government and Ministers in general. Other speakers too, most of them, members of Council, praised the Ministers, the Government and themselves as a class. Indeed, the entire function had the appearance of being organised for the expression of mutual admiration and for justifying, so to say, their own existence, individually and collectively. One missed badly—and that too in these days of "cooperation"—the presence of some representative of Government in the gathering. The show, thus, partook of the nature of a tragedy without Hamlet! Who was responsible for this gross lack of foresight?

Advertising for Ideas

Who said that the Publicity Boards in this country are so many white elephants? The Madras Publicity Board at least finds ways to kill its time. It recently held a meeting and decided to invite essays from the public on the following important subjects: (1) the best method of promoting temperance; (2) increase and improvement of Indian cattle; (3) the best methods of improving the financial resources of the Madras Presidency; (4) how to teach indigenous midwives the science of modern hygiene and midwifery. Prizes of Rs. 50 each will be offered for the best essays, competition for the fourth essay being limited to indigenous women only. If the Publicity Board should succeed in discovering a really effective remedy against interference, not only will Mahatma Gandhi, "Pussyfoot" Johnson and other temperance workers find their occupation gone, but a host of manufacturers of patent anti-drink cures will be in the same plight. As regards the third subject, i.e., the best methods of improving the financial resources of the Madras Presidency, it is a capital notion of the Board to advertise for ideas that will pay both ways—to the author of the ideas as well as the Government. But we seriously question the fairness of offering a bagatelle of Rs. 50 for an idea which may bring Government crores. Surely a more decent price must be paid. In any case, we cannot but commend the enterprise of the Madras Government to the notice of the local Government and especially of the Education Department, which, it will be remembered, has appointed a committee of experts to suggest means to raise the wind for the benefit of the starving primary and secondary teachers. The committee, we are sure, will hail with joy and relief the prospect of bright ideas on this subject being placed at its disposal though the enterprise of the Local Publicity Board. The latter body will not, we hope, mind being disturbed in this connection in its peaceful slumbers. Our own idea on the subject—which, as our readers know, involves the abolition of the Board and a curtailment, to start with, of the salaries of the members of Government—would have been offered for competition, but we are afraid it will be deemed too commonplace.

The Cooperative Movement.

The Bombay Central Co-operative Institute organised last week the first Provincial Co-operation Conference held under non-official auspices. The attendance was larger than in previous years, the level of debate was high, and a number of useful resolutions were adopted which will have a far-reaching effect on the future of the movement. The Institute did well to organize a session of the Conference jointly with the Agricultural Conference. It is through such deliberation between the leaders of the Co-operative movement and representatives of agricultural associations, rather than by any scheme for the co-ordination of the activites of the two official departments that organic connection between the movements of co-operation and agricultural organization can be secured which is necessary for the promotion of rural reconstruction. But these results could have been achieved even by a Conference organized by the officials of the Co-operative Department as in previous years. Under popular influence, the Provincial Conference of co-operative workers should assume the position of a representative congress of the whole movement determining for itself essential changes of policy, changes which the Registrar of Co-operative Societies should as if in duty bound carry out. A perusal of the proceedings does not show that the Conference held last week at Poona could, in any sense, have asserted itself as the exponent of the policy and ideals of the Co-operative movement. The presence of the Hon. Mr. C. V. Mehta in the chair appeared to strengthen the feeling that the old order had not changed, and to convey to the delegates the impression that in place of a British Civilian presiding over their deliberations they had an Indian Minister. The Institute had also to blame itself for the manner in which the Registrar dominated the Conference, for an officer of Mr. Rothfeld's calibre is not likely to fail to take advantage of his opportunity when he is allowed special facilities for influencing its decisions.

Need of Popular Control.

The Registrar in all provinces, instead of receding in the back-ground, as the movement progresses, finds his importance and his general powers of control enhanced and non-official co-operators failing to realize that this development runs counter to the ideals of the movement do not discourage this tendency. Government taking advantage of this attitude have naturally accepted the recommendation of the Committee of Co-operation that only officers of the grade of Collectors should be appointed to the post of Registrar. The result is obvious; for officers of the type of Mr. Rothfeld who hold fixed notions of the Province, its people and its politics and have wielded large powers as district officers are apt to dominate the movement and to exercise directly or indirectly the ample powers vested in them under the Co-operative Societies' Act. The remedy is two-fold. The first is to reduce the importance and status of the post of Registrars. And to appoint to it junior Indian officers who are receptive to fresh ideas. Co-operators should demand this and also demand that the Registrar should delegate to co-operative institutions all the non-statutory functions performed by him or his Department, transfer the control of policy to the Institute or representative assemblies subordinate to it and cease to exercise the large measure of general control which saps the independence and sense of responsibility among all workers in the movement. It is something to observe that this vital need has been partially realized and that a committee was appointed at the Conference to consider which of the non-statutory functions of the Registrar can be transferred to non-official organizations. The committee is not a strong one, and does not include the names of many men of independent views who have left their mark on the movement. The terms of reference too are narrow; nevertheless a beginning has been made, the need for the reduction of the Registrar's powers acknowledged in effect if not in words, and all who recognize the value of the Co-operative movement in the revival of agriculture and the development of industries should wish the committee all success and assist actively in the solution of the problem set before it. For without de-officialization it is impossible for the Co-operative movement to develop as a vital force in the life of the nation.

The Conscience Clause.

It is reported that the Governor-General has disallowed the following resolution which Mr. Mahomed Faiyaz Khan, M L A., of Agra intended to move at the forthcoming session of the Legislative Assembly:—

"This Assembly recommends to the Governor-General in Council that no grant-in-aid should be given to such educational institutions in India as compel their students to receive religious instruction contrary to the faith of the students and their guardians"

The reason given for the disallowance of the resolution is stated to be that it relates to a matter which is not primarily the concern of the Governor-General-in-Council. This is, no doubt, a convenient way of shifting the responsibility for a disgraceful step on to the shoulders of the Provincial Governments, but is the matter really outside the purview of the Government of India? The general policy underlying the grant-in-aid rules of the various provincial Education Departments is laid down by the Government of India, who are also pledged to maintain strict neutrality in religious matters. The compulsion which missionary institutions exercise in regard to religious instruction, while they continue to receive Government grants-in-aid, is a matter which affects the educational policy of not merely this or that province in particular but of the country as a whole. It is primarily the function of the Government of India to lay down the policy relating to compulsory religious instruction in Government and State-aided institutions. In view, however, of the reluctance of the Central Government to do their duty, it is incumbent on the provincial legislatures to undertake the task without delay. The United Provinces Legislative Council has already adopted, by a large majority, a resolution recommending the modification of the Grant-in-aid rules so as to debar all State-aided schools from enforcing compulsion in religious instruction. If our local legislators are earnest about the matter they should lose no time in following in the wake of the United Provinces Council.

A Maharaja's Tribute to the Lokmanya.

Rarely does an Indian Chief muster sufficient courage to give expression publicly to the sympathy he feels with political movements in British India, especially those of the advanced type. Not infrequently most of the "rulers" have been more zealous than the bureaucracy itself in showing, in a hundred different ways, their ill-will against Nationalist patriots. It is, therefore, not a little refreshing to see the Maharaja of Nabha expressing a high opinion of the late Mr. Tilak, both as scholar and politician. His Highness, presiding at the opening of the Tilak Memorial Institution at Mussoorie, spoke of Mr. Tilak as "a man of towering personality, a leader of iron will and determination, a soul of inspired vision. He was a giant among men inspired with lofty ideals of regeneration, his nation and uplifting his country which could once rightly style herself the cradle-land of civilisation." At the meeting His Highness also announced a donation of Rs. 9,000 for the Library of the Institution. We wish other Indian "rulers" will follow the example set by the Maharaja of Nabha.

GREEKS VS. KEMALISTS.

LATTER CAPTURE BILEDJIK.

GREEKS' FLANK COMMUNICATIONS THREATENED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 30.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Constantinople.—Kemalists claim success after fierce two days' battle to the North-West of Salt Desert and that the Greek attempt to pierce the Kemalist Front has broken down. Kemalists are pushing on with their offensive and have captured Biledjik and are continuing their advance. If reports are correct the Greeks' Flank Communications are seriously threatened.

SITUATION OBSCURE.

GREEKS HELD UP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)
ONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Smyrna.—The situation on the Anatolian front is obscure, but it is reported that the Greeks have been held up before the Turkish Defences on the East bank of the River Sakaria which are very strongly held by considerable forces with abundant reserves. Fighting up to the present time has apparently been on a small scale, except when the Greeks forced a passage of the River Sakaria in face of determined resistance by the Turks. At present it is uncertain whether the Turks will hold the Sakaria Defences or retire on Angora.

EMIR FEISAL'S REPLY TO KING GEORGE'S MESSAGE.

HIS OPTIMISM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Emir Feisal has sent a cordial reply to King George's message on the occasion of his accession to the throne of Irak. He declared that Baghdad, the City of Caliphs, has become for a second time the Capital of an Arab Kingdom. He recalled "how white has been the hand of Your Majesty and Your Noble People in the achievement of Arab aspirations".

Emir Feisal anticipates with confidence that the Arabs will regain their pristine glory provided that they continue to enjoy the support and friendship of Great Britain which, he says, will be established on an unshakable foundation by the Treaty which is shortly going to be concluded.

MANDATE OF YAP.

DISPUTE BETWEEN JAPAN AND U. S. SETTLED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

The protracted dispute between the United States and Japan as regards the mandate given to the latter by the League of Nations over the Island of Yap, to which the United States objected, has now been settled according to the "Morning Posts" Washington correspondent who says that the United States has accepted the Japanese offer to concede cable facilities and control instead of agreeing to the proposed internationalisation of the Island.

EXPORT RATES ON IRON AND STEEL.

U. S. RAILWAYS ASKED TO REDUCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 28.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

New York.—The railways east of the Mississippi, have been authorised to reduce the export rates on the Iron and Steel products by from twenty to twenty-five per cent in consequence by the representations by the metal Industries that reductions are necessary to enable the Americans to meet the competition from abroad.

TILAK SWARAJ FUND.

JEWELLERY AUCTION.

Gold and Silver Ornaments offered for the Tilak Swaraj Fund having been disposed of Jewellery will be put to auction.

To-day Wednesday 31st August at 3-0 p.m. near the shop of Messrs. Raichand Motichand Zaveri, Zaveri Bazar. The valuables are open for exhibition.

REVASHANKAR JAGJIVAN,
Trustee, Tilak Swaraj Fund,
Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

AUSTRIA V. HUNGARY.

ANOTHER CENTRAL EUROPEAN DISPUTE.

FOR POSSESSION OF BURGENLAND.

(Reuter's Special Service.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., Aug. 30.

While the League of Nations is about to try to settle the Upper Silesian question the Entente is faced with another Central European disputes namely, that between Hungary and Austria for the possession of the West Hungarian district of Burgenland which is to be handed over to Austria under the peace treaty.

The Austrian gendarmerie, who entered West Hungary apparently with the object of taking over the control of the district were opposed by the Hungarian soldiers and in accordance with the instructions of the Entente officers, they returned across the frontier.

Now Reuter's Vienna correspondent reports that armed Hungarian bands commanded by the Hungarian officers in uniform led by Colonel Hejjas, the leader of the "Awake Hungary" party, have occupied the railway station at Oedenburg the principal town in Burgenland.

Pending negotiations for settlement of the question it is reported that the Entente is sending troops from Silesia to occupy Burgenland.

FRANCO-GERMAN REPARATIONS.

PROVISIONAL AGREEMENT REACHED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

Paris.—A Provincial agreement has been reached regarding the Franco-German reparations as the outcome of a conference at Wiesbaden between M. Loucheur, the French Minister for the Liberated Regions and Doctor Rathenau, the German Minister for Reconstruction. The object of the agreement is to speed up the reconstruction of the devastated areas.

CHAUVINIST AGITATION IN GERMANY.

POLITICAL PARTIES URGING GOVT. TO END.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 2-30 p.m., Aug. 30.

Berlin.—The Labour organisations and political parties are strongly urging the Government to end the Chauvinist agitation to which Erzberger's murder is attributed. The Government has forbidden the festival at Postdam, which had been arranged by the Pan-Germans to celebrate the German victory of the Tannenberg over the Russians in the war.

GERMANY'S INTERNAL SITUATION.

STRIKING PORTRAYAL GIVEN BY PROCLAMATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 30.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Aug. 31.

Berlin.—The Government proclamation gives a striking portrayal of the internal situation of Germany. It declares that Government is gravely concerned because the disintegration of public morals threatens to undermine the foundations of the State, while the tone of a section of the Press reveals a fixed plan by unscrupulous elements aiming at the overthrow of the Constitution. Government, says the proclamation, will oppose these elements with the iron hand and unrelenting severity.

UPPER SILESIA.

LEAGUE'S COUNCIL HEARS VISCOUNT ISHII'S REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Geneva.—An extraordinary session of the Council of the League of Nations, to-day, heard a report by Viscount Ishii with regard to Upper Silesia. The report was discussed for 1 hour and 30 minutes, after which the session adjourned until September 1st, in order to enable Members of the Council to study voluminous documents on the subject.

SCOTTISH CENSUS RETURNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Preponderance of Females over Males is also the feature of Scottish Census returns, which show a population of 4,882,288, being an increase of 121,384. This is the smallest figure which has yet been recorded Of this number, 2,348,403 are males, being an increase of 39,564 and 2,533,885, females being an increase of 81,820.

MOB RULE IN MALABAR.

DISTURBANCE SLOWLY DYING DOWN.

PRESS MIS-STATEMENTS CONTRADICTED.

4 HOURS' HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 29.

The following communique has been issued on the Malabar riots to-day:—The following telegram was received on Saturday, the 27th evening, from the General Officer Commanding Wellington, concerning the military situation in Malabar.

A detachment and British Infactry with Lewis guns was sent out as a support to the police and planters in Nilgiri, Wynaad. Operations are progressing satisfactorily in Malabar. Troops from Calicut reported in Malapuram to-day not yet confirmed, column from Kuttipuram left this morning to join forces with Calicut garrison. The following is his report for Sunday 28th.

Calicut is quiet. S. S. "Nawab" arrived there to-day with supplies. Line has been repaired through to Podanur from Calicut, no reports from Malapuram. The District Magistrate, Calicut reported rioting of the unarmed Moplahs in South Ponnani last night. A detachment reports all is quiet at Gudalur and on the roads leading into it. Famine is reported probable in Malabar due to the effect of looting and destruction of communications. The District Magistrate reports that Calicut is filling with refugees including Nambudries. The Railway line is open for running by day from Calicut to Podanur. Al' Musapiar who was not arrested is now at Tirurangadi and styles himself Raja.

Mr. F. R. Evans, I.C.S., Special Civil Officer with troops in Malabar and Col. Humphreys arrived at Calicut on 28th and conferred with the District Magistrate and the naval commander with reference to certain misstatements that have appeared in press. The District Magistrate states that no attempt was made to arrest any Tangil either in a mosque or elsewhere. One mosque was searched for arms at Tirurangadi on the 20th, first by local Moplahs and afterwards by a head constable and a Deputy Superintendent of Police both of whom are Moplahs and removed their boots before entering the building.

With reference to the statement that appeared in press that the District Magistrate had permitted a number of Congress and Khilafat workers to visit the disturbed area and use their influence with rioters the District Magistrate reports that Mr Kesava Menon did ask him for the permission to go and intercede with rioters and that he allowed him to do so with a party of Congress workers wut that they soon returned from Tirurangadi convinced of the impossibility of reasoning with the Moplahs.

MARTIAL LAW AREAS.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Palghat reported on 27th that he visited Thuppanad on the 26th and found one span of the bridge there broken and three thrown across the road south of the bridge. On the 28th the same officer reported that Mannarghat and Nattukkai police stations were looted on the 22nd and carbines and ammunition carried off. The rioters were also forcibly collecting arms from license holders and were impressing the Hindus to assist in the work of destroying communications. Refugees were reaching Plaghat from neighbourhood of Mannarghat but Palghat taluk itself remained quiet. Martial Law has been extended to taluks of Kurumbranad and Malabar, Wyanad and Major-General Burnett Sturat has been appointed military commander for the Martial Law areas.

FIVE HOURS' FIGHTING.

400 CASUALTIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 29.

A Government press communique of the date says:—News has been just received from the District Magistrate, Malabar, and the General Officer Commanding Madras District, that a detachment of the Leinsters and a special police force, which left Calicut for the relief of Mapauran, was attacked at Pookotur, a few miles from Malapuram by a large body of Moplah rebels at about 11 o'clock on the morning of August 26th. The rebels were well armed with carbines, captured from police stations they had looted, as well as rifles and swords and war knives. They displayed their traditional ferocity and eagerness for death, and after five hours' fighting were beaten off, their casualties being estimated at four hundred killed. Two British soldiers were killed and an officer and five men wounded. Mr. Lancaster, Assistant Superintendent of Police, was shot and has since died. The detachment has reached Malapuram, where they found all safe and well.

ALLEGED INTERFERENCE WITH MOSQUES.

"A FALSE RUMOUR."

TRIAL OF MESOPOTAMIAN EXPERIENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALICUT, Aug. 29.

Since yesterday a false rumour had been spread in Calicut that the military had interfered or would interfere with the mosques in some of which rebels appear to have taken shelter. Colonel Humphreys, commanding the column taking part in the operation, is a very tactful and prudent officer of considerable experience, and it is understood that no place of worship, either Hindu or Mahomedan would, in any way, be interfered with, during the military operations in the disturbed areas.

With regard to the Tirurangadi mosque, where a large number of armed Moplahs have taken shelter in trenches, it has been decided to try a most successful Mesopotamian experience in the shape of fencing around the scene with barbed wires and thus starving the rebels to surrender. It has been decided to close thirty Post-Offices situated in the disturbed areas owing to the present trouble. There is no truth in the statement appearing in the "Madras Mail" of the 26th that Mr. Norman of Kinalur estate, is killed. Mr. Norman is safe at West Hill, Calicut.

CALICUT COLUMN AMBUSHED

4 HOURS' HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 30.

The following official further details of the engagement, dated the 29th August are published:—Pukkatur 26th. Rebels attempted to ambush the Calicut column, at 26 miles on Kondotti-Malapuram road, firing on the column from the front, rear, and flanks. The rebels dispersed after 4 hours' hand-to-hand fighting. Three Auxiliary force officers are wounded in addition to casualties already reported. No further operations. Mallapuram is quiet.

RIOTERS COLLECT AT PARAP. PANADI

ALLEGED USE OF EXPLOSIVE BALLS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALICUT, Aug. 30.

The rebels who had deserted Parappanangadi are reported to have again collected there in large numbers. They cut off the telegraph wires there again yesterday. A troop of British soldiers just left for Parappanangadi. Moplahs are said to be using some kinds of explosive balls with almost fatal effect. Over five thousand Moplahs are alleged to have located themselves in trenches round a mosque at Tirurangadi. Forces have already marched towards Tirurangadi.

MILITARY COLUMNS CONVERGING ON TIRURANGADI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 29.

News was received at the Army Headquarters from the Officer Commanding Madras District, Wellington, reporting the situation in Malabar up to nine this morning shows to-day that there are columns from Mallapuram, Calicut and Tirur converging on Tirrurangadi.

There is no further news of rioters from the Nilgiri border nor from Kurrumbranao.

MILITARY REPORT UPTO 6 P. M. AUG 19

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, Aug. 30.

The following is the military report up to 6 p.m. on August 29th:—A moveable coloumn under Col. Humphreys left Tirur at 13 hours, on the 29th, for Tirurangadi. Moveable columns from Calicut and Kuttipuram were both at Malappuram at 10 hours on the 28th. At Tirur, and on the railway, and at Gudallur, and in its vicinity it is quiet. At Vayittiri a light motor patrol of the Auxiliary Force has been organised and has established a post watching the road from Calicut to Vayittiri.

SWAMIYARS ROBBED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALICUT, Aug. 30.

According to the "Madras Mails" special correspondent two Swamiyars (Religious teachers) belonging to Trikaikatt near Tanur, are reported to have fled into the Travancore territory for safety, after having been robbed of property worth about Rs. 50,000.

POSTAL SERVICES STOPPED IN RIOT AREA.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, Aug. 29.

The Postmaster-General, Madras, has issued a *communique* announcing that the following post offices in South Malabar have been closed, in consultation with the

(Continued on next page.)

GENESIS OF KHILAFAT QUESTION.

MR. SASTRI'S FAILURE TO REPRESENT INDIAN MUSLIMS.

MR. YAKUB HASAN'S PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

Mr. Yakub Hasan in the course of his presidential address at the 27th Annual Sessions of the Madras Provincial Conference held at Tanjore on the 27th and 28th August said:—

It is a year almost to a week since The Indian National Congress adopted the resolution of non-violent Non-co-operation. The country had then arrived at a turning point in its political history. The Sevres Treaty had finally shattered the faith of Mussalmans in the fair-play and justice of the British. They firmly resolved no longer to approach Government with any request or appeal. On the other hand they were determined to withdraw their co-operation with a Governor that had so wantonly betrayed their trust and whom the Mussalmans were compelled by their religious law to regard thereafter as an 'Enemy of Islam.' The debate in the Houses of Parliament on the Punjab tragedy and the Government action or rather want of action in this connection revealed to our great consternation the British mentality towards subject races. Instead of repenting the flagrant neglect of duty and tyranny the Government justified the calculated crimes of Sir Michael O'Dwyer and General Dyer and made it clear that under similar circumstances the Government is capable of repeating the Jallianwalla Bagh method of dealing with the aspirations and attempts of the people for self-determination and freedom. Some months had elapsed between the publication of the Sevres Treaty and of the final disposal of the Punjab affair and the special Sessions of the Congress at Calcutta. The nation met not in the moment of anger but in a calm and collected mood to deliberate over the course it should adopt to vindicate its rights and tyranny. The immediate attainment of Swaraj was then declared to be the only sovereign remedy for both the wrongs of the Khilafat and the Punjab and non-violent non-co-operation was prescribed as the most efficacious means to that end.

This has entirely changed the whole outlook of the nation. Instead of abjectly looking to the British Government to dole out to us self-government of a kind in stages spread over a period that the Government may determine the Indian nation has exercised its birth-right of self-determination and is resolved to attain Swaraj through its own efforts with the force of its soul power. The old ideal of the Indian National Congress could no longer, under the changed circumstances and altered angle of vision, compass the goal the nation has set before itself and it was inevitable that the creed of the Congress should be changed as it was eventually changed at Nagpur.

IMPERIAL CABINET CONFERENCE.

In the Imperial Cabinet Conference that took place recently in London, the Near East and Middle East questions naturally loomed large. If India's views had been truly and faithfully represented and vigorously urged at this Conference they would have materially influenced the decision and shaped the foreign Policy of the Empire. For, the defence and the retention of India in the Empire does not require a military cordon to be drawn through Afghanistan, Persia, Mesopotamia, Palestine and Egypt but to make India itself internally strong in its freedom and in its faith in the goodness and honesty of the Empire. Mr. Sastri is woefully ignorant of the very genesis of the Khilafat question. Even if he had the superficial knowledge of some of the Europeans who have been urging England to settle the Turkish Treaty according to the wishes of the Indian Musalmans not because of their love of Islam but because they were convinced that that course was necessary for the very preservation of the Empire, he would have used all the influence that as a true representative of the Indian Mussalmans he would have possessed and at the same time he would have had the satisfaction to feel that he was strengthening the Empire of which he seems to be so much enamoured. As for the status of Indians in the Colonies which Mr. Sastri considered to be the only subject that he as a representative of the Indian dependency was justified in tackling his advocacy does not seem to have brought that matter too any nearer solution. That question will never be settled to our satisfaction till we gain Swaraj. Then alone we will be able to dictate terms to the Colonies that desire our retention in the Commonwealth for common good and protection.

KHILAFAT AND CONGRESS PROPAGANDA.

The Khilafat and the Congress propaganda has already produced wonderful results. The people of India have never been brought in touch with a political movement and made alive to the present situation and future needs so intensely and closely as now. There can be no doubt that the masses as well as classes are roused and very much alive to the present situation. Dissatisfaction with the present state of affairs prevails everywhere and the need for the change of the present form of the Government and riddance of the foreign dominance is keenly felt. It is now necessary to bring home to the people with greater conviction that the Government of India is carried on and the foreign hold on the country is maintained

(Continued on next page.)

"MEN COME TO PEACE OF COUNTRY."

NON-CO-OPERATION MOVEMENT.

CORDIAL WELCOME TO PRINCE

REFORMS CONFERENCE RESOLUTION.

The deliberations of the Reform Conference concluded yesterday, Mrs. Annie Besant presiding. The numerical strength of the delegates was palpably weaker than the previous day, most of the sofas in the front, and on the stage being vacant The galleries and stall boxes remained deserted as before. At the most liberal calculation the figure of the attendants can be put down at 150.

WELCOME TO PRINCE.

The President at the outset moved the following resolution which was carried unanimously.

The Conference tenders its most cordial and loyal welcome to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and its dutiful homage to the Throne and Person of H. M. the King-Emperor.

A DANGEROUS MOVEMENT.

R. B. Ramanbhai then moved that;

(a) This Conference records its considered and emphatic opinion that the present Non Cooperation movement is a most ... ous menace to the welfare, peace and ... gress of the country, and to the ... achievement of full responsible government, subversive of all principles of governance, calculated to foment race-hatred, and to endanger India's rightful place in the Indo-British Commonwealth and connection with the British people

(b) This Conference is further of opinion that for the attainment of full responsible Government, the policy shall be cooperation with Government wherever possible, and fearless opposition where the best interests of the country demand it

Mr. R. B. Ramanbhai in moving the above resolution said that we can substitute one Government for the other but we cannot afford to have no government at all. The fundamental basis of the non-cooperation was anarchy and no government. The majority who joined this movement did not realize this fundamental basis. It spells however, he said ruin and disaster. The outcome of the non-cooperation has been hatred, disturbance, riot, dacoits, arson, murder and extortion

Mr. C. M. Ghandhi in seconding the resolutions said that the propaganda of Mahatma Gandhi was (1) boycott of foreign goods, (2) prohibition and picketing and (3) untouchability. He said this was economically unsound.

Messrs. Mavji Govindji Sheth, H. K. Patwardhan, and Jethmal Pursram having supported it was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

INDIAN PENAL CODE

Dr. P. N. Daruwala then moved that:

This Conference considers it of urgent importance that the Government of India should appoint a committee of lawyers to draw up a table of amendments in the Indian Penal Code and the Criminal Procedure Code including:

(a) The removal of all distinctions before the Law between Indians and Europeans;

(b) The recasting of the Indian Sedition Law to accord with the English, abolishing sections 124a and 153a, introducing additional lesser penalties for waging war against the King;

(c) Making the right to a writ of Habeas Corpus universal in India.

The Conference further urges the Government to consider and provide for the establishment of an independent Indian Bar.

In moving it he said that criminal law was the bulwark of life and liberty of the people. The present criminal law therefore should be so modified as to bring it in harmony with liberalization, progress, law and order which it provides in British Dominions and throughout the civilized world. He advocated that the system of jury be extended on more liberal scale.

Mr. K. V. Divetia having seconded the resolution it was put to the vote and carried.

The following resolution was then moved by the President and carried unanimously:—

This Conference expresses its grave concern at the precipitous rise of military expenditure and its firm conviction that in order to bring it down to reasonable proportions the Government of India should forthwith adopt a programme of military reforms founded upon trust and confidence in the people; among the cardinal points of any such programme should be:

(a) the steady reduction of the ratio of the strength of the British troops stationed in India to that of the Indian Army;

(b) the throwing open of the Commissioned ranks in larger numbers: to Indian youths of the middle and upper classes;

(c) the free admission of Indians from every Province in adequate numbers to all branches of the Army.

(d) the organization of the Indian Territorial Force, the members of which should enjoy the same designation and status as the members of the Indian Auxiliary Force, into a Civic Militia, complete in all branches and adequate for the internal needs of the country; and

(e) the establishment in this country of a military training college as soon as possible in order to facilitate the carrying out of these reforms

This Conference hopes that the recommendations of the Military Requirements Committee will lead to the adoption of the policy here indicated

Mr. L. M. Savle moved and Mr. G. N. Paranjpye seconded the following resolution which was carried unanimously.

This Conference desires to convey to the Indians in Kenya Colony its warm sympa-

(Continued on next page.)

MADRAS MILL TROUBLES.

COLLISION BETWEEN HINDUS AND AUDI DRAVIDAS.

POLICE OPEN FIRE: CASUALTIES NOT KNOWN.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Aug. 29.

The present trouble in the mill area appears to have originated at noon yesterday over a funeral in the house of an influential Mahomedan in the locality where a large number of caste Hindus had collected and followed the funeral procession to the burial ground in Vyasarpady. The police fearing collision between these and Audi Dravidas at Vlasarpady took precautionary measures, but beyond minor attacks and counter-attacks among the parties nothing serious happened. At about 3/30 p.m. the Audi Dravidas are reported to have taken the aggressive and marched towards Puliantope where a large body of caste Hindus had collected. The police under Inspector Hankinson got between the two crowds and warned the leaders on both sides that if they did not disperse they would be fired on. The crowd then dispersed. Soon after the main police body receiving information that Gudichetty Paracheri was being attacked by caste Hindus and Mahomedans, proceeded to the spot and seeing a free fight between the caste Hindus and Mahomedans and the Audi Dravidas who were being reinforced during the fight the police opened fire but there were no casualties.

FREE FIGHT.

This morning a large crowd of caste Hindus and Mahomedans collected, it is said, to obstruct the Audi Dravidas mill hands going to work. A police force was sent to the spot but the crowd would not disperse. On the police using force to disperse the crowd, they were stoned and some officers were hit. Some of the officers immediately opened fire but the casualties are unknown. About this time Mr. G. W. Chambers of Binny and Company who was coming to the mills, was stoned by the mob. His chauffeur received some injuries and the car was damaged. Mr. Chambers was rescued by Mr. Happal, Assistant Commissioner of Police. Mr. Jagadisa Iyer also had his car smashed and his Chauffeur had four of his teeth knocked out. On being informed just then that caste Hindus and Mahomedans were creating disturbance again in Gudichetty Paracheri a police party was sent to the spot and on reaching there they were heavily stoned and many were injured. The police opened fire and fired, it is said, over thirty five resolvers and buckshots. The casualties are unknown.

At 9/20 a.m. Mr. Pelly, the Police Commissioner, accompanied by the Asst. Commissioner and the Chief Presidency Magistrate and a platoon of Leinsters, arrived on the scene. It is understood that the Auxiliary Force had been asked to be ready in case their services were required.

The Hon'ble Sir Lionel Davidson visited the mill area this noon.

UNOFFICIAL FAMINE COMMISSION

SOVIET REFUSES PASSPORT TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

Reuter learns that the Russian Soviet Government have refused passports to the Unofficial Commission which includes the President of the first Duma and which intended to go to foreign countries to appeal for help for famine-stricken Russia.

SEQUEL TO RAILWAY ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS.

LOCOMOTIVE WORKERS AGITATED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 12-15 p.m., Aug. 30.

Owing to the alleged insult to the men's status at the arbitration proceedings last week, the locomotive workers in Dublin of the South Western Railway struck work but after an address by two members of the Executive of the National Union of Railwaymen, decided to resume forthwith.

KENYA CURRENCY ORDINANCES.

EXTENDED TO TANGANYIKA.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., Aug. 31.

It is understood that the Colonial Office has decided to extend the Kenya Currency Ordinances to Tanganyika. Two million German Rupees will be immediately redeemed at two shillings and the remainder as soon as the florin coinage is ready The Indian Rupee will be exchangeable for the German Rupee which remains equivalent to a florin, pending the arrival of the new coinage. It is also stated that the East Africa Currency Board is assuming control of the Currency of both territories.

THE MOB RULE IN MALABAR.

(Continued from previous page.

District Magistrate, Calicut. for reasons that either it is not possible to arrange for the safe transmission of mails to and from them, or safety of these offices cannot be secured:—Feroke, Chaliyam, Cheralpacheri. Kittikai, Malapuram, Manjeri, Nilambur, Parapanangadi, Perintalmanna, Ponnani, Tannur, Tirur and Pattambi with their branch offices.

These offices will be re-opened only when normal conditions resume. Until then no postal articles, registered or unregistered, or money orders will be accepted by post offices for places served by these offices. The prohibition against the booking of insured and parcel mail articles for places in Malabar and South Canara districts, owing to interruptions of mail communications, has been notified to some extent.

MOPLAH OUTBREAK.

WHAT HAS LED TO IT?

"Anxious Enquirer" writes to the "Hindu" from Saidapet under date August 22:—

As one interested in the good name of the Presidency may I crave the hospitality of your columns for the publication of the following few lines on the above most important topic

The horrible news from Calicut as published by you in to-day's paper comes upon us a quite a surprie. The Government also have issued a communique on the subject setting out the salient features of the outbreak, like sabbotage, cutting of wires, destruction of post offices and the murder of officials. There is not, however, any cause adduced in the communique regarding the outbreak, which very nearly partakes of the incidents connected with the early days of the Punjab tragedy. The surprise is all the more great in view of the fact that the Moplahs had proved themselves so remargably self-controlling during the stirring days of the Kerala Conference, as to merit the warm encomiums of Mahatma Gandhi, who wanted to personally congratulate the brave people of Malabar!

If they could not be tempted to do violence by the incident at Ottapalam during the conference, and even by the unmerited arrest of the four patriots, on which occasion the wonderful self-control of the Moplahs has been attested to even by Mr. Thomas, the District Magistrate, there must be something very untoward and more serious than the above two events ought to have taken place to goad these people into resorting to violence. Is it possible that the Moplahs have become suddenly made? or, is Mr. Thomas trying to emulate Sir Michael O'Dwyer? Is Malabar to undergo the ordeal of Martial Law? Are the valiant men of Malabar to be humiliated like the brave Punjabees?

We are not concerned here with the effect of this incident upon the Non-Co-operation movement; suffice it for us to say that the Mahatmaji would shed tears of blood as soon as the news reaches him, and his heart would nearly break, coming as it does from one of his most beloved Provinces. This will, surely, be to him the unkindest cut of all and this will certainly give a setback to the whole movement. This will also be a peg for the "Mail" to hang its pet diatribes on the Non-Cooperator.

But more important than this, for the present, is the attitude to be adopted by the Government. Never has any occasion arisen when it should have a greater control over itself, carry a cooler head and conduct itself with greater forbearance and caution. Any hasty and untoward action on its part would simply make matters more complicated and serious and would certainly lead to greater hardships and suffering. Granted the Moplah is fiery and combustible even as is his brother of the Punjab. But is this the way of controlling him Sir Michael used violent means to curb the spirit of the Punjab, but failed and weefully too, and his action has only resulted in "the length ening shadow of Amritsar." Sir Edward Maclagan, his successor is adopting a policy of conciliation and that is, on the best authority, more successful in attempting to heal the Punjab wound and in regaining the confident of the Punjab. Will the Government take the lesson of the Punjab to heart with reference to Malabar? Will they transfer Mr. Thomas to some other sphere of activities and put in another man whose watchwords are statesmanship and concilation?

THE MOPLAHS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The continuous supply of Official news of the "Moplah Riots" in Malabar can only be regarded for the moment as one-sided and incomplete. However, to a student of politics, it is plain that the Authorities have blundered in having decided to proceed against the absentees of the Summons issued by the District Magistrate, as reported by the Palghat Correspondent of the "Madras Mail". Every right-minded individual would certainly condemn the excesses committed by the Mob, and none would condemn it more severely than the Non-Cooperators themselves; for their very movement is based on the principle of "non-violence" and "self-suffering". While that is done most emphatically, we should come to the genesis of the whole Moplah affair. We should try to know, in the first place, who are these Moplahs. There is an impression among some of your readers that the whole Moplahs are necessarily a fanatic race, and no reason would weigh in with them. The Moplahs are originally the descendants of Arabs, and the natives of the soil converted to Mohamedanism by Tipoo Sultan. That they are zealous and excitable people, no one would deny. As staunch followers of Islam, they will not barter their honor for a mess of pottage, and this is only too true of the Moplahs of Malabar. They have produced good traders, artisans, and capable workers who will compare favourably with any of the other communities in India. Most of them are of course extremely poor, and have to work, like most others, for their daily bread. For the information of your readers, I may mention that a section of these people can be found almost, every day in Chowpatty in the evening time selling Cocoanuts (tender); and in the streets of Bombay, Canes, Door-mats, and such other materials made from the Cocoanut tree. They are further very dexterous workers in fibre mats, ginning cocoanut oil etc. This is mostly their profession in Malabar.

Although the Moplahs of Malabar can be called fanatics; none of their prototypes of other parts of India can be excluded from the above term. If those who committed violence in Aligarh, Dharwar, Rai-Bareilly and many other places, can be called fanatics, certainly the Moplahs of Malabar are fanatics and dangerous to deal with. It is not the mere fanaticism of religion alone that produces such violent outbursts; for in several parts of Europe more fiendish and cruel things have happened and happen still; and on that ground, we cannot acquit the Moplahs of their loot and murder. Nor could we charge them with fanaticism and recklessness on the scanty information available at the present moment?

As the affair is a serious one, the public of Bombay and other distant parts should simply wait such time as will give us a clue of the whole situation. As we knew, there are interested parties and people who are ever alert to mislead and send sensational news for their own ends. But after the Punjab Affair, there are few who will be so foolish as to believe all that is sent by the Associated Press and other mediums of publicity. But a word to the Government. The Madras Government will certainly not allow the Leaders to go on the spot and do the needful; and will probably make matters worse. But what are the people of other Presidencies going to do? They must tell the Government of Lord Reading with one voice that this is not the occasion for finding whether non-cooperation is advisable or otherwise; but for personally going into the whole affair and find—a solution. The Moplahs are not the the sort of people who can be dealt with by a mailed-fist, rather they will plunder the whole district of Malabar and die to a man, than submit to cruelties of any sort.—Yours, etc.

JURISRUDENCE.

Bombay, Aug. 27.

KHILAFAT CONFERENCE IN SIMLA.

PROMINENT LEADERS TO ATTEND.

The Khilafat Committee of Simla had arranged to hold its annual session in July last. However as most of the prominent All-India leaders who had been invited to attend it expressed their inability to do so and desired the session to be postponed to some date in September, it has been decided to hold the session on 23rd, 24th and 25th of September. Maulanas Abdul Kalam Azad, Mahomed Ali, Shaukat Ali, Shabbir Ahmed Deobandi, Ahmed Saeed Dehlavi have accepted the invitation to allowed. No reply has yet been received from Mahatma Gandhi Hakim Ajmal Khan, Lala Lajpatrai, Dr. Ansari Pandit Motilal Nehru.

BIHAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

RESOLVE TO BOYCOTT PRINCE OF WALES'S VISIT.

(Associated Press.)

PATNA, Aug. 30.

The Bihar Provincial Congress Committee supported the boycott of Prince of Wales visit requesting the people not to take part in any function in connection thereof.

The Committee was of opinion that the recent circular of the Behar Government regarding the boycott of foreign cloth made it clear that the policy of Government was to help the British nation in exploiting the wealth of the country by maintaining and developing its trade. The circular of the Government gave free hand to police officers and promised to stand by them which, in the Committee's opinion, was a test of spirit of non-violence and capability to maintain peace of the people. The Committee hoped that. in spite of threats, a complete boycott of foreign cloth would be brought about by the 30th September.

SMYRNA RELIEF FUND.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Since the presentation of the cheque for Rs. 5,000 made at the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha meeting on the 2nd instant, there have been further receipts, viz., Rs. 75-8-0, for which I hand you a cheque. In respect of the funds opened by you for the Punjab and Khulna Relief, may I say that the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha is holding a public meeting on Saturday next at 4 p.m. at the Excelsior Theatre, and full proceeds thereof will be handed over to you to be remitted in equal parts to Sir P. C. Roy and Ram Bhuj Dutt Choudhry?—Yours, etc.,

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

An Agra message of August 30th says a city shopkeeper bought an old shell in the city and began examining it when it exploded killing him and injuring several others. (A. P.)

The only son of Mr. Govind Shahi Sharma M.L.C., Executive Officer, Agra Municipal Board, was drowned in the river Jumma at a picnic party. Great sympathy is felt for Mr. Sharma in his sad bereavement. (A. P.)

GENESIS OF KHILAFAT QUESTION.

(Continued from previous page.

almost entirely with the co-operation of the Indians with the Government. In other words the power exercised by the Government is derived almost entirely from the Indians. The people must have faith in the movement, confidence in their own patriotism and capacity to make a supreme sacrifice when time comes for it and confidence in the national organisations to derive utmost benefit from that sacrifice.

If the Khadder movement also turns out to be as great a success as the collection of the crore of rupees for the Tilak Swaraj Fund the path of the people to Swaraj will be quite clear. We shall have then made a very long stride towards freedom. A nation that can feed and clothe itself entirely with its own resources and is not dependent on foreign goods for these two primary necessaries of existence need not dispair of independence. Economic independence in this case wil be the prelude to political National independence.a Charkha is the wheel of India's fortune. Turn and turn and turn again till you have spun and woven robe of honour, purity and protection over the body of every man and woman of the Motherland. With the discarding of foreign cloth we unrobe ourselves of the shame and disgrace of dependence and the slavery and when we put on garments entirely made by our own fingers we feel purified and free and we resolve to make the new found purity and freedom permanent and lasting for ever.

REPRESSION AND TYRANNY.

The wholesale repression and tyranny that is going on through out India is weathering the people against the greatest storm. The cheerful manner in which every one has preferred to go to jail to submit to the unjust and illegal orders of the Government is an unmistakable sign of the peoples' new temperament. The picketing of foreign cloth and liquor provides opportunity to thousands of people to try their strength and go to jail for a noble cause and to prepare themselves for a still higher and nobler effort and sacrifice

We are accused of an attempt to paralyse the Government, to bring anarchy and chaos and to lead the nation to its doom and destruction. Nothing can be greater calumny than this. It is no doubt our attempt to bring the machinery of the Government to a temporary stand still with a view to transfer its control from the hands of a handful foreigners to those of the chosen representatives of the people. The Machinery will not be destroyed; it will remain intact only it will work after a short transitory period at the bidding of the popular provisional Government and not the alien Bureaucracy. This is the bloodless and peaceful revolution that we are aiming at and God willing it will be brought about as soon as the people of India have discovered heir erea strength and will power. As long as we adhere strictly to the programme of Non-violence no power on earth can thwart us in our onward march towards our goal Non-violence is absolutely essential for the success of our movement. I am so fully convinced of our ability to establish Swaraj through non-co-operation that non-violence has become an article of faith with me and I cannot tolerate the threat of violence that some of my misguided co-religionists, sometimes indulge in.

KERALA DISTURBANCE.

The new Province of Kerala has come into great prominence—thanks to the notorious manipulation of Mr. Thomas the District Magistrate. The Malayalees—Nairs Tiyas and Moplahs are a fine manly race. The Moplahs especially have preserved the best characteristics of both the parents the Arab and the Malayalee. A century of British rule has not succeeded in destroying his manhood and his religious zeal and love of Islam has no parallel in India. The Moplah brooks no insult to his manhood or his religion and is always ready to vindicate his honour at the point of a knife which he, like a Sikh, always carries with him. He has keenly followed the fortunes of the last war and he knows the part the British Government is playing in breaking up the Turkish Empire and the Khilaphat. His resentment against the British is very intense and keen. Left to himself he would have had his revenge on the Government in his own crude and blunt manner. But the Khilaphat workers have succeeded in turning his zeal into a more peaceful channel. He was told that by following the programme of non-violent non-Co-operation he will help in ridding this country as well as all the Islamic countries containing the holy places, of Islam of foreign dominance and control and thereby restore the power and prestige of the of the Khilaphat to the rightful Turkish Khalipha. The non-violent character of our programme has been specially impressed upon him. The fact that our propaganda had succeeded to a very large extent was demonstrated when three Malayalee Patriots and myself were arrested and imprisoned in February last. In the face of great provocation the Moplah then kept his head cool. But as is usually the case with the bureaucrat Mr. Thomas thought it was his tactics and the display of force that prevented the outbreak of lawlessness in Calicut at the time of our arrest. Encouraged by this he made the fullest use of Section 144 of C. P. C., suppressed all the Khilaphat literature, prosecuted the leaders, and tried to strike terror in the hearts of people by petty acts of annoyance, tyranny and oppression. He even tried to convert the Moplah by causing new doctrines of the Khilaphat to be preached to him by hired renegade Mullas. He even attempted to arrest a high priest whom the Moplahs hold in great reverence with the help of a military force, who opened fire on the three thousand Moplahs that went to the rescue of the Musaliar. Once the blood of the Maplah is up there is no knowing what it may not lead to. The leaders of the community who have influence on the Moplahs, alone can pacify them.

Concluding, Mr. Yakub Hasan said:—I appeal to every brother and sister of mine in this province to put his or her shoulder to the wheel and strain every nerve to push it towards the goal. This is a real mass movement in which every man and woman has to take his or her part. Our ambition is high; our object is noble and our method is pure and honest and in the name of Hindu-Muslim unity I invoke God's blessings in our struggle for freedom.

G. I. P. MURDER TRIAL.

RLY. MEN EXAMINED.

(Associated Press.)

DEVLALI, Aug. 30.

When the preliminary trial of the G. I. P. Railway murder trial was resumed before Mr. Braham, Special Magistrate, Donnison one of the accused, who was escorted to the Court a little later than Morris, looked very pale and it was said he was suffering from fever. Meanwhile the Magistrate asked Morris if he had proofs of his being a British-born subject to be tried as such when he would be committed to the High Court sessions commencing on the 12th September. Morris undertook to produce necessary marriage certificates of his father and grandfather at an early date.

The first witness Manibhai Haribhai, train candidate in Victoria Terminus, gave evidence as to the composition of the train in which the pay clerk travelled on the night of the tragedy.

The next witness, Mr. Weldon, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Manmad, said that he accompanied Inspector King to Pachora and there took two photographs of the pay clerk and the carriage in which the murder was committed. Accused reserved his cross-examination.

The last witness, F. Kelly, cashier, G. I. P. Railway, then gave formal evidence as to Shantaram's departure with the money for the disbursement in Jubbulpore district.

Continuing, Mr. Kelly deposed to having signed Panchnama immediately after Donnison produced blood-stained clothes to the police. Witness also identified the cash chest despatch-box produced in the Court as having been entrusted to Shantaram on the day of his murder. Ezra Michael, a taxi-driver dedosed to having driven Davis and Donnison on the 1st August to Merewether Road when they had a suit case with them.

MOTOR ENGINEER'S EVIDENCE.

The next witness, Cecil David, a motor engineer of the Bombay Garage, deposed knew both Morris and Donnison, with the latter of whom he lived. A few days before the murder witness heard both the accused talking robbing the pay-clerk. Though Morris invited witness to join them in the affair the latter refused to do so. Morris had a motor-car which he sold for Rs. 2,000 on the 16th. Witness, Morris, and Donnison went to Green's Restaurant where Donnison handed a revolver to Morris who said it might be useful in frightening the pay-clerk. From the Green's they went to Morris' quarters at Byculla where he told Donnison he would let him know the date of their coup later. On the 18th, Donnison said he had taken leave for the next three days to join Morris in a shoot. Morris had previously arranged that Donnison should leave Bombay on the 20th July. When Donnison returned from his shoot on the 21st, witness asked him what luck he had in his shoot. Donnison told him he was drunk and knocked the shoot on the head. On the 22nd, witness read the account of the murder in the papers, whereupon he questioned Donnison about the shoot. Donnison then told witness he met Morris at Devlali. He had forgotten to bring his stick. They both boarded the carriage of the pay-clerk and Morris first hit the peon on the head when the pay-clerk got up. He was held down by Donnison and Morris hit him to death. In the struggle Morris slightly hit Donnison in the hand. Donnison added that he had addressed an insured parcel to the witness at the Garage which arrived on the 24th. When Donnison took out the clothes put them in a suit case, went to the Bunder and threw hem in the sea. On the 4th August, the police arrested Donnison and asked witness to point out the spot where the clothes were thrown, which he did. On the 31st July, Morris came to Donnison to return the revolver.

The case adjourned.

The accused Donnison having developed fever during the lunch adjournment, further hearing of the case has been arjourned till the 6th of September next.

SEQUEL TO TRAIN THEFTS.

GUARD COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

In connection with the Train Thefts on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, proceedings have been taken against some of the Guards, before Major J. E. B. Scrafton. Cantonment Magistrate, Deolali. In one case against Guard Marshall, who was charged with having broken open the luggage box of a Mrs. Canston, while travelling by the 7 Down Calcutta Mail, and having removed some property therefrom, the accused has been committed to the Nasik Sessions under section 381, I. P. C. The case was instituted in June last. Mr. Dhumal, Pleader, Nasik, assisted by Railway Prosecutor Sathe, appeared for the Prosecution and the accused was defended by Mr. P. H. Gadre, Pleader, Nasik.

The case against Messrs. C. A. Bird and Wittenbaker is still proceeding before Major Scrafton. The accused who are charged under section 381, I. P. C. are alleged to have stolen the property belonging to one Mr. Darling who was travelling by one of the trains. Mr. Bird is a Guard-Foreman at Nagpur and the other is a guard. At the time of the incident they were guards in charge of the same train. Mr. Bird is on bail. The Prosecution is being conducted by Mr. Dhumal, while the two accused are being defended by Messrs. Godhino and Gadre respectively.

DISTURBANCES AT AGRA.

WORK OF HOOLIGANS.

RINGLEADER SENT TO JAIL.

(Associated Press.)

AGRA, Aug. 29.

Two disturbances occurred recently in Agra near a theatre. Cretain subscriptions had been demanded from the theatre owner in the name of the Congress. The proprietor refused to pay except to the actual Congress Committee, and consequently a boycott was threatened. The presidents of the city and District Congress Committee have stated in writing that they were in no way responsible for the boycott.

A crowd collected near the theatre on Wednesday, prevented people from entering the theatre and the manager had to close it. The leader and instigator of the crowd was one Kidar Nath. Orders under section 107 were issued against him He was arrested on Saturday and tried yesterday, and on refusing to give security was sentence to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

On the 28th a crowd of about 2,000 men collected near the theatre and started shouting foul abuse at persons passing in carriages or *tongas*, particularly Europeans and Parsis, including ladies. There was also some stone throwing. Some one in a tonga started making a speech which collected a crowd. Immediately action was taken to clear the crowd with the assistance of police. Stones were thrown at the police and officials, and three policemen were hit. Disturbances were the work of a gang of irresponsible people who were seeking to collect money for themselves. Government officials, also some non-official gentlemen rendered valuable help to the authorities during the period of excitement.

THE JUDGMENT.

In course of his judgement in Kedar Nath's case, Mr. Syed Ainuddin, Deputy Magistrate, says "Accused, it appears, was turned from a local Congress Committee. The latter demanded from a theatrical Company, the income from the performance of one night which the Company agreed to pay, but the accused said the money should be paid to the Tilak Swaraj Fund through him which the Company did not agree to do. This enraged the accused and his party. He collected a mob of 50 or 60 men and at their head marched to the premises of the theatrical Company where he forcibly stopped people from going to see the performance."

"No administraion," the judgment adds, "can subscribe to such a dangerous principle in a free and civilised country. The accused has refused to furnish security saying he is non-co-operator but he forgets that this is a matter between him and private individuals and not between him and the Government. He is not being bound over for any political offence or for holding particular views. In the interest of the peace of the city I consider it very necessary that the accused should be bound over." Having refused to furnish security, the accused was sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

"MENACE TO PEACE OF COUNTRY."

(Continued from previous page.

thy with them in their efforts to obtain an equal status in that Colony. the development of which is largely due to them, and it trusts that the Secretary of State for India, the Colonial Secretary and the Government of India will continue their efforts to fulfil their legitimate demands.

MARTIAL LAW PRISONERS.

The President then moved the following resolution:—

(a) The Conference earnestly appeals to H. E. the Viceroy to be pleased to order the release of all the Punjab Martial Law prisoners yet in gaol at as early a date as possible, in view of the unsatisfactory conditions surrounding their trials and convictions.

(b) The Conference urges the Government of India to make the recurrence of such excesses and irregularities as marked the Martial Law Administration in the Punjab impossible in the future, by appointing a Committee of the Indian Legislature to examine the new Martial Law Manual, with instructions to make suggestions for its amendment, or, if they are satisfied of the adequacy of its provisions, to assure the public to that effect

PROHIBITION OF DRINK.

Mr. G. B. Trivedi of Thana then moved that:—

This Conference expresses its conviction that legislation should be undertaken to bring about immediately the total prohibition of drink, essential for the social, moral and industrial regeneration of the country; but at the same time it records its emphatic disapproval of the methods and aims with which the end is now being prosecuted, as calculated to loosen the forces of violence and disorder, and to defeat its very realization.

After being seconded by Mr. J. N. Mehta it was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

The Conference was then dissolved with a vote of thanks to the President.

ILL-FATED R. 38.

HALF WRECKAGE AND 3 MORE BODIES RECOVERED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.
Recd. 9 p.m., Aug. 30.

Half of the wreckage of R. 38 has up to the present been recovered and three more bodies, those of Commodore Maitland, Mr. Duffield of the National Chemical Laboratory, and an unidentified American, have been recovered.

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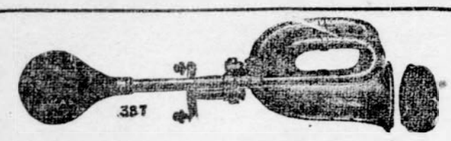

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August Price, Rs. 45-0 Nett.

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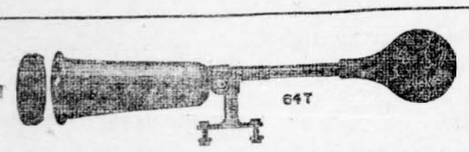

August Price, Rs. 35-0 Nett.

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No. 60.

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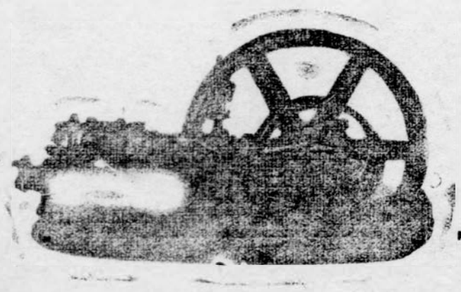

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SOCIAL EVIL.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your Editorial of To-day's issue under the heading *"Social evil"* you refer to the movement organised by the residents of Girgaum to combat this evil in 1911 and I would therefore ask the courtesy of your columns to give a short account of the result of the work done by the representative committee appointed on 16-7-1911.

Just at that time a "Sutta Bazar" had come into being in Gaiwadi the evil of drink had been spreading fast side by side with the indiscriminate letting of houses by owners to women of bad character. All these 3 sets of Social Evils were rampant and Rao Saheb A. K. Pai being the principal organiser made an excellent speech at the meeting with facts and figures and created much enthusiasm. It was a labour of love for him and as such he worked as the Secretary of the Committee and prepared a list of the owners of houses occupied by women of bad repute and it was found out that 110 houses or so were in the occupation of these women The owners were written to and as the result many owners when the occupancy terminated put up boards *"not to be let for prostitutes."*

(2) In a many cases the occupants of houses of bad repute out of regard for public opinion put up cloth curtains to the windows.

(3) It appears some of the cultured, rich and advanced members amongst them started a movement to educated their kith and kin and introduced the system of marriage and thus gradually improve their status. It is not known how this works at present.

(4) The "Sutta Bazar" in Gaiwadi died a natural death in less than a fortnight after the meeting.

(5) A deputation consisting of Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatwadkar, R. B. N. T. Vaidya, Messrs. D. G. Padhya, D. G. Dalvi and others waited upon the Commissioner of Police and he shared lip sympathy but practically did nothing.

(6) Repeated appeals were made to Government and the necessary amendments in the Police Act were prepared by eminent lawyers such as Mr. (now Sir) G. K. Parekh and others on the committee and submitted to Government but to no purpose.

(7) Questions were asked by the Hon. Messrs. Madji and Dadabhoy in the Imperial Council but nothing was done by Government of India.

If Government had shown some kind of the sympathy, then the Committee would have organised sub-committees for all the wards of the city and possibly to-day we would have been in a better position to handle the questions of prostitution and in a way drink too. Let us hope that the present Government will not treat the new organisers of the movement with want of sympathy.

The question is an important one and is be set with enormous difficulties and nothing short of amendment of the Law will improve matters.

(8) As a result of the movement in Bombay, similar movements spring up in the Madras Presidency in 1911.

(9) The Municipalities of Lahore and Hoshiarpur in Paniab bestirred themselves and resolutions were passed in Municipal Councils condemning the evil and restricting the occupation of houses by ill reputed women in their respective municipal areas.

(10) As far as I recollect Mr. Pai collected information on the subject from some of the Institutions doing similar work on the continent.—Yours, etc.

RESIDENT GIRGAM.

Aug. 24.

CONGRESS COMMISSION IN DHARWAR.

WORK ALMOST FINISHED.

(Associated Press.)

DHARWAR, Aug. 29.

The Commission appointed by the All-India Congress Committee has almost finished its work and the Commissioners will leave this place within a couple of days. The Commissioners wanted to take the statements of the accused in the Dharwar riot case but they were refused admission to jail by the Superintendent of the Dharwar jail.

C. P. CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

(Associated Press.)

RAIPUR Aug. 26.

A special sitting of C. P. (Hindi) Congress Committee commenced at Raipur on 24th and continued till 25th. Provincial budget was presented and passed after discussion. The following, among other resolutions, were adopted:—That an intensive campaign against consumption of foreign cloth and yarn be carried out not only by approaching people at their houses but in front of open market and consumers who enter any particular shop be interfered with. That the working committee be authorised to make the necessary grants and advances for encouraging and fostering handweaving.

That with a view to develop and revise the ancient hand weaving industry of Burhampur a committee consisting of Messrs. Raghavendrarao, Thacer and Siddiki be appointed to proceed to the place at once make necessary investigation and arrange for establishing systematic supply of handspun, handwoven cloth to the province.

That while congratulating the province on the successful compaign against liquor, resulting in the loss of 43 lakhs to the Government revenue the Committee directed all District Committees to carry on the compaign still more vigorously, (9) that a census of charkhas actually working, weavers handlooms and average monthly outturn of yarn be taken before 15th October.

A mass meeting of 5000 Hindus and Mussalmans of Amraoti held under the auspices of the District Khilafat Committee presided by Syed Abdul Raoof Shah passed resolutions, expressing indignation against the forfeiture of the Fatwas of Ulemas by the Delhi Government and expressing readiness to adopt whatever remedial course the Central Khilafat Committee would prescribe.

A Hyderabad (Sind) correspondent says the Matiari Firing Committee had concluded its enquiry. The Committee had to rely on the evidence of the police and others whom the police could influence The Non-cooperators refused to appear before the Committee for evidence.

RACIAL EQUALITY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We hear now a days a great deal of talk about race equality between Indians and Englishmen. A hopeful Viceroy has come out to India to establish it as an essential principle of British Rule. His utterances have raised hopes in the minds of several, that, at least in our *public* (if not private) relations with Englishmen, we Indians will be treated on terms of equality. Under these circumstances, the following extract from a letter, received by me from an Indian student who has recently gone to America, is very illuminating. I quote, for the benefit of your readers, a material portion of the letter:—

"I left my motherland on * * * and reached London on * * * without any trouble. With all previous arrangements for further passage, (from England to America) through Messrs. Thomas Cook and Co. Bombay, I had to wait in London for 12 days. This is only because I was one from India. Thomas Cook and Co., of London, frankly told me that they would not like to book an *Indian* with a *white* man. Either I must go by 1st class or the 3rd. 1st. class was not easy for me owing to its enormous expenses and the 3rd., owing to the enormous trouble at the time of landing in America. So, I had to wait (12 days) till I got another Indian passenger in the 2nd. class, a Madrasee merchant."

I am aware of such racial distinction being made by shipping companies, on the journey from Bombay to England and I was perhaps prepared to forgive them on the ground that they were on this side of Suez: for, as most England-returned Indians are aware, a great many tropical distempers, arising from the possession of undeserved and irresponsible power, take possession of the English mind on the southern side of the Suez Canal. But, if the above extract correctly states the facts, then it is clear that racial distinctions, so humiliating and derogatory to Indian self-respect, have now begun to be observed in England itself, and that too by a shipping agency patronized by so many Indian travellers. This is a circumstance of great political significance. Lately you reported in your columns an incident of the Gandhi cap frightening Messrs. Shaw Wallace and Co. and, a few days later, the B. I. S. N. Co. Public companies, depending on public support, and catering for the benefit of the public, ought, like public servants, to have no *racial* politics at all, and when such companies begin to show such colour prejudice, one begins seriously to doubt, whether our claim to equality with the Englishmen, even in our public relations, is not gradually losing ground every day. Those, who inflict such humiliation on Indian youth, have little idea that they harden for ever the youth's attitude of hostility to British Rule. Will many of the gentlemen who write to your local morning contemporary every day, pouring abuse and ridicule on Mr. Gandhi and his self-respectful teachings, ever pause to consider why this youth, whose entry into England has been soured by such extreme racial humiliation, should not, on his return to India, swell the volume of anti British feeling?

A hundred Student-Committees like Lord Lytton's will not undo the harm, which a single incident of this kind, met with at the very threshold of one's career in England, does to the fond and trustful expectations of an Indian youth. If this truth were better realised by Englishmen race arrogance would be more severely condemned than it is now. The five English rowdies, who are alleged to have danced naked in the sight of the hundred Elphinstonians the other day and, later on, assaulted some of them, had very little conception that by their infamous behaviour, they were turning for ever the hundred spectators of the disgraceful show into an attitude of confirmed bitterness against Englishmen and their rule. Lord Morley was not wrong, when he once said with great political insight, that bad manners, on the part of Englishmen in India, were a crime. We have advanced from the times when bad manners were only a crime. We are now living in times, when a single display of bad manners or race arrogance secretly manufactures scores of enemies of British Rule in this Country. —Yours, etc.

"KALKI."

Bombay, Aug. 26.

TRANSFER OF ADEN.

B. P. ASSOCIATION'S PROTEST.

The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association beg strongly to oppose the contemplated transfer of Aden from the Indian Government to the Colonial Office, as being distinctly detrimental to the interests of India and of the Indians settled in Aden and the country around Aden who have played a great part in its development and constitute over one-fourth of its population. The transfer is opposed on political, administrative, financial and strategic grounds. The Council need not dilate on these grounds as the same are more fully stated in the representation of the British Indian Colonial Merchants' Association to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General-in-Council on this subject, and which the Council entirely endorses. The Council, therefore, respectfully but strongly urge on the Government of India and the Secretary of State for India that the Civil, Military and Political administration of Aden be continued as heretofore.

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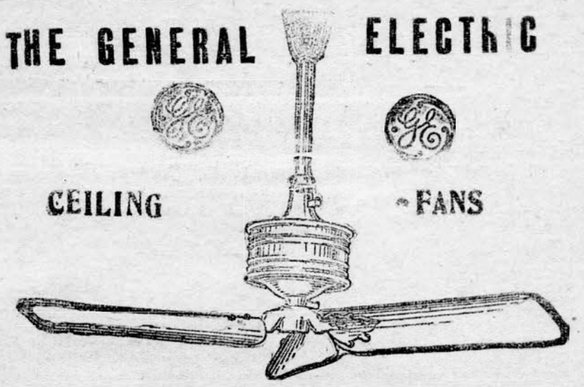

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NEWS IN BRIEF.

Rangoon Rice market is fluctuating about 620 with not much real business done. Bombay demand is reported firm.—(A. P.).

Mr. G. N. Hood, a well-known worker and renowned pleader has been bound over under section 108 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

A Calcutta message of August 29th says:—Exchange:—Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling four nine sixteenth pence and Demand bills one shilling four and nineteen thirty-two pence. (A P.).

A Madras message of August 29th says, "there has been further trouble in the mill area both last evening and this morning and police had to open fire on both occasions. The situation is under control. (A. P.).

A Punjab Government communique says:—The statement, recently made by Government that wheat, flour and atta are not being exported overseas, except in small quantities to places in the Indian Ocean, is comprehensive. Neither Government nor any unofficial agency or native firm is exporting. (A. P.).

An Agra message of August 29th states the news has just reached here of some friction between the Maharaja of Datia and his Minister and matters have, it is said, become very unpleasant.

The "Leader" criticising the administration of the Tilak Swaraj Fund says serious moral responsibility rests on Mr. Gandhi with regard to rendering to public a proper account of collection, custody and disposal of the Fund (A.P.).

Our Bhiwani correspondent wires under date August 20 that three further arrests have been made under section 124, and that repression has made Hissar and Bhiwani doubly strong. All are prepared for civil disobedience.

Mr. S. C. Joshi the Hon Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Postal Association, announces that his Association incorporating 9 Divisional Unions, has unanimously recommended the Hon. Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas for the Presidentship of the All-India Post and R. M. S. Conference to be held shortly at Lahore.

A meeting of the citizens of Songadh held under the Chairmanship of Mr. Goradia vakil on August 22 and addressed by Mr. Manilal Kothari resolved to boycott foreign cloth. The cloth merchants of Songadh took vows not to import any more more foreign cloth. The Sihor citizens passed similar resolutions.

In the Varjeevandas Madowdas Charitable Dispensary at Sion, during the month of July the total number of patients treated was 1354. Among them the number of new admissions was 311 being classified as follows: Hindus 213, Mussalmans 73 and Christians 25. The average daily attendance was 44.

The Central Provinces Provincial Khilafat Committee met on the 23rd August at Rajpur and passed a resolution expressing its gravest alarm at the action of the local Government in forfeiting the copies of "Muttafiqa" Fatwa of the Jami Atul-Ulma and the address of the Sihkahd Isalam. It exhorted the Mussalmans to maintain peace and continue with redoubled vigour their march towards Swaraj.

A public meeting was held at Simla on the 21st instant under the presidency of Lala Duni Chand of Ambala to popularise cause of Congress party and the use of khadi cloth. Mr. Stokes and others were among principal speakers. Mr. Stokes the course of his lecture dealt with the ancient position of India as a manufacturing nation, and pointed out how the East India Company had slowly killed all the old textile industries of India.

The Madras Vakil's Association while expressing the desirability of establishing a Supreme Court of Appeal in India points out Delhi to be the central place for its location. The Association further is of opinion that the court should be manned by best lawyers having Indian experience and it should not be subordinated to the Privy Council.

A Delhi Correspondent wires,—There has lately been a steady rise in price of foodstuffs especially flour, rice and other cereals Application for relief from clerical and menial servants of Government and firms are pouring in daily, and it is feared that unless speedy relief measures are forthcoming severe famine conditions might soon be expected.

At the extraordinary general meeting the Young Khoja Brotherhood held on 18th instant one of the resolutions passed was; "That this Brotherhood has learnt with deep regret and sorrow the sad and untimely death of one of the great sympathisers of this Institution Mr J. D. Bharda B. A. and resolve to put on record his numerous services to the cause of education of this city for the last 31 years. That this meeting further resolves to render their heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family and Mr. Murzban".

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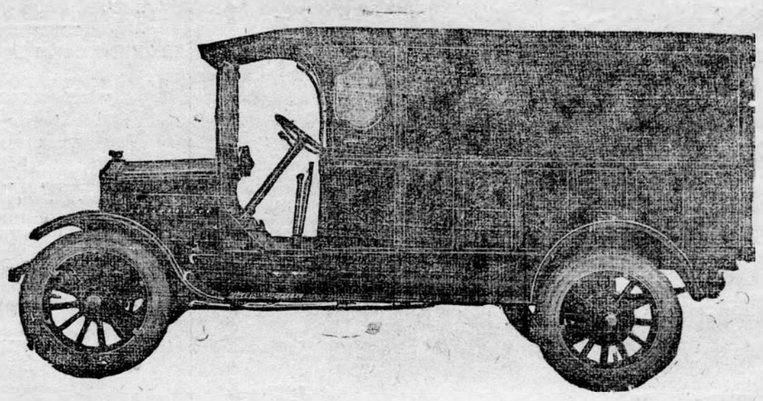

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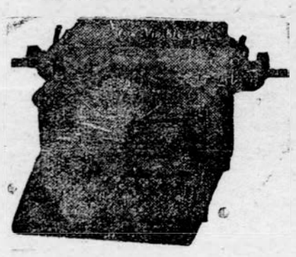

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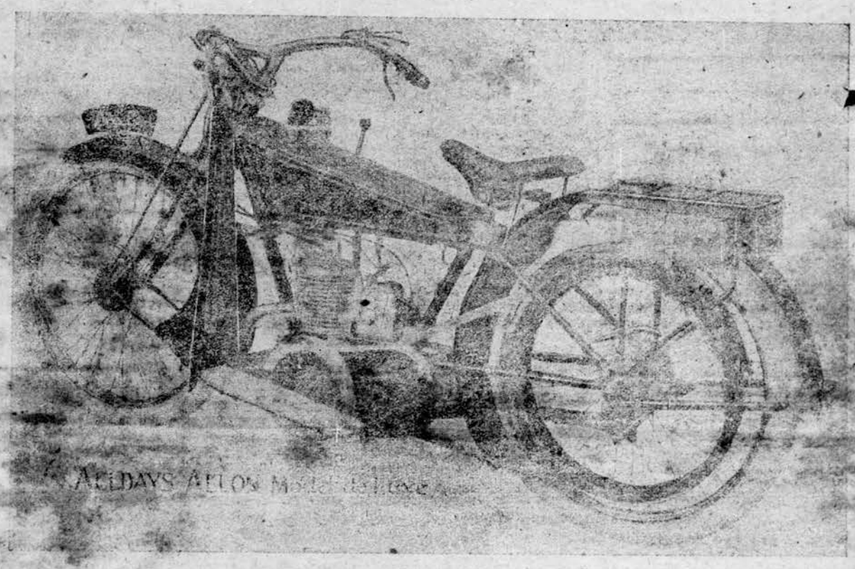

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